# MÁV MAGYAR ÁLLAMVASUTAK ZRT.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31. December 2016



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

(Free translation)

#### To the founder of MÁV Magyar Államvasutak Zrt.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of MÁV Magyar Államvasutak Zrt. ("the Company") which comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2016 (in which the balance sheet total is MHUF 1.323.997, the profit after tax is MHUF 12.035), the related income statement for the year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, which include a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2016, and of the results of its operations for the year then ended in accordance with the provisions of Act C of 2000 on Accounting ("Accounting Act"), in force in Hungary.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hungarian National Standards on Auditing ("HNSA") and with applicable laws and regulations in force in Hungary. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements" section of our report.

We are independent of the Company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Hungary. We have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Emphasis of matter**

We draw attention to the following matters in connection with the financial statements of the Company:

- 1. We draw attention to note I.5.1. which states that the financing of the Company's operations, the repayment of its loans, and the return on its assets depend on whether the owner provides the financial resources for the operation in time and whether resources from the state budget are available to the extent necessary.
- 2. We draw attention to note I.5.1. which states that in 2016 the Hungarian government and MÁV Zrt. signed a railtrack operation agreement to ensure the funding of the railtrack operation for the period between 2016 and 2025. The Company received a cost compensation amounting to HUF 69,12 billion in 2016. The reimbursement for 2016 has not been settled with the Ministry for National Development, and the amount is still subject to change.
- 3. We draw attention to note II.1.6.3.2. which states that as a result of the amendment of Act CVI of 2007 on State Property as of 28 June 2013 and the amendment of the Asset Management Agreement, as of this date, cost compensations are divided into the categories of compensation of operational costs to be accounted in profit/loss and compensation of renovation costs providing funds for capital expenditures on treasury assets.



From the compensation available the compensation used till 31 December 2016 to cover losses amounted to HUF 38.869 million (HUF 38.180 million at 31 December 2015), compensation for renovations amounted to HUF 31.810 million (HUF 25.226 million at 31 December 2015). According to the rules stipulated by the Act on the State Budget for Financial Year 2016, HUF 7.473 million representing a difference between the compensation actually used and remaining available, and the remaining compensations not used in previous periods, was recorded as a liability to the state budget (HUF million liability in 2015).

- 4. We draw attention to note II.1.1.2. which states that on 1 July 2007 the Company transferred the implementation of capital projects related to treasury assets and financed from government and EU funds to Nemzeti Infrastruktúra Fejlesztő Zrt. ("NIF Zrt)".
  - The estimated gross value of assets technically supplied and installed by NIF Zrt. but not yet legally and financially transferred by 31 December 2016 and therefore not shown in the Company's books was HUF 28.513 million (HUF 179.095 million at 31 December 2015.)
- 5. We draw attention to note II.1.1.3. which states that the ownership status of certain properties is still unresolved between the Company and its Founder. The settlement's potential effect on the assets is at present unclear, and will be subject to future agreements between the Company and its Founder. Under the amendment of Act CVI of 2007 on State Property as of 28 June 2013, settlement of ownership status of the real property cannot result in property loss for the Company.

Our opinion is not modified in respect of matters presented in points 1)-5).

#### Other Information: the Business Report

The other information comprises the business report of the Company. Management is responsible for the preparation of the business report in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Act and other relevant regulations. Our opinion on the financial statements expressed in the "Opinion" section of our report does not cover the business report.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the business report and, in doing so, consider whether the business report is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

Based on the Accounting Act, in respect of the business report, our responsibility is to read the business report and, in doing so, consider whether the business report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Act and other relevant regulations, if any.

In our opinion, the 2016 business report of the Company is consistent with the 2016 financial statements and the business report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Accounting Act.

As there is no other regulation prescribing further requirements for the business report, in respect of this, our opinion on the business report does not express the opinion required by Section (5) h) of 156 of the Accounting Act.

In addition, in light of the knowledge and understanding of the entity and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we are required to report if we have identified material misstatements in the business report, and shall give an indication of the nature of any such misstatements. We have nothing to report in this respect.



# Responsibilities of Management and those charged with governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with the Accounting Act, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with HNSAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with HNSAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that gives a true and fair view.



We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Budapest, 19 April 2017.

Barsi Éva Partner Statutory auditor Licence number: 002945

PricewaterhouseCoopers Könyvvizsgáló Kft. 1055 Budapest, Bajcsy-Zsilinszky út 78.

Licence Number: 001464

#### Translation note:

Our report has been prepared in Hungarian and in English. In all matters of interpretation of information, views or opinions, the Hungarian version of our report takes precedence over the English version. The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in jurisdictions other than Hungary.

10856417-5221-114-01 Statistical code

01-10-042272 Registration number

# MÁV HUNGARIAN STATE RAILWAYS

Private Company by Shares **H-1087 Budapest, Könyves Kálmán krt. 54-60.** 

# Balance sheet and profit & loss account

31 December 2016

Date: Budapest, 19.04.2017

Manager (representative) of the Company

Stamp

01-10-042272 Registration number

#### BALANCE SHEET Version "A" - Assets

31 December 2016 Data in million HUF

	31 December 2016	Data III I	million HUF
No.	Description	Previous year	Current year
a	b	c	e
A.	Non-current assets	1 087 447	1 241 669
I.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS	3 597	9 063
1.	Capitalised cost of foundation/restructuring	0	0
2.	Capitalised cost of development	37	37
3.	Concessions, licenses and similar rights	1 762	5 740
4.	Intellectual properties	1 798	3 286
4/a.	of which: Managed state owned intellectual property	0	0
5.	Goodwill	0	0
6.	Advances given for intangible assets	0	0
7	Revaluation of intangible assets	0	0
II.	TANGIBLE ASSETS	962 706	1 106 002
1.	Land and buildings and related property rights	761 667	867 159
1/a	of which: Managed state owned properties and related rights	704 740	813 705
2.	Plant, machinery, equipment and vehicles	171 021	209 084
2/a	of which: Managed state owned technical equipment, machinery and vehicles	76 582	118 530
3.	Other equipment, fixtures and fittings, vehicles	42	21
4.	Breeding stock	0	0
5.	Tangible assets under construction	27 128	25 778
5/a.	of which: Managed state owned capital projects	16 724	14 992
6.	Advances given for assets under construction	2 848	3 960
7	Revaluation of tangible assets	0	0
III.	LONG-TERM FINANCIAL ASSETS	121 144	126 604
1.	Long-term investments in related parties	117 858	123 341
2.	Long-term loans granted to related parties	0	0
3.	Long-term investments in undertakings with which the undertaking is linked by virtue of participating interest	806	805
	Long-term loans granted to undertakings with which the undertaking is linked by virtue of participating interest	0	0
5.	Other long-term investments	2 457	2 457
6.	Long-term loans granted to other investments	0	0
	Other long-term loans granted	23	1
	Long-term debt securities	0	0
	Revaluation of financial investments	0	0
10.	Fair value adjustment of financial investments	0	0

10856417-5221-114-01 Statistical code

01-10-042272 Registration number

#### BALANCE SHEET Version "A" - Assets

31 December 2016 Data in million HUF

	31 December 2016	Data III I	nillion HUF
No.	Description	Previous year	Current year
a	b	c	e
В.	Current assets	77 718	74 265
I.	INVENTORIES	9 528	9 728
1.	Raw materials	8 432	9 403
1/a	of which: Managed state owned raw material and consumables	2 356	2 320
2.	Work in progress and semi-finished products	4	2
2/a	of which: Managed state owned work in progress and semi-finished products	0	0
3.	Animals for breeding, fattening and other livestock	0	0
4.	Finished products	267	236
4/a.	of which: Managed state owned finished products	13	8
5.	Goods	825	87
6.	Advances given for inventories	0	0
II.	RECEIVABLES	20 883	21 038
1.	Accounts receivable	2 871	2 824
2.	Receivables from related parties	13 846	14 733
3.	Receivables from companies linked by virtue of major participating interests	45	52
4.	Receivables from other companies	2	9
5.	Notes receivable	0	0
6.	Other receivables	4 119	3 420
6/a.	of which: Managed state owned other receivables	0	0
7	Fair value adjustment of receivables	0	0
8	Positive fair value adjustment of derivatives	0	0
III.	SECURITIES	0	0
1.	Investments in related parties	0	0
2.	Investments in undertakings with which the undertaking is linked by virtue of participating interest	0	0
3.	Other investments	0	0
4.	Treasury shares and interests repurchased	0	0
5.	Marketable debt securities	0	0
6.	Fair value adjustment of securities	0	0
IV.	CASH AND BANK	47 307	43 499
1.	Cash, cheques	4	6
2.	Bank deposits	47 303	43 493
	Prepaid expenses & accrued income	12 392	8 063
1.	Accrued income	3 011	1 115
2.	Prepaid expenses	1 418	1 614
3.	Deffered expenses	7 963	5 334
	Total assets	1 177 557	1 323 997

01-10-042272

Registration number

### BALANCE SHEET Version "A" - Equity and liabilities

31 December 2016 Data in million HUF

	31 December 2010		iiiiiioii 1101
No.	Description	Previous year	Current year
a	b	С	e
D.	Equity	159 080	167 167
I.	REGISTERED CAPITAL	22 000	22 000
	of which: repurchased ownership share at nominal value	0	0
II.	REGISTERED CAPITAL NOT PAID (-)	0	0
III.	CAPITAL RESERVE	119 155	115 207
IV.	RETAINED EARNINGS	-19 449	15 680
V.	NON-DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVE	3 674	2 245
VI.	REVALUATION RESERVE	0	0
1.	Valuation reserve of adjustment	0	0
2.	Valuation reserve for mark to fair value	0	0
VII.	PROFIT / LOSS FOR THE YEAR	33 700	12 035
E.	Provisions	34 776	33 635
1.	Provisions for expected liabilities	23 942	21 616
2.	Provisions for future costs	6 450	8 893
3.	Other provisions		3 126
F.	Liabilities	950 633	1 082 752
I.	SUBORDINATED DEBT	0	0
1.	Subordinated debts to related parties	0	0
2.	Subordinated debts to undertakings with which the undertaking is linked by virtue of participating interest	0	0
3.	Subordinated debts to other investments	0	0
4.	Subordinated debts to third parties	0	0
II.	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	865 273	1 007 249
1.	Long-term borrowings	526	292
2.	Convertible bonds	0	0
3.	Bonds payable	0	0
4.	Loans received for investment and development		27 165
5.	Other long-term loans		0
6.	Long-term debts to related parties	0	0
7	Long-term debts to undertakings with which the undertaking is linked by virtue of participating interest	0	0
8	Long-term debts to other investments	0	0
9	Other long-term liabilities	827 959	979 792
9/a.	of which: Liabilities related to managed state owned assets	827 475	979 318

Statistical code

01-10-042272 Registration number

### BALANCE SHEET Version "A" - Equity and liabilities

31 December 2016 Data in million HUF

No.	Description	Previous year	Current year
a	b	с	e
III.	CURRENT LIABILITIES	85 360	75 503
1.	Short-term borrowings	686	234
1/a	of which: convertible bonds	0	0
2.	Other short-term loans	25 259	9 388
3.	Advances received from trade debtors	57	45
4.	Accounts payable	19 346	21 459
5.	Notes payable	0	0
6.	Short-term debts to reladted parties	17 353	16 133
7	Short-term debts to undertakings with which the undertaking is linked by virtue of participating interest	440	521
8	Short-term debts to other investments	21	22
9	Other current liabilities	22 198	27 701
9/a.	of which: Liabilities related to managed state owned assets	1 124	1 866
10	Fair value adjustment of liabilities	0	0
11	Negative fair value adjustment of derivatives	0	0
G.	Accrued expenses and deferred income	33 068	40 443
1.	Prepaid income	9 913	9 888
2.	Accrued expenses	1 483	2 338
3.	Deferred income	21 672	28 217

**Total equity & liabilities** 1 177 557 1 323 997

Date: Budapest, 19.04.2017

Stamp

01-10-042272

Registration number

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (total-cost method)

31 December 2016 Data in million HUF

No.	Description	Previous year	Current year
a	b	С	e
01	Net domestic sales revenue	151 274	149 706
02	Net export sales revenue	1 751	1 525
I.	Net sales revenue (01+02)	153 025	151 231
03	Changes in self produced inventories	129	-34
04	Capitalised value of self produced assets	7 260	6 298
II.	Capitalised own performance (±03+04)	7 389	6 264
III.	Other gains	123 687	115 905
	of which: impairment reversed	6	51
05	Raw materials and consumables used	18 692	19 694
06	Services purchased	49 318	46 271
07	Value of other services used	1 313	1 310
08	Cost of goods sold	35 523	30 500
09	Cost of sold (intermediated) services	1 588	1 704
IV.	Material-type expenses (05+06+07+08+09)	106 434	99 479
10.	Payroll cost	50 651	58 709
11	Other employee benefits	7 797	9 210
12.	Social security and other contributions	15 477	17 971
V.	Personnel related expenses (10+11+12)	73 925	85 890
VI.	Depreciation expense	52 110	56 080
VII.	Other expenses	18 681	23 627
	of which: impairment loss	4 740	13 119
A.	OPERATING PROFIT/LOSS (I±II±III-IV-V-VI-VII)	32 951	8 324

Statistical code

01-10-042272

Registration number

#### PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT (total-cost method)

31 December 2016 Data in million HUF

	31 December 2016	Data in n	nillion HUF
No.	Description	Previous year	Current year
a	b	с	e
13	Dividends (due) received	2 282	707
	of which: from related parties	1 428	15
14.	Disposal and other gains of equity investments	0	0
	of which: from related parties	0	0
15	Disposal and other gains of long-term financial investments		
15	(securities, loans)	0	0
	of which: from related parties	0	0
16	Other interest received (due) and similar income	516	323
	of which: from related parties	53	46
17	Other financial gains	723	381
	of which: fair value adjustment	0	0
VIII.	Financial gains (13+14+15+16+17)	3 521	1 411
18	Disposal and other losses of equity investments	0	0
	of which: to related parties	0	0
19	Disposal and other losses of long-term financial investments (securities, loans)	0	0
	of which: to related parties	0	0
20			
	Interest payable (paid) and similar charges	1 279	515
-	of which: to related parties	1 279 21	515 15
21			
	of which: to related parties	21	15
21	of which: to related parties Impairment loss of shares, securities, bank deposits	21 -732	15 -5 502
21	of which: to related parties Impairment loss of shares, securities, bank deposits Other financial losses	21 -732 2 225	15 -5 502 2 687
21 22	of which: to related parties Impairment loss of shares, securities, bank deposits Other financial losses of which: fair value adjustment	21 -732 2 225 0	15 -5 502 2 687 0
21 22 IX.	of which: to related parties Impairment loss of shares, securities, bank deposits Other financial losses of which: fair value adjustment Financial losses (18+19±20+21)	21 -732 2 225 0 2 772	15 -5 502 2 687 0 -2 300
21 22 IX. B.	of which: to related parties Impairment loss of shares, securities, bank deposits Other financial losses of which: fair value adjustment Financial losses (18+19±20+21) FINANCIAL PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX)	21 -732 2 225 0 2 772 749	15 -5 502 2 687 0 -2 300 3 711



# MÁV HUNGARIAN STATE RAILWAYS PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

# NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF 2016

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## I General disclosures

# I.1 Introduction to the Company

On the basis of Act LIII of 1992 on the management of permanent government businesses and their assets and to Act XVI of 1991 on concessions, on 30 June 1993, the Ministry for Transport, Telecommunications and Water of the Republic of Hungary, on behalf of the government as owner (Founder), established Magyar Államvasutak Részvénytársaság (hereinafter: MÁV Zrt., or the Company), as a single-owner private company limited by shares. MÁV Zrt. was created by way of transformation, and was tasked with the performance of rail passenger and goods transport activity, of which the goods transport (cargo) activity was outsourced as of 1 January 2006, and standard-gauge passenger transport was outsourced as of 1 July 2007, traction and towed vehicle maintenance were outsourced as of 1 January 2008 to separate entities, and these activities no longer form part of the Company's operations. Since 2008, the Company's main activity has been the operation of the railtrack network. With effect from 31 December 2015, MÁV Létesítményüzemeltető és Vasútőr Kft. and MÁV Tervezőintézet Kft. as well as the solely owned subsidiary of the latter, VITECO Kft., were merged into MÁV Zrt, thereby expanding the range of its activities, with the result that the company now also performs the complex management, sale and letting of properties, the performance of personal security tasks and the guarding of the properties and rolling stock.

The rules pertaining to the operations, organisation and governance system of MÁV Zrt. are set out in the Company's Articles of Association. The Company's executive body is the Board of Directors; operations are directed by the Company's Chairman and CEO.

#### Name of the Company

MÁV Hungarian State Railways Private Company Limited by Shares

#### Name of the Company in foreign languages

In English: MÁV Hungarian State Railways Private Company Limited by Shares

In French: MÁV Chemins de Fer de l'Etat Hongrois Société Anonyme privée

In German: MÁV Ungarische Staatseisenbahnen Geschlossene Aktiengesellschaft

#### **Shortened name of the Company**

MÁV Zrt.

#### In foreign languages:

In English: MÁV Co, In French: MÁV S.A. In German: MÁV AG

#### **Registered office of the Company:**

1087 Budapest, Könyves Kálmán krt. 54-60. tel.: 322-0660

#### **Website of the Company:**

www.mavcsoport.hu

#### **Founder of the Company:**

The Company's founder is the Hungarian State.

Date of foundation: 30 June 1993

### Owner of the Company:

The Company's sole owner is the Hungarian State. Between 1 January 2014 and 31 December 2017, ownership rights were exercised by the Ministry for National Development. Registered office: 1011 Budapest, Fő utca 44-50.

Based on Section 3:109 (4) of the Civil Code no general meeting is held at the Company, and decisions relating to matters that otherwise fall under the scope of authority of a general meeting are made by the Founder in writing.

Company registration number: Cg 01-10-042272

Tax number: 10856417-2-44

Statistical code: 10856417-5221-114-01

**Main activity of the Company:** 

#### **52.21** Land transport support services

The Company's activities include railway network operations, railway passenger transport and other services supporting rail transport. The substance of each activity is set out in the accounting separation policies.

Based on the contract with the government regarding the management of state assets, the state-owned assets taken into management, as well as the funding sources for these, which are stated as other long-term liabilities, are recognised in the Company's books. With respect to the management of treasury assets, MÁV Zrt's asset management practice is aimed at providing efficient and effective services on behalf of the state, protecting the condition and value of the managed assets, and increasing their value.

#### Person authorised to represent the Company:

Authorised signatory of the financial statements: Ilona Dávid, domicile: 2120 Dunakeszi, Baross Gábor utca 11.

MÁV Zrt. has engaged MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt. to coordinate and manage the tasks related to the accounting services defined in Section 150 (2) of Act C of 2000 on Accounting (hereinafter: Accounting Act), and to audit the annual financial statements and the consolidated annual financial statements.

#### Details of person responsible for bookkeeping and for preparing the financial statements:

The person responsible for the management and supervision of the accounting services and compilation of the financial statements is: Dr. Nándor Kaliczka MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt. Manager of Business Department, domicile: 1204 Budapest, Bethlen u. 11., registered chartered accountant, membership number/registration number: 189604.

#### **Information relating to the audit:**

Based on Section 155 (2) of the Accounting Act, MÁV Zrt's annual financial statements are subject to audit. The Company's auditor is PricewaterhouseCoopers Könyvvizsgáló Kft.

Person responsible for the audit: Éva Barsi (permanent address: 1163 Budapest, Tiszakömlő utca 45.), chamber membership number: 002945).

Annual fee for the audit: HUF 15 million.

#### **Share capital of the Company:**

At 31 December 2016: HUF 22,000,000,000 consisting of 2,200,000 ordinary shares of HUF 10,000 face value each.

As a result of increases in registered capital between the balance sheet date and the balance sheet preparation date – described in detail in the section entitled II.1.4.1Changes in equity

components – the Company's share capital was HUF 24,500,000,000 as at the balance sheet preparation date.

# I.2 Key elements of the accounting policy applied by the Company

#### Main features of the rules applied when compiling the financial statements

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with the rules of the Accounting Act. Bookkeeping is based on the double-entry bookkeeping method. Both are in Hungarian.

In addition to the requirements set out in the Accounting Act, the Company's accounting policy also complies with Act CLXXXIII of 2005 on Railway Transport (hereinafter: Railways Act) and with joint decree 50/2007 (IV.26.) of the Ministry of Transport and the Ministry of Finance (GKM-PM) on the accounting separation of various railway activities within railway companies (hereinafter: Decree). Pursuant to this, as a part of the notes to the annual financial statements, an annual supervisory report (see section IV) also has to be published for each separable activity performed by the Company.

At the Company, the financial year corresponds to the calendar year and the balance sheet date of the financial statements is 31 December.

The balance sheet, profit and loss account and notes to the annual financial statements specify monetary amounts in HUF million (HUF M) in line with the regulations of the Accounting Act, with the exception of the statements relating to the operation of the railway track network, which are prepared in HUF thousand (THUF) in accordance with the Decree, and the tables showing the Company's investments, which display monetary values in HUF.

The balance sheet preparation date is 24 February of the year following the reporting year.

The Company keeps a record of the incurred costs by cost type, in account class 5, and it does not perform any secondary cost centre / cost-bearer accounting in account classes 6 or 7.

The Company always capitalises the costs of establishment-restructuring and research & development, provided that the statutory conditions for doing so are met.

The Company continuously maintains records of the quantity and value of its inventories, with the exception of its inventories of live plants.

The Company defines material errors as follows in accordance with Section 3 (3) point 3 of the Accounting Act:

Errors are considered to be material if, in the year when revealed by different reviews, the total of all errors (whether negative or positive) revealed for the same financial year and the impacts thereof – increasing or decreasing the profit/loss for the year or equity – exceeds 2% of the balance sheet total of the reviewed financial year, or exceeds HUF 1 million if 2% of the balance sheet total is less than HUF 1 million.

Items relating to previous years are accounted for, in the content of continuous bookkeeping, in the same way as items from the reporting year, but are separated in terms of which period they relate to. With respect to items affecting previous years, if an audit or self-revision finds a material error or errors, then the corrections relating to the previous year or years – resulting from findings, made up to the day of preparing the balance sheet, that are not disputed or appealed, and have become legally binding – are stated in the notes to the financial statements, under each item in the balance sheet and profit and loss account, retrospectively for the 5 years preceding the reporting year, in an annual breakdown alongside the data from the previous year. Correction items relating to periods more than 5 years ago are stated in the notes to the financial

statements in aggregate with the data of 5 years ago. Items classified as material relating to previous years are reclassified under retained earnings in the monthly closing processes.

#### Definition of items of exceptional amount and occurrence

The Company defines revenues and expenses (costs) accounted for under certain headings as exceptional in every case, and presents these by title in the notes to the financial statements if they amount to HUF 10 million or more, and in terms of their nature, they originate from events with the following legal titles:

- contribution in kind (fulfilment of contribution),
- transfer/receipt without compensation,
- gift, bequest
- dissolution without legal successor,
- dissolution with legal successor (transformation, merger, demerger),
- lowering of subscribed capital by withdrawal of capital,
- waiver of claim,
- assumption of liability,
- assumption of debt,
- waiver of liability,
- permanent cash received,
- permanent cash transferred,
- services provided without compensation,
- services used without compensation,
- subsidies relating to operations received,
- subsidies for development received,
- assistance given for any purpose,
- other gains, other expenses accounted for under the following legal titles:
  - o gains from sold intangible and tangible assets
  - o reversal of the extraordinary depreciation of tangible and intangible assets
  - o reversal of impairment of inventories
  - o gain from sold receivables
  - o reversal of impairment of receivables
  - o sums received in respect of depreciated claims
  - o compensation received related to damage events
  - o default interest received
  - o penalties received
  - o release of provisions set aside for expected liabilities
  - o release of provisions set aside for future costs
  - o release of provisions set aside for unrealised foreign exchange losses
  - o release of other provisions
  - o subsidies and awards received as compensation for costs and expenses
  - o difference (gain) between the value of assets contributed to equity as stated in the articles of association, and the book value of such assets
  - o gains from assets received free of charge and from surplus assets
  - o cost of sold tangible assets, capital projects and intangible assets
  - cost of scrapped or missing tangible assets, capital projects and intangible assets
  - o extraordinary depreciation of tangible and intangible assets
  - o impairment and scrapping of inventories
  - o inventory shortage

- o impairment of receivables
- o written-off amount of non-recoverable claims
- o book value of sold receivables
- o losses related to damage events
- o late-payment penalty paid
- o damages paid
- o self-revision fee
- o taxes and similar items
- o fines and penalties
- o provisions for expected liabilities
- o provisions for future costs
- o provisions for unrealised exchange rate losses
- o other provisioning
- o difference (loss) between the value of assets contributed to equity as stated in the articles of association, and the book value of such assets
- o non-refundable housing grant to employees
- o value of assets transferred and services provided without compensation
- o waiver of receivables
- o permanent cash transferred
- o assumed liabilities

#### Definition of material value in the case of certain settlements and asset items

- For the purposes of the extraordinary depreciation of intangible and tangible assets, the difference between the book value and the fair value is deemed to be material if it exceeds 5% of the book value of the asset as at the time prior to the recognition/reversal of the impairment and amounts to at least HUF 1 million.
- For the purposes of recognising or reversing impairment on equity investments and debt securities, the difference between the book value and the fair value is classified as material regardless of whether they are recognised under financial investments or current assets if it exceeds 5% of the book value of the asset as at the time prior to the recognition/reversal of the impairment.
- The impairment to be recognised and the impairment reversed of accounts receivable outstanding at the balance sheet date and not settled by the balance sheet preparation date is considered material regardless of its value. For the purposes of recognising or reversing impairment of accounts receivable, the difference between the book value and the fair value is classified as material if it exceeds 5% of the asset's gross value and amounts to at least HUF 100 thousand.
- For the purposes of recognising or reversing impairment of purchased inventories (materials, goods), the difference between the book value and the fair value is classified as material if it exceeds 20% of the book value of the asset as at the time prior to the recognition/reversal of the impairment. For the purposes of recognising or reversing impairment of self-manufactured inventories (work in progress, semi-finished products, finished products), the difference between the book value and the expected sale price including subsidies is classified as material if it exceeds 20% of the book value of the asset as at the time prior to the recognition/reversal of the impairment.
- Also observing the provisions of Section 16 (5) of the Accounting Act (principle of costbenefit comparison), in the case of economic events occurring outside the company group that have an effect on profit, items in a net amount exceeding HUF 50 thousand are recognised as accruals on the balance sheet date. Exceptions to this are the network access

fees, which are accounted for in every case. For events related to an invoice, one item is defined as the total net value of an invoice, and for items not related to an invoice, one item is defined as the amount to be recognised on the basis of a given accounting document. In the case of economic events within the corporate group that have an effect on profit, the participants of which are companies that are fully consolidated, all accruals are recognised on the balance sheet date regardless of value.

- The principles of provisioning are stated in section II.1.5.
- For the purpose of recognising deferred incomes, every item is considered material, and is recognised against other gains or income from financial transactions, depending on the related compensated cost or expense.

#### Special rules and settlements related to managed state-owned assets

The special record-keeping and book-keeping rules relating to managed state-owned assets, in addition to the related statutory provisions, are set out in the asset management agreement concluded with Hungarian National Asset Management Inc (MNV Zrt.).

The subledger records of managed state-owned assets are kept separately, and their posting to the general ledger takes place against other long-term liabilities.

Managed state-owned assets are presented separately within liabilities:

- long-term liabilities for the financing of managed state-owned tangible assets,
- long-term liabilities for the financing of managed state-owned inventories,
- compensation liability, and
- short-term liabilities related to managed state-owned inventories (other short-term liabilities).

The valuation of managed state-owned assets on the balance sheet date takes place in accordance with the general rules.

When accounting for the extraordinary depreciation of managed state-owned assets (scrapping, shortfall and destruction), it must be examined whether accounting is based on an event attributable to MÁV Zrt.:

- If the event occurs for reasons attributable to MÁV Zrt. (including any scrapping that becomes necessary due to capital investments), depreciation must be charged to MÁV Zrt.'s profit/loss for the year, concurrently with settlement of the liability financing the related managed state-owned asset.
- If the event is not attributable, depreciation must be accounted as a decrease in the managed state-owned assets.

Attribution must be assessed on the basis of the prevailing asset management contract.

The shortfall of disassembled state-owned materials charged to profit/loss is recognised against other expenses, concurrently with settlement of the liability funding the related managed state-owned asset.

The shortfall of disassembled state-owned materials charged to profit/loss is recognised against other expenses, concurrently with a decrease of the long-term liability constituting the source of funding for the disassembled materials, and with an increase of the other short-term liability related to the managed state-owned inventories.

The provisions of the Act on State Property (Vtv.) concerning asset management were amended upon the commencement of Act CVIV of 2013 on 28 June 2013, and thus by authority of the Vtv. MÁV Zrt. has been exempt from the compensation obligation since 28 June 2013.

The special settlement rules relating to the compensation obligation are detailed in the Company's accounting policy.

#### Special rules related to asset settlement

Cash and assets are transferred against the capital reserve on the basis of a statutory provision, and thus the value of the asset settlement on the basis of Section 69/A (4) of the Railways Act, are recognised concurrently with the movement of cash or assets – up to the positive amount of the capital reserve – as a reduction in the capital reserve concurrently with the movement of cash or assets. The release of deferred income related to these assets is also recognised against the capital reserve.

#### Main rules relating to the accounting separation of railway activities within the company

Pursuant to Section 7 of the Decree, the Company has accounting separation rules as a part of its accounting policy. The of accounting separation of railway activities in respect of

- the operation of the railtrack network,
- passenger rail transport and
- other activities

is achieved through the allocation of the costs of central (company and group) management relating to the various separate activities (including the internal costs of central services used) on the basis of the staff headcount (application base).

The costs arising exclusively in connection with the management of a single separable activity are allocated to the activity in question.

The Decree requires the Company to allocate all its assets and liabilities to activities. The basis for the classification is the general ledger unit generating the transaction, or when the transaction relates to future transactions (e.g. provisioning, operational loan), the general ledger unit which likely will be affected by such future transaction. Other costs, expenses and revenues are recognised (in the general ledger), in respect of the corresponding activities, on the basis of the units performing the separable activities.

Special rules apply to internal settlements between separated activities.

In the course of compiling the statements, in the balance of divisional receivables and liabilities, the asset settlements, the classification of properties as necessary for railtrack operations (PÜSZ), not necessary for railtrack operations but necessary for railway operations (VÜSZ) and not necessary for railway operations (VÜNSZ), and in the event of a merger the appropriate amounts of subscribed capital and capital reserves of the merged companies are displayed, and the divisional receivables and liabilities recognised in excess of these are settled through the general ledger settlement accounting of the committed liquid assets.

# 1.3 Adjustment of the Accounting Policy in the reporting year

The Company adopted a new accounting policy (and, in the framework thereof, a new valuation policy) in 2015 (EVIG directive 49/2015. (XII. 11. MÁV Ért. 22.) and EVIG directive 58/2015. (XII.18. MÁV Ért.28.), the provisions of which were first applied by the Company in the business year beginning on 1 January 2016.

In addition to the adoption of the changes in the Accounting Act that took effect on 4 July 2015 – and which are first applicable in respect of the business year starting on 1 January 2016 – the valuation requirements changed in respect of the following:

- The rules for determining the impairment to be recognised on receivables changed; the new rules are presented in detail in the following section.
- The threshold set in relation to accruals changed: the threshold for generating accruals in respect of non-members of the MÁV Group rose from HUF 1 M to HUF 2 M.
- The threshold for material errors has changed: The regulations applied to date, beyond the requirements of the Accounting Act, treated the value of errors and the impacts of errors as material if their consolidated impact on the profit/loss or equity exceeded 5% of the equity of the audited year. The Company does not apply this supplementary rule with effect from 2016.

The changes to the valuation requirements detailed above have no material impact on the Company's assets and liabilities, financial position and profit/loss.

# I.4 The valuation procedures applied by the Company

#### **Common rules of valuation**

When recognising assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency, the Company applies the official exchange rate of the National Bank of Hungary for the purpose of translating the amounts into forint.

For financial instruments, the Company does not apply the fair value method set out in Section 59/A-F of the Accounting Act.

#### Valuation procedures applied in respect of non-current assets

Depreciation of non-current assets is recognised monthly based on the gross value, on a straight-line basis over the expected useful life of the asset, calculated with respect to calendar days.

Under the Company's accounting policy, the residual value is classified as material if its value is expected to exceed 10% of the original acquisition cost of the asset and amounts to at least HUF 1 million. The residual value is always material if its expected amount exceeds HUF 10 million.

Tangibles and intangibles with an individual acquisition cost below HUF 100 000 are immediately expensed upon commissioning, except for properties and related property rights.

In relation to unbilled non-current asset and inventory acquisitions, the difference between the acquisition cost identified based on documents and the actual (invoice based) value may significantly adjust the acquisition cost of the asset if this difference exceeds 2% of the acquisition cost determined in advance, or HUF 20 million. All items recognised in connection with the capital projects managed by NIF Zrt are classified as adjusting items.

The Company does not use the option of recognising revaluation as provided in Section 58(5) of the Accounting Act.

#### Valuation procedures applied in respect of current assets

The Company determines the acquisition cost of its self-manufactured inventories by retrospective calculation. Inventories held in warehouses, and any changes thereto, are carried at weighed average cost (standard cost). The standard cost used is the weighted average of the opening balance of inventories and monthly additions of the relevant article supported by invoices.

Where it is uncertain whether inventories will be utilised (obsolete, slow-moving inventories), the following percentage rate of write down is determined on the basis of the retrospective utilisation data going back for 5 years, taking into account the expected turnover period:

Estimated turnover period	Rate of impairment
Within 1 year	0%
Within 3 year	20%
Within 5 years	50%
More than 5 years	90%

The amount of impairment and reversal to be recognised on the receivables is determined in accordance with the following:

100% impairment loss is recognised on all of our claims outstanding against the debtor if the debtor is under liquidation proceedings, voluntary liquidation proceedings or bankruptcy proceedings.

For all other debtors we perform the rating on the basis of average aging. For this, with respect to every debtor we determine the weighted average maturity of the claims outstanding against the debtor (average aging): the debtor's balances in all the receivables categories (not overdue, 1-30, 31-60, 61-90, 91-180 and 181-365 days overdue, and more than 366 days overdue) are multiplied by the first day of the category (in the case of non-overdue receivables, by zero), then the sumproduct thus obtained is divided by the total receivable.

Based on the average aging, we recognise the following rate of impairment on the all the debtor's receivables:

Average aging	Rate of impairment
1-30	0%
31-60	10%
61-90	25%
91-180	50%
181-365	75%
366+	100%

The amount of impairment and reversal to be recognised on receivables from related parties is determined in accordance with the following:

100% impairment is recognised on all of our claims outstanding against the debtor if the debtor is under liquidation proceedings, voluntary liquidation proceedings or bankruptcy proceedings.

In all other cases we determine the percentage rate of impairment and reversal to be recognised on all our outstanding receivables from the debtor on the basis of the debtor's individual rating, with the proviso that we do not recognise impairment on outstanding receivables from partners that are members of the MÁV group.

The amount of impairment and reversal to be recognised on other is determined on the basis of an individual assessment.

We do not recognise impairment on receivables collected by the balance sheet preparation date.

If information or documents available upon the balance sheet preparation enable a more exact approximation of the expected recoverable value of the receivable than described in the foregoing, the amount of impairment and reversal to be recognised must be determined individually.

The Company recognises decreases of foreign exchange and foreign currency stocks based on the current average exchange rate of the foreign currency or foreign exchange concerned.

# I.5 Main information and changes affecting the Company's activity

# I.5.1 Government involvement in MÁV Zrt.'s operations

On 21 December 2015, the State of Hungary and MÁV Zrt. signed a public service contract relating to the operation of the railtrack network in respect of the period between 2016 and 2025. Based on this contract, the funding of the operation of the railtrack network is now assured in the long term.

Pursuant to the annual budget clause relating to 2016, in the reporting year HUF 44,030 million operating and HUF 25,091 million renovation costs reimbursement was disbursed to MÁV Zrt, and the utilisation of these funds is presented in the section entitled II.1.6.3.2 Other short-term liabilities.

According to Chapter XVII, title 21, heading 1, subheadings 5, 6 and 8 of Act XC of 2016 on the Central Budget of Hungary for the year 2017, the State of Hungary has budgeted HUF 74,805 million to cover the justified costs of operating the rail network, and of this amount HUF 69,744 million is received by MÁV Zrt.

# 1.6 The obligation to prepare consolidated financial statements

On the basis of Section 10 (1) of the Accounting Act, MÁV Zrt. is obliged to prepare consolidated financial statements and a consolidated report on business operations, because it is classified as a parent company as defined in Section 3 (2) 1. of the Accounting Act, and is not exempt from the obligation to prepare consolidated financial statements under either Section 116 or Section 117 thereof.

The consolidated statement of the MÁV Group is available on the Company's website: www.mavcsoport.hu.

# Il Specific disclosures

#### II.1 Notes to the balance sheet

The Company compiles a type "A" balance sheet in accordance with Schedule 1 of the Accounting Act. In view of the special nature of its activity and the weight of managed state-owned assets, the balance sheet template defined in the Accounting Act is supplemented with the following detail lines, which show the value of managed state-owned assets and liabilities within the individual balance sheet items:

- The line item "A/I. Intangible assets", "3. Intangible property rights", is extended to include the subcategory "of which: managed state-owned property rights".
- The line item "A/I. Intangible assets" "4. Trade-marks, patents and similar assets" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: managed state owned trade-marks, patents and similar assets".
- The line item "A/II. Tangible assets" "1. Land and buildings and related property rights" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: managed state owned properties and related rights".
- The line item "A/II. Tangible assets" "2. Plant, machinery, equipment and vehicles" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: managed state owned technical equipment, machinery and vehicles".
- The line item "A/II. Tangible assets" "5. Assets in the course of construction" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: managed state owned capital projects".
- The line item "B/I. Inventories" "1. Raw materials and consumables" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: managed state owned raw materials and consumables".
- The line item "B/I. Inventories" "2. Work in progress and semi-finished products" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: managed state owned work in progress and semi-finished products".
- The line item "B/I. Inventories" "4. Finished products" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: managed state owned finished products".
- The line item "B/II. Other receivables" "6. Other receivables" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: receivables related to managed state owned assets".
- The line item "F/II. Long-term liabilities" "9. Other long-term liabilities" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: liabilities related to managed state-owned assets".
- The line item "F/III. Short-term liabilities" "9. Other short-term liabilities" is extended to include the subcategory "of which: liabilities related to managed state-owned assets".

Apart from the above, the Company does not omit or merge any line items in the balance sheet template specified by law.

The evaluation procedures applied to individual balance sheet items are not different from those applied in the previous business year.

### II.1.1 Non-current assets

### II.1.1.1 Movements in intangible assets

The gross and net values of intangible assets are presented in the table below:

Figures in MHUF

	Description	Capitalised value of foundation/re structuring	Capitalised value of R&D	Intangible property rights	Intellectual properties	Goodwill	Advances given for intangible assets	Total
1.	Gross value, opening balance	0	41	5 388	14 321	0	0	19 750
2.	Advances given for acquisition and renovation (+)			1 399	2 292			3 691
3.	Self-produced inventories (+)							0
4.	Assets received free of charge (+)							0
5.	Assets received (in return for receivables or ownership share)	(+)						0
6.	Asset management of projects carried out by NIF Zrt. / NISZ Zrt.			2 848				2 848
7.	Count surplus (+)							0
8.	Increase from contribution in kind (+)							0
9.	Increase due to merger (+)							0
10.	Disposal (-)			-2	-1			-3
11.	Transferred free of charge (-)							0
12.	Scrapped (-)		-3	-268	-298			-569
13.	Missing (-)				-1			-1
14.	Destroyed (-)							0
15.	Provided as contribution in kind (-)							0
16.	Reclassification (division or consolidation, offsetting of advance) (+/-)			294	-290			4
17	Gross value, closing balance	0	38	9 659	16 023	0	0	25 720
18	Depreciation, opening balance	0	4	3 626	12 523	0	0	16 153
19.	Ordinary depreciation in reporting year (+)			414	518			932
20.	Extraordinary depreciation in the reporting year (+)			152				152
21.	Extraordinary depreciation reversed (-)							0
22.	Disposal (-)			-2				-2
23.	Transferred free of charge (-)							0
24.	Scrapped (-)		-3	-268	-298			-569
25.	Missing (-)			-3	-6			-9
26.	Destroyed (-)							0
27.	Provided as contribution in kind (-)							0
28.	Reclassification (division or consolidation) (+/-)							0
29.	Depreciation, closing balance	0	1	3 919	12 737	0	0	16 657
30.	Net value of opening balance	0	37	1 762	1 798	0	0	3 597
31.	Net value of closing balance	0	37	5 740	3 286	0	0	9 063

Table 1: Movements in intangible assets in the reporting year

In 2016 the legal and financial acceptance of intangible assets took place in a total amount of HUF 2,848 million in connection with capital investments implemented by NISZ Zrt.

# II.1.1.2 Changes in managed state-owned intangible assets

Figures in MHUF

	Description	Capitalised value of foundation/restructu ring	Capitalised value of R&D	Intangible property rights	Intellectual properties	Goodwill	Advances given for intangible assets	Total
1.	Gross value, opening balance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2.	Advances given for acquisition and renovation (+)			135				135
3.	Self-produced inventories (+)							0
4.	Assets received free of charge (+)							0
5.	Assets received (in return for receivables or ownership share) (+)							0
6.	Asset management of projects carried out by NIF Zrt. / NISZ Zrt.			2 848				2 848
7.	Count surplus (+)							0
8.	Increase from contribution in kind (+)							0
9.	Increase due to merger (+)							0
10.	Disposal (-)							0
11.	Transferred free of charge (-)							0
12.	Scrapped (-)							0
13.	Missing (-)							0
14.	Destroyed (-)							0
15.	Provided as contribution in kind (-)							0
16.	Reclassification (division or consolidation, offsetting of advance) (+/-)							0
17	Gross value, closing balance	0	0	2 983	0	0	0	2 983
18	Depreciation, opening balance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
19.	Ordinary depreciation in reporting year (+)			156				156
20.	Extraordinary depreciation in the reporting year (+)			152				152
21.	Extraordinary depreciation reversed (-)							0
22.	Disposal (-)							0
23.	Transferred free of charge (-)							0
24.	Scrapped (-)							0
25.	Missing (-)							0
26.	Destroyed (-)							0
27.	Provided as contribution in kind (-)							0
28.	Reclassification (division or consolidation) (+/-)							0
29.	Depreciation, closing balance	0	0	308	0	0	0	308
30.	Net value of opening balance	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
31.	Net value of closing balance	0	0	2 675	0	0	0	2 675

Table 2: Changes in managed state-owned intangible assets in the reporting year

#### II.1.1.3 Changes in tangible assets

The changes in the net value of tangible assets in 2016 are shown in the following table:

Figures in MHUF

	Description		Technical equipment,	Other equipment, fittings,	Breeding	Capital projects,	Advances given for	Total
			machinery, vehicles	fixtures and vehicles	stock	renovations	capital projects	Total
1.	Gross value, opening balance	1 091 982	353 002	1 047	0	28 061	2 848	1 476 940
2.	Acquisition and renovation (+)					33 164	1 112	34 276
3.	Assets received free of charge (+)							0
4.	Assets received (in return for receivables or ownership share) (-	+)						0
5.	Count surplus (+)	73	3					76
6.	Increase from contribution in kind (+)							0
7.	Asset management of projects carried out by NIF Zrt. / NISZ Zrt.					177 929		177 929
8.	Capitalisation of projects carried out by NIF Zrt. / NISZ Zrt.	127 348	50 039			-177 387		0
9.	Assets taken into management	4 020						4 020
10.	Increase due to asset settlement (+)							0
11.	Increase due to merger (+)							0
12.	Disposal (-)	-1 322	-179	-11				-1 512
13.	Transferred free of charge (-)		-2					-2
14.	Scrapped (-)	-3 744	-2 288	-94				-6 126
15.	Missing (-)	-31	-238	-33		-279		-581
16.	Destroyed (-)							0
17.	Provided as contribution in kind (-)							0
18.	Decrease due to asset settlement (-)	-4 791						-4 791
19.	Relinquished asset management rights (-)	-39						-39
20.	Commissioning (+/-)	27 811	7 230			-35 041		0
21.	Reclassification (division or consolidation, offsetting of advance	-58	55	-1				-4
22.	Gross value, closing balance	1 241 249	407 622	908	0	26 447	3 960	1 680 186
23.	Depreciation, opening balance	330 315	181 981	1 005	0	933	0	514 234
	Ordinary depreciation in reporting year (+)	39 976	15 151	21				55 148
	Extraordinary depreciation in reporting year (+)	8 389	3 917			2		12 308
	Extraordinary depreciation reversed (-)					-7		-7
27.	Count surplus (+)							0
28.	Taken into management (+)							0
29.	Disposal (-)	-445	-163	-12				-620
_	Transferred free of charge (-)		-2					-2
	Scrapped (-)	-3 392	-2 087	-94				-5 573
32.	Missing (-)	-25	-238	-32		-259		-554
33.	Destroyed (-)							0
34.	Provided as contribution in kind (-)							0
35.	Decrease due to asset settlement (-)	-750						-750
36.	Relinquished asset management rights (-)							0
37.	Reclassification (division or consolidation) (+/-)	22	-21	-1				0
38.	Depreciation, closing balance	374 090	198 538	887	0	669	0	574 184
39.	Net value of opening balance	761 667	171 021	42	0	27 128	2 848	962 706
	Net value of closing balance	867 159	209 084	21	0	25 778	3 960	1 106 002

Table 3: Movements in intangible assets in the reporting year

The ownership status of some of MÁV Zrt's properties has not been resolved between the Company and its Founder since the foundation of the Company. In order to clarify the ownership status of its property portfolio, MÁV Zrt. has launched a robust project that involves significant resources. As a result of this project, more progress was made in 2016 towards resolving the discrepancies between the actual status of MÁV Zrt's land property assets and their status at the land registry office.

In 2016 the asset settlement of HUF 24 million in assets not serving railway operation (VÜNSZ) and HUF 4,016 million in assets serving railway operation (VÜSZ) took place. The impact of the asset settlements is shown in Table 82 and Table 98.

Of the capital investments implemented by NIF Zrt. in 2016, the legal and financial acceptance of 10 projects in a value of HUF 170,258 million, and of the capital investments implemented by NISZ Zrt., the legal and financial acceptance of tangible assets and work in progress totalling HUF 7,671 million in value took place. Of the assets taken over from NISZ Zrt., assets totalling HUF 542 million were not commissioned.

# II.1.1.4 Change in managed state-owned tangible assets

Figures in MHUF

						riguics	III MIHUF
	Description	Land and buildings and related protpery rights	Technical equipment, machinery, vehicles	Other equipment, fittings, fixtures and vehicles	Breeding stock	Capital projects, renovations	Total
1.	Gross value, opening balance	1 018 544	163 124	0	0	17 378	1 199 046
2.	Advances given for acquisition and renovation (+)					27 329	27 329
3.	Assets received free of charge (+)						0
4.	Assets received (in return for receivables or ownersh	nip share) (+)					0
5.	Count surplus (+)	73					73
6.	Increase from contribution in kind (+)						0
7.	Asset management of projects carried out by NIF Zrt. / NISZ Zrt.					177 929	177 929
8.	Capitalisation of projects carried out by NIF Zrt. / NISZ Zrt.	127 348	50 039			-177 387	0
9.	Taken into management (+)	4 020					4 020
10.	Increase due to asset settlement (+)						0
11.	Disposal (-)						0
12.	Transferred free of charge (-)						0
13.	Scrapped (-)	-3 713	-1 925				-5 638
14.	Missing (-)	-13					-13
15.	Destroyed (-)						0
16.	Provided as contribution in kind (-)						0
17.	Decrease due to asset settlement (-)						0
18.	Waiver of asset management rights (-)	-39					-39
19.	Commissioning (+/-)	25 402	4 206			-29 608	0
20.	Reclassification (division or consolidation, offsetting of advance) (+/-)	-105	105				0
21.	Gross value, closing balance	1 171 517	215 549	0	0	15 641	1 402 707
22.	Depreciation, opening balance	313 804	86 542	0	0	654	401 000
23.	Ordinary depreciation in reporting year (+)	39 021	8 283				47 304
24.	Extraordinary depreciation in reporting year (+)	8 371	3 914				12 285
25.	Extraordinary depreciation reversed (-)					-5	-5
26.	Count surplus (+)						0
27.	Taken into management (+)						0
28.	Disposal (-)						0
29.	Transferred free of charge (-)						0
30.	Scrapped (-)	-3 367	-1 724				-5 091
31.	Missing (-)	-13					-13
32.	Destroyed (-)						0
33.	Provided as contribution in kind (-)						0
34.	Decrease due to asset settlement (-)						0
35.	Relinquished asset management rights (-)						0
36.	Reclassification (division or consolidation) (+/-)	-4	4				0
<i>37</i> .	Depreciation, closing balance	357 812	97 019	0	0	649	455 480
<i>38</i> .	Net value of opening balance	704 740	76 582	0	0	16 724	798 046
39.	Net value of closing balance	813 705	118 530	0	0	14 992	947 227

Table 4: Changes in managed state-owned tangible assets in the reporting year

Figures in MHUF

Main category	Gross value	Net value
Land	24,413	24,413
Buildings	46,089	43,382
Structures	1,100,389	745,475
Asset rights on real property	626	435
Machinery, equipment, vehicles	215,549	118,530
Intangible assets	2,983	2,675
Construction in progress	15,641	14,992
Grand total:	1,405,690	949,902

Table 5: Managed state-owned assets by main category

Figures in MHUF

Main category	Gross value	Net value
Land	3	3
Buildings	31,511	25,868
Structures	14,131	7,502
Asset rights on real property	1,261	477
Machinery, equipment, vehicles	34,259	11,076
Intangible assets	22,193	6,388
Construction in progress	10,781	10,764
Grand total:	114,139	62,078

Table 6: MÁV Zrt-owned assets necessary for railtrack operation, by main category

# II.1.1.5 Change in capital projects

Figures in MHUF

Tigules ill MITO					
Item	Ongoing investment				
	2015	2016			
Opening	19 691	27 128			
Additions in the reporting year (+)	133 706	210 551			
Self-produced inventories (+)	0	0			
Increase due to merger (+)	0	0			
Commissioning following takeover of	-83 126	-177 387			
capital projects implemented by					
NIF/NISZ Zrt. (-)					
Of various capital projects implemented by	0	542			
NIF/NISZ Zrt. and taken over in the reporting					
year, unfinished capital projects (WIP) as at					
balance sheet date (+)					
Other commissioning (-)	-43 157	-35 041			
Extraordinary depreciation (-)	-2	-2			
Extraordinary depreciation reversed (+)	6	7			
Other increase (+)	0				
Disposal (-)	0				
Missing (-)	0	-20			
Assets received free of charge	0	0			
Other decrease (-)	10	0			
Closing	27 128	25 778			

Table 7: Capital expenditures

# II.1.1.6 Impact of the settlement of depreciation in the reporting year

Figures in MHUF

	Depreciation						
Item	Total gross value	Ordinary	Extraordinary	As per the Accounting Act, total	According to CT		
Land	37 054		0	0			
Real estate properties (less land)	1 204 195	39 976	8 389	48 365	41 694		
Technical machinery, equipment	407 622	15 151	3 917	19 068	21 769		
Other machinery and equipment	908	21	0	21	15		
Capital investments	26 447		2	2			
Total tangible assets: (Without advances given for capital projects)	1 676 226	55 148	12 308	67 456	63 477		
Foundation, restructuring	0	0	0	0	-		
Research and development	38	0	0	0	-		
Intangible property rights	9 659	414	152	566	424		
Intellectual properties	16 023	518	0	518	505		
Goodwill	0	0	0	0	-		
Intangible assets in total:	25 720	932	152	1 084	929		
Grand total (before advances for capital projects):	1 701 946	56 080	12 460	68 540	64 406		

Table 8: Depreciation of tangible and intangible assets for accounting purposes and for corporate tax (CT) purposes

## II.1.1.7 Transfers and receipts of intangible and tangible assets without compensation

The transfers and receipts of intangible and tangible assets without compensation in 2016 are presented in the table below:

	rigules ill willor
S	received free of
	charge

Item	Trans	ferred free of charge	Assets received free of charge
	Gross	Accumulated depreciation	Gross
Intangible assets	0	0	0
Tangible assets	2	2	0
Capital investments	0	0	0
Total:	2	2	0

Table 9: Transfers and receipts of tangible and intangible assets without compensation

### II.1.1.8 Managed state-owned assets

Tangible assets owned by the state and managed by the Company are carried separately in MÁV Zrt.'s books.

The cumulative development of managed state-owned tangible assets, and the related liabilities, is presented in the tables below.

Figures in MHUF

		FI	gures in MHUF
Item	2015	2016	Change in 2016
Intangible assets in total:	0	2 675	2 675
Land, total	22 671	24 413	1 742
Buildings, total	35 663	43 382	7 719
Structures, total	645 925	745 475	99 550
Asset rights on real property	481	435	-46
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, total	76 582	118 530	41 948
Capital WIP related to managed assets	16 724	14 992	-1 732
Managed state-owned tangible assets, total:	798 046	949 902	151 856
Managed treasury materials (from disassembly of assets)	2 350	2 318	-32
Expected value, at year end, of materials from managed state-owned tangible assets to be	6	2	-4
disassembled	<u> </u>		
Managed treasury finished products, WIP	13	8	-5
Managed state-owned inventories, total:	2 369	2 328	-41
Managed state-owned assets, total:	800 416	952 230	151 814
Long-term liabilities, opening at 30 September 2001, upon signing the asset	275 578	275 578	0
management contract			
Asset management of projects carried out by NIF Zrt.	451 732	632 508	180 776
Of which - State and EU funds	449 248	630 024	180 776
- Own funds	1 645	1 645	0
- Other (local government) funds	299	299	0
- Funds provided by NIF	540	540	0
Assets taken into management	15 089	15 089	0
Assets taken into management due to asset settlement	52 907	56 927	4 020
Capital projects and renovations carried out from renovation cost reimbursements and the			
residuals thereof	65 491	90 938	25 447
Investment, renovation from EU funds/other budgetary resources	173 851	175 595	1 744
Acquisition from own funds	153 729	153 737	8
Investment realised from funds received from alien parties	7 521	7 516	-5
Surplus state-owned assets:	1 797	1 870	73
Net value of assets taken over from MÁV Zrt.	19	19	0
Use of managed state-owned inventories to produce managed state-owned tangible assets	1 070	1 340	270
Origin of increase in managed state-owned tangible assets, total:	923 206	1 135 539	212 333
Increase in materials from disassembly of assets in the reporting year	3 621	4 015	394
Origin of increase in managed state-owned inventories, total:	3 621	4 015	394
Origin of increase in managed state-owned assets, total:	926 827	1 139 554	212 727
Ordinary depreciation	310 288	357 748	47 460
Extraordinary depreciation and reversal	53 162	65 594	12 432
	53 162		
Sale	16 979	57	0
Scrapping Minima		17 525	546
Missing	2 108	2 108	0
Destroyed Transformation of allows	1.656	1.656	0
Transferred free of charge	1 656	1 656	
Net value of state-owned assets transferred to MÁV Zrt.	1 819	1 819	0
Settlement of managed state-owned land	8 970	8 970	0
Waiver of asset management rights	5 692	5 731	39
Settlement, in the reporting year, of shortage related to managed assets, written off in previous year	0	0	0
Settlement of extraordinary depreciation recognised in the previous year	0	0	0
Origin of decrease in managed state-owned tangible assets, total:	400 735	461 212	60 477
Use of managed state-owned inventories:	1 230	1 595	366
Sale of managed state-owned inventories:	24	95	70
	1 254	1 690	436
Origin of decrease in managed state-owned inventories, total:	1 254	1 0/0	
Origin of decrease in managed state-owned inventories, total:  Origin of decrease in managed state-owned assets, total:	401 989	462 902	60 913

Table 10: Managed state-owned assets and the related balance sheet liabilities

The details of movements in managed state-owned assets in the reporting year and in the base year are presented in the following table:

Figures in MHUF

Movements in managed state-owned assets	2015	2016	Change
Opening net value of managed state-owned assets	719,782	800,416	80,634
Asset management of projects carried out by NIF Zrt.	83,126	180,776	97,650
Of which - State and EU funds	83,126	180,776	97,650
Investment, renovation from government funds (reimbursement for renovation)	23,059	25,447	2,388
Other assets taken into management	0	0	0
Taking into asset management in relation to asset settlement	0	4,020	4,020
Managed state-owned assets procured from government subsidy	21,951	1,744	-20,207
Managed state-owned assets procured from own funds	12	8	-4
Treasury capital projects/renovations implemented from liquid assets received for development from third parties	5	-5	-10
Use of materials from disassembly of treasury assets to produce managed assets	240	270	30
Settlement of funds related to previous years	3	0	-3
Managed state-owned assets identified as surplus	270	73	-197
Increase of managed state-owned tangible assets, total	128,666	212,333	83,667
Increase in materials from disassembly of assets in the reporting year	651	394	-257
Increase in managed state-owned inventories, total	651	394	-257
Increase of managed state-owned assets, total:	129,317	212,727	83,410
Ordinary depreciation of assets in the reporting year	-43,702	-47,460	-3,758
Extraordinary depreciation and reversal in the reporting year	-4,272	-12,432	-8,160
Scrapping	-386	-546	-160
Missing, destroyed	-11	0	11
Settlement of managed state-owned lands	0	0	0
Relinquishment of management right in respect of managed assets	-94	-39	55
Decrease in managed state-owned tangible assets, total	-48,466	-60,477	-12,011
Materials from the disassembly of treasury assets used	-193	-366	-173
Sale in the reporting year of materials from the disassembly of treasury assets	-24	-70	-46
Decrease in managed state-owned inventories, total	-217	-436	-219
Decrease in managed state-owned assets, total	-48,683	-60,913	-12,230
Closing balance of managed state-owned assets	800,416	952,230	151,814

Table 11: Changes in managed state-owned assets in the reporting year and in the base year

The utilisation of subsidies granted for development purposes is presented in the following table:

Use of subsidies received for the renevation/investment of managed stat	o ownod agget		s in MHU
Use of subsidies received for the renovation/investment of managed stat  Title of grants	2015	2016	change
Use of reimbursement for renovation related to managed state-owned assets	23 120	21 242	-1 878
of which: reconstruction of assets	23 059	20 371	-2 687
Advances on assets	0	827	827
Preliminary financing of assets	0	0	0
Value-added activities of assets	62	44	-18
Reporting-year adjustment of the compensation liability for previous years	0	0	0
Use of the reimbursement residual	0	5 076	5 076
Refurbishment of railway bridges and steel structures (Bridge project)	217	0	-217
Development of Budapest-Belgrade railtrack	644	61	-583
Development of public transport in the Balaton region project (DDOP progr.)	53	4	-48
Development of public transport in Keszthely and in the Zalakaros micro-region (NYDOP progr.)	4	0	-4
KÖZOP grants for the implementation of MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects (15%)	680	-1	-681
KÖZOP grants MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects (preparatory project) (15%)	0	0	0
Electrification of railway line 2 Rákosrendező-Esztergom (KÖZOP) (domestic part)	273	1	-273
KÖZOP subsidy for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer"			
service development programme at 26 locations" (15%) (domestic part)	95	6	-89
"Preparation and implementation of bridge renovation project on MÁVZn's network" (KÖZOP)(domestic part - 15%)	0	0	0
Renovation of right track Nagyút-Mezőkeresztes-Mezőnyárád (KÖZOP) (domestic part 15%)	2 085	24	-2 061
IKOP preparatory project for 2014-2020 (15%)	1	-1	-2
Improvement of public transport in Balatonfüred (15%)	6	0	-6
Studies for the development of priority project no. 22 (TEN-T project) (50%)	31	0	-31
IKOP grants "MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects" (IKOP, domestic part 15%)	1	22	21
IKOP grants for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer			
service development programme at 26 locations" (IKOP domestic part, 15%)	0	31	31
Renovation of right track Nagyút-Mezőkeresztes-Mezőnyárád (IKOP, domestic part 15%)	0	0	- 0
Refurbishment of railway bridges and steel structures (ZE140001)	0	339	339
Service level improvement on railtrack no. 80	0	314	314
Use of central subsidies, total:	27 210	27 117	-93
KÖZOP subsidy for the implementation of MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects (85%)	3 849	-8	-3 856
KÖZOP subsidy for the implementation of MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects (preparatory project)			
(85%)	-4	4	9
KÖZOP subsidy for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer service development programme at 26 locations" (ERFA/KA 85%)	538	33	-505
Electrification of railway line 2 Rákosrendező-Esztergom (KÖZOP) (ERFA - 85%)	1 550	4	-1 545
"Preparation and implementation of bridge renovation project on MÁV Zrt's network" (KÖZOP)	1 330	4	-1 343
(ERFA - 85%)	0	0	0
Renovation of right track Nagyút-Mezőkeresztes-Mezőnyárád (KÖZOP)(ERFA - 85%)	11 781	137	-11 644
Improvement of public transport in Balatonfüred (85%)	33	0	-33
Development of public transport in the Balaton region project (DDOP progr.)	298	25	-272
Improvement of Communal Transportation conditions in Sárvár and the surrounding settlements			
(NYDOP progr.)	38	0	-38
Development of the conditions of the public transport system in the West Transdanubian region - NYDOP Celldömölk - ERFA grants	68	0	-68
Development of public transport in Keszthely and in the Zalakaros micro-region (NYDOP progr.), ERFA subs.	34	0	-34
IKOP preparatory project for 2014-2020 (85%)	5	-5	-10
Studies for the development of priority project no. 22 (TEN-T) (50%)	31	0	-31
Establishing P+R and B+R parking facilities in Gödöllő	0	0	0
Reinforcement of the Balatonkenese - Balatonakarattya elevated shore wall (Reducing the danger of	289	7	-282
collapse and slippage of the shore walls) (KDOP progr.)			
IKOP grants for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects" (IKOP, KA 85%)	5	122	116
IKOP grants for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer service development programme at 26 locations" (IKOP, KA 85%)	0	176	176
Use of EU grants in total:	18 515	497	-18 018
Use of subsidies received for the renovation of managed state-owned assets, total	45 725	27 614	-18 112

Use of subsidies received for the renovation/investment of assets owned	l by MÁV Zrt.		
Title of Grants	2015	2016	change
Use of reimbursement for renovation of assets owned by MÁV	294	2 591	2 297
Use of reimbursement for renovation of advances on assets owned by MÁV	176	960	784
Use of the reimbursement residual	1 636	1 942	306
Memorial Centre for the Child Victims of the Holocaust investment project	2 714	159	-2 554
KÖZOP grants for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer	25.4	2	271
service development programme at 26 locations," KÖZOP 0003	274	3	-271
Asset purchases associated with public employment program	0	0	0
Development of public transport in the Balaton region project (DDOP progr.)	6	5	-1
Development of public transport in Keszthely and in the Zalakaros micro-region (NYDOP progr.)	0	0	0
KÖZOP grants for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects," from the central budget (15%)	0	0	0
Consolidation of infrastructure and rolling stock maintenance SW and IT application (INKA) (KÖZOP) - (domestic part 15%)	174	38	-135
IKOP grants for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer service development programme at 26 locations" from the central budget (IKOP domestic part, 15%)	0	62	62
Consolidation of infrastructure and rolling stock maintenance SW and IT application (INKA) (IKOP, domestic part 15%)	4	74	70
Refurbishment of railway bridges and steel structures (ZE140001)	0	55	55
Use of central subsidies, total:	5 277	5 890	612
KÖZOP grants for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer service development programme at 26 locations," KÖZOP 0003	1 550	15	-1 535
Improvement of Communal Transportation conditions in Sárvár and the surrounding settlements (NYDOP progr.)	22	0	-22
KÖZOP grants for the implementation of MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects (ERFA/KA 85%)	1	0	-1
Consolidation of infrastructure and rolling stock maintenance SW and IT application (INKA)(KÖZOP)(ERFA - 85%)	983	217	-766
Development of public transport in the Balaton region project (DDOP progr.)	35	30	-4
IKOP grants for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer service development programme at 26 locations" (IKOP, KA 85%)	0	350	350
Consolidation of infrastructure and rolling stock maintenance SW and IT application (INKA) (IKOP KA - 85%)	24	422	397
Use of EU subsidies in total:	2 616	1 034	-1 582
Use of subsidies received for the renovation/investment of assets owned by MÁV Zrt. in total	7 893	6 923	-970

Table 12: Use of investment subsidies

#### II.1.1.9 The Company's long-term investments

Figures in MHUF

			ГІ	gures in MHUF					
T4		Book value of investments							
Item	Opening value	Increase	Decrease	Closing value					
Related companies	117,858	5,483	0	123,341					
Significant shareholdings	806	0	1	805					
Other investments	2,457	0	0	2,457					
Total:	121,121	5,483	1	126,603					

Table 13: The book value of the Company's investments by category

Pursuant to the provisions of the Accounting Act, MÁV Zrt. has fully consolidated 6 of its subsidiaries in its consolidated financial statements for 2016; it exercises a direct controlling influence in all of these except MÁV VAGON Kft.

On the basis of Sections 54 and 46 of the Accounting Act, at the end of 2016 reversing the impairment previously recognised on shareholdings was justified in the case of MÁV-START Zrt, in an amount of HUF 5,482 million.

The value of investments in related parties was increased by the establishment of Kínai-Magyar Vasúti Nonprofit Zrt. with a value of HUF 1 million. The purpose of this joint venture established with the Chinese partner is to perform the procurement and project management

tasks related to the development of the Hungarian section of the Budapest-Belgrade railway line. The owners of the venture (MÁV Zrt. and China Railway International Corporation and China Railway International Group) make decisions on a consensual basis. MÁV Zrt. carried out a HUF 1,200 M share premium-based capital increase in the company, which was registered by the Company Court on 26 January 2017, after the balance sheet date but before the balance sheet preparation date.

Following a decision by the Metropolitan Council, Budapesti Helyiérdekű Vasút Zrt. (BHÉV Zrt.) was established on 7 November 2016 by way of demerger from Budapesti Közlekedési Zártkörűen Működő Részvénytársaság. An agreement was made between the Metropolitan Council of Budapest and Magyar Nemzeti Vagyonkezelő Zrt. (MNV Zrt.) on 25 November 2016 regarding the handover of the municipality's shareholding in the venture to MNV Zrt.

MNV Zrt. transferred the shareholding, for the purposes of the exercising of rights, to the Ministry of National Development (NFM), which on 23 November 2016 concluded a proxy agreement with MÁV Zrt. regarding the exercising of owner's rights. Later, the Ministry of National Development transferred its shareholding in BHÉV Zrt. to MÁV Zrt. as a non-cash contribution to equity, thus making the Company the actual owner. The Company Court registered the increase in capital on 13 February 2017, after the balance sheet date but before the balance sheet preparation date.

The HUF 1M decrease in investments in material shareholdings was caused by the completion of the voluntary liquidation of HUNGRAIL Egyesülés. The liquidation procedure at MÁV Hídépítő Kft. was also completed in the reporting year, but in view of the fact that the shareholding was recognised at zero HUF in the books, the derecognition of the shareholding had no impact on profit/loss.

The development of MÁV Zrt's shareholdings in the reporting year is shown in detail in the section entitled III.6. The Company's investments.

#### II.1.1.10 Impairment of non-current financial assets

Figures in MHUF

	Impairment							
Description	Opening value	Increase in the reporting year	Decrease in the reporting year	Write-back in the current year	Closing value			
Long-term investments in related companies	8 422	0	600	5 482	2 340			
Long-term loans to related companies	0	0	0	0	0			
Significant permanent shareholding	158	0	0	0	158			
Long-term loans given to significant related								
parties	0	0	0	0	0			
Other long-term investments	0	0	0	0	0			
Long-term loans given to other related parties	0	0	0	0	0			
Other long-term loans given	692	4	0	24	672			
Long-term debt securities	0	0	0	0	0			
Total:	9 272	4	600	5 506	3 170			

Table 14: Impairment on non-current financial investments

#### II.1.1.11 Value of subordinated assets by legal title

MÁV Zrt. recognised no subordinated assets in 2016.

#### II.1.2 Current assets

#### II.1.2.1 Presentation of the inventories

Figures in MHUF

Inventories	Raw materials	WIP and semi- finished products	Young, fattened and other livestock	Finished products	Goods	Advances given for inventories
Opening, gross	8,473	4	-	267	825	-
Acquisition, advance given	24,351				21,246	
Assets received free of charge						
Contribution in kind						
Increase due to merger						
Reclassification						
Taken to inventories		- 2		766		
Surplus	18					
Materials from disassembled assets	362					
Other increase						
Use (expensed)	- 13,288			- 794	- 26	
Reclassification, offsetting of advance						
Sale	- 10,317				- 21,958	
Transferred free of charge						
Contributed						
Scrapping	- 45					
Missing	- 12					
Other decrease						
Closing, gross	9,542	2	-	239	87	-
Impairment, opening	41	-	-	-	-	-
Impairment for the reporting year	139			3		
Written off due to low stock levels	- 41					
Reversed impairment						
Impairment, closing	139	-	-	3	-	-
Opening, net	8,432	4	-	267	825	-
Closing, net	9,403	2	-	236	87	-

Table 15: Presentation of the inventories

Raw materials and finished goods include the value of materials from the scrapping of state-owned assets, as well as the value of the finished goods manufactured from these, in an amount of HUF 2,328 million.

#### II.1.2.2 Receivables

#### II.1.2.2.1 Receivables and their impairment loss

Figures III MHO							1101								
		Gr	oss value	of receiva	bles				Impairmen	t of receivables			_		
Description	Not overdue	1-90 days	91-180 days	181-365 days	over 365 days	Total	Openin g bal ance	Impairment for the reporting year	Reversed impairment	Written off debt collected	Other reversed impairment	Closing balance	Book value of receivables in 2016	Book value of receivables in 2015	Change
Accounts receivable	2 692	100	85	123	3 095	6 095	4 322	249	-44	78	1 178	3 271	2 824	2 871	-47
Receivables from related companies	14 707	26	0	0	0	14 733	0	0	0	0	0	0	14 733	13 846	887
of which: receivables from fully consolidated subsidiaries	13 506	26	0	0	0	13 532	0	0	0	0	0	0	13 532	13 826	-294
of which: receivables from not fully consolidated subsidiaries	1	0	0	0		1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	20	-19
of which: non-consolidated jointly managed company based on quota	1 200	0	0	0	0	1 200	0	0	0	0	0	0	1 200	0	1 200
Receivables from companies linked by virtue of major participting interest	47	4	1	0	30	82	31	-1	0	0	0	30	52	45	7
Receivables from other associated companies	0	9	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	2	7
Bills of exchange receivable	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Other receivables	3303	16	8	80	105	3 512	89	6	0	2	1	92	3 420	4 1 1 9	-699
Total receivables:	20 749	155	94	203	3 230	24 431	4 442	254	-44	80	1 179	3 393	21 038	20 883	155

Table 16: Receivables and their impairment loss

The material change in receivables from related companies is explained in the section entitled II.1.1.9 The Company's long-term investments.

#### II.1.2.2.2 Receivables from related companies

Figures in MHUF

Description	Fully consolidated subsidiary	Not fully consolidated subsidiary	Non-consolidated jointly managed company based on quota	Total
Advances given for intangible assets	0	0	0	0
Advances given for capital projects	113	0	0	113
Long-term loans to related companies	0	0	0	0
Advances given for inventories	0	0	0	0
Receivables from related companies	13 532	1	1 200	14 733
Total:	13 645	1	1 200	14 846

Table 17: Receivables from related companies

#### II.1.2.2.3 Reclassification of receivables and liabilities in the balance sheet

The following items have been reclassified in the balance sheet:

- HUF 7,741 million was reclassified from investment and development loans, and HUF 1,647 million from other long-term loans, to short-term loans, as loan repayments due in 2017.
- HUF 234 million was reclassified from long-term loans received to the short-term loans, as loan repayments due in 2017.
- HUF 82 million was reclassified from other long-term loans given, to other receivables, as loan repayments due in 2017.
- Liabilities towards employees totalling HUF 8 million were reclassified from other short-term liabilities to other receivables.
- Other receivables totalling HUF 1 million were reclassified to long-term loans given.
- HUF 1 million was reclassified from accounts receivable to other short-term liabilities, and HUF 39 from accounts payable to other receivables, while HUF 74 M was reclassified to trade creditors due to overpayments from suppliers.
- Loans provided through the cash pool system to MÁV FKG Kft. in the amount of HUF 3,285 million, to MÁV Vagon Kft. in the amount of HUF 517 million and to ZÁHONY-PORT Zrt. in the amount of HUF 159 million, were reclassified from short-term liabilities to receivables from related parties.
- Liabilities towards the central budget totalling HUF 2,844 M were reclassified from other short-term liabilities to other receivables.

#### II.1.2.3 Securities

#### II.1.2.3.1 Impairment on securities

MÁV Zrt does not have any securities held for trading.

#### II.1.3 Prepaid expenses/accrued income

Figures in MHUF

Item	Previous year	Reporting year	Difference						
Accrued income									
Accrued income from completed but not invoiced services	1,338	1,021	-317						
Accrued cash pool interest (internal and external)	9	2	-7						
Accrued bank interest for the reporting period	39	8	-31						
Accrued late payment interest and penalties	61	4	-57						
Accrued dividend due	1,428	0	-1,428						
Other revenues	136	80	-56						
Accrued income, total:	3,011	1,115	-1,896						
Prepaid costs and expenses									
Expenses, other	150	122	-28						
Dismissal wage and severance pay	38	34	-4						
Prepaid unbilled expenses (credit)	1,230	1,458	228						
Prepaid costs and expenses, total	1,418	1,614	196						
Deferred expenses									
Unrealised FX loss on EUR 45.4 million loan	224	0	-224						
Unrealised FX loss on EUR 144.6 million loan	3,406	2,557	-849						
Unrealised FX loss on Eurofima contract 13 (Nr. 2649)	836	0	-836						
Deferred unrealised FX loss on EUR 141.6 million development loan	3,497	2,777	-720						
Deferred expenses, total	7,963	5,334	-2,629						
Total:	12,392	8,063	-4,329						

Table 18: Prepaid expenses/accrued income

- The settlement of dividend to be withdrawn from the individual companies due to a change in the Accounting Act will take place in 2017.
- The decrease in accrued currency losses related to foreign currency loans results from a decrease in the volume of the loans and the exchange rate.

#### II.1.4 Equity

#### II.1.4.1 Changes in equity components

Figures in MHUF

						1 15410	3 111 1111101
Descriptions	Registered capital	Subscribed but unpaid capital (-)	Capital reserve	Retained earnings	Non- distributable reserve	After-tax profit/loss	Equity
Opening balance in the reporting year	22 000	0	119 155	-19 449	3 674	33 700	159 080
Transfer of after-tax profit/loss of previous year	0	0	0	33 700	0	-33 700	0
Release of non-distributable reserves related to unrealised exchange losses	0	0	0	1 371	-1 371	0	0
Development reserve released	0	0	0	58	-58		0
After-tax profit/loss in the reporting year	0	0	0	0	0	12 035	12 035
Asset settlement	0	0	-3 948	0	0	0	-3 948
Closing balance in the reporting year	22 000	0	115 207	15 680	2 245	12 035	167 167

Table 19: Movements in equity

The owner of MÁV Zrt., in its sole shareholder's (owner's) decision number 25/2016 (XII. 20.) issued on 20 December 2016, ordered the raising of MÁV Zrt's capital through the provision of a HUF 1,978,362,109 cash contribution. Accordingly the Company's subscribed capital was increased by HUF 200,000. Registration of the capital increase took place on 11 January 2017 with effect from 20 December 2016. Consequently, the amount of the capital increase is recognised on the balance sheet date under other short-term liabilities.

MÁV Zrt.'s owner, pursuant to chapter II.1.1.9, in his single-shareholder (owner) resolution no. 2/2017. (II. 7.) issued on 7 February 2017, ordered the capital increase of MÁV Zrt. through a non-cash contribution of HUF 18,202,918,217. Through the capital increase, the Company's registered capital was increased by HUF 2,499,800,000. The capital increase was registered on 13 February 2017.

As a result of the above-mentioned capital increases, MÁV Zrt.'s registered capital stood at HUF 24,500,000,000 at the time of balance sheet preparation.

MÁV Zrt. has no convertible, or contingent convertible bonds.

#### II.1.4.2 Non-distributable reserves presented by purpose

Figures in MHUF

Non-distributable reserve	Opening balance	Released in 2013	Accounted in 2013	Closing balance
Difference between provisions for unrealised FX losses on FX loans and deferred expenses	3,579	1,371	0	2,208
Unexpensed part of R&D posted to allocated reserves	37	0	0	37
Development reserve	58	58	0	0
Total:	3,674	1,429	0	2,245

Table 20: Non-distributable reserves presented by purpose

#### **II.1.5 Provisions**

#### The principles of provisioning

The provisioning principles applied by the Company are regulated in detail in the Company's accounting policy. The principles applied in the case of the most important legal titles are summarised in the following table:

Legal title	Provisions
Liabilities related to employment termination	On the total amount of payment obligations for the following years, undertaken in existing contracts.
Bonuses due in the reporting year but not yet approved	On the sum of bonuses and contributions.
Obligations likely to be incurred in ongoing litigious proceedings (including interest and	If a payment obligation is likely and exceeds HUF 3 million.
other incidental costs)	In the case of claims exceeding 1% of equity, provisions are only set aside if, based on a case-by-case assessment, it is likely or certain that a payment obligation will be incurred.
Guarantee obligations	Every quarter, proportionately to the sales revenue in the given quarter, based on the proportion of the costs resulting from fulfilment of the guarantee obligations actually incurred in the reporting year to the part of the previous year's net sales revenue to which a guarantee obligation is related; in the case of individual or contracts or projects, on a case-by-case assessment.
Default interest	On interest, of the extent determined in the Civil Code, that has not been charged but relates to the period before the balance sheet date, based on a calculation.
On expected costs – in the case of demolition and maintenance costs	If the expected cost is substantial, then based on a case-by-case assessment. Provisioning for the pro-rata portion of periodical recurring maintenance costs of assets created in the course of development, reconstruction and comprehensive renovation performed using EU funds, and serving to ensure a higher standard of service, is of particular importance at MÁV Zrt and is performed on the basis of the following formula:    For covering periodic maintenance costs amount of provisions generated   Time passed from the maintenance period until the turning date   Time passed from the maintenance period until the turning date   Time passed from the maintenance period until the turning date   Time passed from the maintenance period until the turning date   Time passed from the maintenance period until the turning date   Time passed from the maintenance period until the turning date   Time passed from the maintenance period until the turning date   Time passed from the maintenance period until the turning date   Time passed from the maintenance   Time passed
Environmental protection	On the basis of an order by the specialist authority, or in the absence of such, data reporting based on a professional estimate.
Annuity obligations	On the basis of the claim asserted by the beneficiary, the interest and other incidental costs related to the reporting period. The awarded annuity is determined using the annuity calculation method; if necessary the provisions are re-estimated.

The Company makes use of the opportunity provided for it in Section 33 (2) of the Accounting Act, and – in connection with capital investments and property rights – sets aside other provisions. The decision regarding the setting aside of other provisions related to working capital loans is always made on a case-by-case basis.

#### II.1.5.1 Provisions for expected liabilities

Figures in MHUF

Provisions for liabilities	Opening balance	Released in the reporting year	Set aside in the reporting year	Closing balance
Liabilities related to employment termination	1 355	910	422	867
Environmental liability	10 486	687	524	10 323
Litigation	2 397	1 367	283	1 313
Provisions set aside for indemnity claims	181	39	78	220
Liabilities assumed from subsidiaries	7	0	0	7
Damage caused by chemical spill in the Ajka region	4	0	0	4
Working clothes and uniforms	917	313	102	706
Contribution payment liability	7 320	795	515	7 040
Late-payment interest	339	321	114	132
Provisions generated because of EU law infringement	0	0	19	19
Bonus payment liability	711	408	457	760
Provisions for other liabilities	225	0	0	225
Total:	23 942	4 840	2 514	21 616

Table 21: Provisions set aside for expected liabilities

The decrease in provisions related to litigious cases was caused by the fact that an agreement was reached regarding the unpaid salary of employees employed in standby positions, and the payment related to this was also made in the course of the year.

Pursuant to orders VFF/27095/2014-NFM and TPF/28503-2/2015-NFM issued by the Ministry of National Development, bonuses for the years 2013 and 2014 were not paid to employees who are subject to Section 208 (1) and (2) of the Labour Code. The provisions previously set aside for the unpaid part will remain until expiry of the limitation period under labour law. Provisions of HUF 457 million were set aside in respect of the 2016 performance.

Environmental protection provisions are presented in detail in the section entitled III.1.1. Environmental protection liabilities, in Table 56.

#### II.1.5.2 Provisions set aside for liabilities to related companies

Figures in MHUF

Provisions set aside for liabilities to related companies	Opening balance	Released in the reporting year	Set aside in the reporting year	Closing balance
Provisions set aside for indemnity claims	110	23	64	151
Liabilities assumed from subsidiaries	7	0	0	7
Late-payment interest	1	1	0	0
Total:	118	24	64	158

Table 22: Provisions set aside for expected liabilities to related companies

#### II.1.5.3 Provisions for future costs

The provisions set aside by MÁV Zrt. for expected, substantial and periodically recurring future costs that are likely or certain to be incurred, but the exact amount or the date of which is uncertain as of the balance sheet date (future costs), are summarised in the following table.

Figures in MHUF

Provisions set aside for future costs	Opening balance	Released in the reporting year	Set aside in the reporting year	Closing balance
Provisions set aside for future costs	927	65	0	862
Provisions to cover key maintenance costs	3 675	0	3 485	7 160
Provisions to cover other maintenance costs	1 848	1 032	55	871
Total:	6 450	1 097	3 540	8 893

Table 23: Provisions set aside for future costs

This year a review was held of the assets for which maintenance provisions had been set aside in previous years. Based on the review, provisions totalling HUF 1,032 in value were released due to the performance of works or the decommissioning of buildings.

There is a growing proportion of lines, stations and other elements of infrastructure within the railway network operated by MÁV Zrt. which have been developed, reconstructed or comprehensively refurbished using EU funds. This part of the network – due to the incorporation of assets that are more modern and ensure a higher standard of service, as well as the special rules relating to the use of EU funds – gives rise to maintenance expenses that differ from the existing ones in terms of the technical content, are of a higher amount than at present, and generally recur cyclically. In order to reconcile the funds received at an effectively constant rate on the basis of the track operation agreement with the maintenance funds requirement incurred cyclically as described above, provisions were set aside in 2016.

#### II.1.5.4 Other provisions

#### II.1.5.4.1 Provisions for exchange rate losses

Figures in MHUF

Description of Loan	Opening balance	Released in the reporting year	Set aside in the reporting year	Closing balance
OTP (Talent)	157	157	0	0
CA-CIB	1 956	307	0	1 649
Eurofima 13	661	661	0	0
Raiffeisen	1 610	133	0	1 477
Total:	4 384	1 258	0	3 126

Table 24: Provisions for exchange rate losses

#### II.1.5.5 Development of provisions in the reporting year

Figures in MHUF

1 2 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
Description	Provision for contingent liabilities	Provision for future costs	Other provisions	Total	
Opening balance of provisions	23 942	6 450	4 384	34 776	
Resolved nominal	4 840	1 097	1 258	7 195	
Generated nominal	2 514	3 540	0	6 054	
Closing balance of provisions	21 616	8 893	3 126	33 635	

Table 25: Changes in provisions

#### **II.1.6** Liabilities

#### II.1.6.1 Subordinated liabilities

MAV Zrt. does not have any subordinated liabilities.

#### II.1.6.2 Long-term liabilities

#### II.1.6.2.1 Long-term loans

Figures in MHUF

			Government			Amount per	Available	e facility
Label of the source	Agreement dated Secured	Currency	agreement	Million FX	Million HUF			
Investment loans								
EUROFIMA 11 d	31.12.2003	17.12.2018	1036/2003	yes	EUR	8,06	8,057	2 506
CA-CIB Consortium (30 Flirt)	22.03.2006	16.06.2020	-	yes	EUR	144,60	44,009	13 688
Raiffeisen Bank Zrt. (+30 Flirt)	25.09.2007	28.11.2021	-	yes	EUR	141,60	60,162	18 712
Total:								34 906
Operational loans								
MFB Zrt. HUF 7.0 bn	27.12.2012	27.12.2017	1546/2012	-	HUF	7 000		1 647
Total:								1 647
Grand total:					·			36 553

Note: HUF 7,741 million in investment loans, and HUF 1,647 million in other long-term loans was presented under short-term loans in the balance sheet.

Table 26: The Company's long-term credit facility

Figures in MHUF

				0	
Description of the long-term facility		2018	2019	2020 and after	Total
Investment loans					
EUROFIMA 11 d	0	2,506	0	0	2,506
CA-CIB Consortium (30 Flirt)	3,911	3,911	3,911	1,955	13,688
Raiffeisen Bank Zrt. (+30 Flirt motor coaches)	3,830	3,830	3,830	7,222	18,712
Total	7,741	10,247	7,741	9,177	34,906
Operational loans					
MFB Zrt. HUF 7.0 bn	1,647	0	0	0	1,647
Total	1,647	0	0	0	1,647
Grand total	9,388	10,247	7,741	9,177	36,553

Note: HUF 7,741 million in investment loans, and HUF 1,647 million in other long-term loans was presented under short-term loans in the balance sheet.

27 Table: Repayment schedule of the Company's long-term loans

#### II.1.6.2.2 Long-term loans and bond debts

Figures in MHUF

							1 15010	3 111 14111101
	Loan  Agreement dated at  Matures on  Government guarantee (no. of decree)		Government	Secured by	Currenc	Amount per agreement		ble facility 2/2016)
Loan		assets	у	(millions, original currency)	Million FX	Million HUF		
Entrepreneurial loans								
Central traffic coordination syst	10/08/2007	27/06/2019	-	-	HUF	1,870		526
Total:								526

Note: HUF 234 million in entrepreneurial loans were presented under short-term loans in the balance sheet.

28 Table: The Company's long-term loans

Figures in MHUF

				1.1	guics in willor
Description of the long-term facility	2017	2018	2019	2020 and after	Total
Entrepreneurial loans					
Central traffic coordination system in Szeged - PROLAN	234	234	58	0	526
Total	234	234	58	0	526

Note: HUF 234 million in entrepreneurial loans was presented under short-term loans in the balance sheet.

29 Table: Repayment schedule of the Company's long-term loans

The Company has no bond debts.

#### II.1.6.2.3 Other long-term liabilities

Figures in MHUF

Description	Previous year	Donouting year
Description	Frevious year	Reporting year
Funding for managed state-owned assets	827 475	979 318
Change in liabilities due to merger	127	0
Other long-term liabilities	357	474
Other long-term liabilities in total:	827 959	979 792

Table 30: Other long-term liabilities

#### II.1.6.2.4 Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets

Figures in MHUF

		1 1501	CS III IVIII CI
Liabilities associated with managed state-owned assets	2015	2016	Change
Long-term liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	800,416	952,230	151,814
Compensation obligation	27,059	27,088	29
Long-term liabilities related to managed state-owned assets, total	827,475	979,318	151,843
Balance of settlement against the Hungarian State Treasury related to investments	696	166	- 530
of which: - treasury investment invoices submitted to the treasury in the current year	- 21,954	- 1,708	20,246
- payments made by the treasury in the current year,	22,605	1,296	- 21,309
Liabilities from financing subsidies provided by the beneficiary	543	1,719	1,176
Use of materials from the disassembly of managed state-owned assets for maintenance and repair	- 115	- 19	96
Short-term liabilities related to managed state-owned assets, total	1,124	1,866	742
Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets, total	828,599	981,184	152,585

Table 31: Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets

Details of the liabilities related to the decrease in state-owned assets:

Figures in MHUF

		Tiguics i	II WIII OI
Compensation liability accounted from the date the amendment to the Act on State Property took effect (28 June 2013)	2015	2016	Change
Opening balance of compensation liability	27,071	27,059	-12
Ordinary amortisation recognised	0	0	0
Extraordinary depreciation	0	37	37
Takeover in 2016 of NIF projects	0	37	37
Investment, renovation related to managed state-owned assets, from own funds (-)	-12	-8	4
Balance of compensation liability accounted after the amendment to the Act on State Property took effect, in	-12	29	41
accordance with the rules in effect before 28 June 2013			
Ordinary amortisation recognised	43,702	47,461	3,759
Extraordinary depreciation	4,272	12,395	8,123
of which - Handover in 2016 of NIF projects	0	9,619	9,619
- From Investment and Scrapping of tangible assets	4,277	2,781	-1,496
Extraordinary depreciation of investments related to managed state-owned assets	-5	-5	0
Net value of missing managed state-owned assets	1	0	-1
Net value of scrapped managed state-owned assets on derecognition	386	546	160
Materials recovered from the scrapping of managed state-owned assets (-)	-591	-350	241
Waiving the compensation obligation (-)	-47,770	-60,052	-12,282
Balance of compensation liability accounted after the amendment to the Act on State Property took effect, in accordance with the rules in effect after 27 June 2013	0	0	0
Closing balance of compensation liability	27,059	27,088	29
Use of materials from the disassembly of managed state-owned assets for maintenance and repair	0	0	0
Liabilities related to the decrease in managed state-owned assets, total	27,059	27,088	29

Table 32: Liabilities related to the decrease in managed state-owned assets

#### II.1.6.3 Short-term liabilities

#### II.1.6.3.1 Short-term credits and loans

The following year's repayment instalment of entrepreneurial loans (HUF 234 million) was reclassified to short-term loans. The part of long-term loans repayable within one year, totalling HUF 9,388 million, is stated under short-term loans.

#### II.1.6.3.2 Other short-term liabilities

Figures in MHUF

Item	Previous year	Reporting year	Difference
Taxes payable	4,510	3,828	-875
Liabilities to the treasury	14,045	8,316	-5,306
of which: liabilities due to reimbursement of expenses	12,681	7,473	-4,752
Narrow gauge railway developments	0	10,000	10,000
Wages and salaries	3,065	3,266	201
Completed but not registered capital increase (see in section II.1.4.1.)	0	1,978	1,978
Other liabilities deducted from employees	152	139	-13
Liabilities from claims for indemnity	104	0	-104
Tender deposit	193	1	0
Late-payment interest payable	4	2	-2
Security, deposit	0	19	
Competitive bid bond	94	109	15
Other liabilities	31	43	12
Other current liabilities, total	22,198	27,701	5,906

Table 33: Composition of other short-term liabilities

In its resolution number 1803/2016 (XII.20.) the Government granted support, pursuant to Section 101/A of Government Decree 368/2011 (XII.31.) on the implementation of the act on public finance, for narrow-gauge railway development projects.

Ref.	Legal title of reimbursement	2015	2016
A	Opening, unused reimbursement	8 987	12 681
В	Amount used for capital projects and renovations, charged to previous year's residual	-1 636	-7 018
С	Reasonable profit recognised in the reporting year, charged to previous year's residual	-3 716	-3 650
I.	Cost reimbursement not used from residual of previous periods (I=A+B+C)	3 635	2 013
D	Operational compensation disbursed in the reporting year	44 745	44 030
Е	Operational compensation recognised in the reporting year	-38 180	-38 869
II.	Unused operational compensation in the reporting year (IL=D+E)	6 565	5 161
F	Renovation cost reimbursement disbursed in the reporting year	26 072	25 091
G	Used amount of renovation cost reimbursement disbursed in the reporting year	-23 591	-24 792
III.	Unused cost reimbursement for renovation in the reporting year (III.=F+G)	2 481	299
IV.	Unused reimbursement, total (IV= L+IIL+IIL)	12 681	7 473

Table 34: Composition of liabilities related to costs reimbursement

#### II.1.6.4 Liabilities to related companies

Figures in MHUF

Description	Fully consolidated	Not fully consolidated subsidiary	Total
Subordinated liabilities to related companies	0	0	0
Long-term liabilities to related companies	0	0	0
Current liabilities to related companies	16 132	1	16 133
Total:	16 132	1	16 133

Table 35: Liabilities to related companies

#### II.1.7 Accrued expenses and deferred income

Figures in MHUF

	Previous Reporting				
Description	vear	Reporting vear	Difference		
Prepaidincome	year	year			
Unbilled income (credit)	145	139	-6		
Pre-billed income	1	364	363		
Invitel Kft. other prepaid income	9 444	9 155	-289		
Other revenues	323	230	-93		
Prepaid income in total:	9 913	9 888	-25		
Accrued expenses	1 222				
Unbilled costs	956	1 964	1 008		
Accrued incoming invoices to be approved	64	82	18		
Other expenses	9	0	-9		
Accrued calculated unbilled utility charges related to 2011	19	0	-19		
Accrued calculated unbilled utility charges related to 2012	5	0	-5		
Accrued calculated unbilled utility charges related to 2015	390	0	-390		
Accrued calculated unbilled utility charges related to 2016	0	172	172		
Interest	38	16	-22		
Accrued internal and external interest on Cash-pool - K&H Bank	2	1	-1		
Late-payment interest, penalty and damages due in the reporting period	0	15	15		
Incentives and relevant costs	0	88	88		
Accrual of costs and expenses in total:	1 483	2 338	855		
Deferred income	•				
Fixed assets received free of charge and as gifts	90	86	-4		
Surplus of fixed assets	623	585	-38		
Cash received from the government	10 442	10 272	-170		
Phare aid for development	440	411	-29		
EU funds and government subsidies	4 399	6 373	1 974		
Reimbursement for renovation - assets owned by MÁV	3 116	8 536	5 420		
Amounts received from local governments and from businesses free of charge	123	120	-3		
Debts arising from asset acquisitions assumed by the government	2 439	1 834	-605		
Deferred income in total:	21 672	28 217	6 545		
Total:	33 068	40 443	7 375		

Table 36: Change in accrued expenses and deferred income

Deferred income was recognised in 2016 in an amount of HUF 2,072 million in connection with subsidies received as a part of EU and other central programmes, and HUF 3,551 million in connection with the reimbursement of renovation costs. Proportionately to depreciation, and as a consequence of the derecognition of items not related to asset settlement, the release of HUF 1,000 million in deferred income was recognised.

#### II.1.8 Disclosures related to off balance sheet items

## II.1.8.1 Borrowing and repayment of loans not disbursed by the balance sheet date

In 2016 MÁV Zrt concluded no credit agreements for which disbursement was delayed until 2017.

#### II.1.8.2 Hedging transactions

Financial market risks associated with MÁV Zrt.'s activity are an integral part of its business operations, and these risks were actively reduced through hedging transactions.

MÁV Zrt.'s 2016 foreign currency balance, expressed in both EUR and in HUF on an EUR basis, was a deficit of EUR 3,866 thousand, which was EUR 6.589 thousand less than the planned figure. The main factor underlying this discrepancy was the EUR 7,558 thousand in foreign currency income from the sale of real estate (the opportunity to execute the transaction arose after the plan had been made).

The total foreign currency deficit arising in euro was EUR 65,556 thousand, which also includes the foreign currency debt service related to the motor coaches that the Company invoices to MÁV START Zrt. in HUF as part of the rental fee.

The planned foreign currency deficit was hedged with EUR 52,046 thousand forward (of which EUR 1,160 thousand was closed), EUR 1,500 thousand swap, and EUR 516 thousand spot purchases. Through the above transactions, the necessary foreign currency cash flow was assured at a more favourable exchange rate (weighted average rate: 311.19 HUF/EUR) than the MNB rate (weighted average rate: 311.99 HUF/EUR).

No hedge transactions were concluded in 2016 for the risks associated with interest rate changes or commodity (e.g. gasoline) price changes.

The profit and loss and cash flow effect of hedging contracts concluded in 2016 and known by the balance sheet preparation date are shown in the table below.

Figures in MHUF

Transaction	type	Effect on profit/loss	Effect on cash flow
	Forward	3.1	3.1
Clearing transactions	Swap	-1.2	-1.2
	Option	0	0
	Total:	1.9	1.9
	Forward	35.5	35.5
D.I'.	Swap	0	0
Delivery transactions	Option	0	0
	Total:	35.5	35.5
Grand total:		37.5	37.5
	Hedging	37.5	37.5
of which:	Non-hedging	0	0
	Total	37.5	37.5
	Stock exchange	0	0
of which:	OTC	37.5	37.5
	Total	37.5	37.5

<sup>\*</sup>The profit and loss impact and the cash flow impact were identified based on the official central bank (MNB) rate prevailing at the date of maturity.

Table 37: Forward hedge transactions in 2016

#### II.1.8.3 Surety and guarantee contracts

Figures in MHUF

Beneficiary company name	Type of guarantee	Type of guarantee Contracting party Start of		End date	Amount of guarantee in million HUF			
	Bank guarantee							
National Tax and Customs Authority	excise guarantee	OTP Bank Nyrt.	12/12/2015	11/12/2017	300			
National Transport Authority	accident	OTP Bank Nyrt.	27/04/2009	31/12/2017	1,000			
Ministry of National Development	budgeted and for the use of the residual value for the purposes of the TEN-T project	OTP Bank Nyrt.	26/10/2016	31/10/2017	1,182			
Bank guarantees,			'		2,482			

Table 38: Guarantee contracts in effect at the balance sheet date

As at 31 December 2016 MÁV Zrt. had no contracts under which it assumed a payment guarantee.

#### II.1.8.4 Lien obligations

Figures in MHUF

	Available facility as at 31 Dec.	g
Loan description	2016 (million HUF)	Security
EUROFIMA 11	2 506	rolling stock
CA-CIB Consortium (30 Flirt financing)	13 688	30 Flirt multiple-unit trains
Raiffeisen Bank Zrt. (+30 Flirt financing)	18 712	30 Flirt multiple-unit trains

Table 39: Development of lien obligations

Liens have been established on 30 Flirt multiple unit railcars for Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank, and on 30 additional Flirt multiple unit railcars for Raiffeisen Bank, as lenders, in connection with the procurement of the said assets.

MÁV Zrt. issued a parent company comfort letter to Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau and to the European Investment Bank as the funders of 25 TRAXX engines for MÁV-TRAKCIÓ Zrt. (from 1 January 2014, MÁV-START Zrt.).

MÁV Zrt. holds CHF 18.2 million (0.7%) of the registered share capital of EUROFIMA, of which CHF 14.56 million (80% of the registered share capital) is not yet paid. It becomes payable based on the resolution of the Board of Directors of EUROFIMA in line with Article 5 and Article 21 paragraph 3 (6) of EUROFIMA's Articles of Incorporation. However, no request for payment has been made yet.

In addition to CHF 18.2 million of EUROFIMA's registered share capital held by MÁV Zrt., MÁV guarantees in an additional amount equalling the share capital holding of CHF 18.2 million the rolling stock financing arrangement in accordance with Article 26 of EUROFIMA's Articles of Incorporation. This guarantee can only be called if both the railway company and the shareholder state guaranteeing the loan fails to pay, and the guarantee fund specified in Article 29 of EUROFIMA's Articles of Incorporation (CHF 696.5 million according to the 2015 annual financial statements) does not cover the losses suffered. Amounts drawn from the shareholders' guarantee are refunded by EUROFIMA to the extent of the recoverable value from the disposal of the underlying rolling stock or from other receivables associated with the loan agreement.

The assessment of other encumbrances on properties and the rights to public utilities (electric cables, water and gas pipelines) and access rights, rights to place geodesic signs etc. started in the earlier years in line with relevant legislation. Cable and pipeline rights for the land beneath previously laid cables and pipelines is currently in progress.

There are several properties owned or managed by MÁV Zrt. in respect of which a charge has been registered on the grounds of long-term environmental damage. In the case of properties where such charge has been registered, the encumbrance will only be removed once remediation work have been successfully completed.

# II.1.8.5 Expected amount of environmental protection and restoration obligations not recognised under liabilities

The Company has no protection and restoration obligations not recognised under liabilities.

#### II.1.8.6 Payment schedule of off-balance sheet interest and incidental costs

Figures in MHUF

				1.18	ures in MHUF
Description of source	2017	2018	2019	2020 and after	Total
Investment loans					
EUROFIMA 11*	-2	8	0	0	6
CA-CIB Consortium (30 Flirt)	137	107	57	10	311
Raiffeisen Bank Zrt. (+30 Flirt motor coaches)	192	172	123	99	586
Investment loans, total:	327	287	180	109	903
Operational loans					
MFB Zrt. HUF 7.0 bn	42	0	0	0	42
Operational loans, total:	42	0	0	0	42
Entrepreneurial loans					
Central traffic coordination system in Szeged - PROI	14	9	1	0	24
Entrepreneurial loans, total:	14	9	1	0	24
Grand total:	383	296	181	109	969

<sup>\*</sup>expected interest in 2017 is negative

Table 40: Payment schedule of off-balance sheet interest and incidental costs

# II.1.8.7 Operating lease contracts in effect at the balance sheet date where the Company is the lessee

					180100 111 111101
Contracting partner	Subject matter	Agreement dated at	Contract expiry	Contract amount (HUF/month)	Amount not recognised until the B/S date (million HUF)
Raiffeisen Real Property Fund	Budapest, Könyves K. 54-60	2009.02.28	2019.05.06	88	617
Raiffeisen Real Property Fund	Real property lease contract	2016.04.01	2017.02.28	3	5
Porsche Lizing	Vehicle rent MÁV	2011.10.03	2017.10.31	111	1 110
Magyar Telekom Nyrt	number of mutual infrastructure service framework contract: 67103-743999/2004.,	2004.09.30	Indefinite	22	n/a
MKB Eurolizing	Vehicle rent MÁV	2012.02.06	2017.01.31	8	8
FORSE KFt.	Availability of worker accommodation	2012.04.07	2018.04.07	10	147
Invitel Zrt.	Number of mutual infrastructure contract: IR/1089-05/2005.,	2005.06.26	Indefinite	4	n/a
LeasePlan	Vehicle rent MÁV	2004.12.27	indefinite	2	n/a
Mercarius	Vehicle rent MÁV	2015.12.01	2019.12.01	2	58
MÁV Szolgáltató Központ	Vehicle rent MÁV	2015.10.01	indefinite	2	n/a
József Kovács sole trader	Vehicle rent MÁV	2010.08.01	indefinite	3	n/a
Merkantil	Vehicle rent MÁV	2014.09.15	indefinite	3	n/a
Other contracts		26 March 1969 multiple contracts	Definite/ Indefinite	9	121
Total				267	2 066

Table 41: Operating lease contracts in effect at the balance sheet date

#### II.2 Notes to the profit and loss account

The Company compiles a profit and loss account using the total cost method in accordance with Annex 2 of the Accounting Act.

The Company does not add extra line items to the profit and loss account template specified by law, and does not omit or merge any items therein.

In its notes to the annual financial statements the Company also discloses a profit and loss account prepared with the turnover cost method in accordance with Annex 3 of the Accounting Act.

#### II.2.1 Net sales revenues

#### II.2.1.1 Net sales revenues per activity

Figures in MHUF

	20	15	20		
Activity	Amount	Distribution (%)	Amount	Distribution (%)	Change
Railtrack operations	140,012	91.50	138,464	91.56	-1,548
Of which: Transport service lines and transport	43,848	28.65	44,540	29.46	692
Traction energy and fuel supply	33,674	22.01	29,818	19.72	-3,856
Station use	34,972	22.85	35,823	23.69	851
Upper cables	4,084	2.67	4,162	2.75	78
Cargo car towing, arrangement	6,639	4.34	6,110	4.04	-529
Property lease and management	10,123	6.62	9,334	6.17	-789
Railway safety operations	0	0.00	2,109	1.39	2,109
Other rail operations services	6,672	4.36	6,568	4.34	-104
Passenger transport	100	0.07	103	0.07	3
Other activities	12,913	8.43	12,664	8.37	-249
Of which: Materials sold, inventory management	1,169	0.76	145	0.10	-1,024
Rail vehicle lease	8,489	5.55	9,197	6.08	708
Property lease and management	1,905	1.24	1,999	1.32	94
Other services (central services, etc.)	1,350	0.88	1,323	0.87	-27
Total:	153,025	100.00	151,231	100.00	-1,794

Table 42: Net sales revenues by main activity

Net revenue from sales fell by HUF 1,794 M overall in the reporting year, primarily due to the revenues from track operation (HUF -1,548 M). The revenues deriving from the sale of electrical energy and fuel for traction decreased substantially, since the volume and per-unit charges for these items also decreased in comparison with the base year.

MÁV Zrt. had a valid network access agreement with 46 entities with access rights on 31 December 2016. With respect to the distribution of accounted network access performance by each entity with access rights, we found that most of the revenues (90.07%) from network access charges are from MÁV-START Zrt. (which nearly completely covers the passenger rail transport segment) and from Rail Cargo Hungaria Zrt., which covers most of the rail cargo segment.

In 2016, railtrack operation revenues were recognised from two railway companies: MÁV-START Zrt. (HUF 102 038 million) and Rail Cargo Hungary Zrt. (HUF 16 795 million).

The revenues from track operation excluding traction fuel rose by HUF 2,308 M. Most of the change in the reporting year (HUF +2,109 M) can be attributed to the transfer of railway security activities to MÁV Zrt. due to the absorption of MÁV Létesítményüzemeltető és Vasútőr Kft. The merger resulted in a new activity, namely the detailed surveying of the residential properties being purchased by the state asset management corporation Nemzeti Eszközkezelő Zrt. for the

State of Hungary, their periodical and regular on-site inspection, and the performance of conservation and renovation works, all of which generated sales revenue of HUF 992 million.

The drop in sales revenue from other activity was predominantly attributable to the transfer of inventory management, which affects a substantial proportion of general materials, to MÁV SZK Zrt. In 2016, as a consequence of the review, primarily general materials on inventory were sold (HUF 47 million) to the above mentioned company taking over the supply task, in connection with the change relating to the procurement and management of such materials. In addition to the above, HUF 73 million resulted from the sale of waste.

The above decrease was offset by the HUF 708 million increase in sales revenue from the multiple unit railcars leased to MÁV-START Zrt.

#### II.2.1.2 Export and import sales revenues

Figures in MHUF

			20	15			2016					
Country	Export of goods	Export of services	Total export	Import of goods	Imported services	Import, total	Export of goods	Export of services	Total export	Import of goods	Imported services	Import, total
Germany	0	12	12	452	0	452	0	13	13	504	0	504
Austria	18	456	474	168	10	178	0	11	11	170	11	181
Italy	0	0	0	0	7	7	0	0	0	0	9	9
Slovakia	345	861	1,206	0	5	5	0	1,454	1,454	9	1	10
Czech Republic	0	0	0	1,170	44	1,214	0	0	0	1,138	0	1,138
Slovenia	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1
Poland	0	0	0	49	0	49	0	1	1	62	0	62
France	0	5	5	0	68	68	0	2	2	0	49	49
Belgium	0	0	0	0	20	20	0	0	0	0	0	0
Denmark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	3
Netherlands	0	0	0	0	11	11	0	0	0	2	11	13
Portugal	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Romania	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	21	0	21
Croatia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	77	0	77
Total EU member states:	363	1,334	1,697	1,839	167	2,006	0	1,481	1,481	1,983	85	2,068
Serbia	0	0	0	78	0	78	0	0	0	149	0	149
Ukraine	0	0	0	0	13	13	0	0	0	0	9	9
Switzerland	0	54	54	0	0	0	0	44	44	0	0	0
Russia	0	0	0	0	3	3	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total non-EU member states:	0	54	54	78	16	94	0	44	44	149	9	158
Grand total:	363	1,388	1,751	1,917	183	2,100	0	1,525	1,525	2,132	94	2,226

Table 43: Export and import

#### II.2.2 Analysis of costs by type

The Company's costs, and the cost of goods sold, and the value of sold (intermediated) services, developed as follows in 2016:

Figures in MHUF

	20	15	2016		
Description	Amount	Distribution (%)	Amount	Distribution (%)	
Material expenses in total:	106 434	45,78	99 479	41,20	
Payments to personnel	73 925	31,80	85 890	35,57	
Depreciation expense in total:	52 110	22,42	56 080	23,23	
Total:	232 469	100,00	241 449	100,00	

Table 44: Expenses

#### II.2.2.1 Material expenses

Figures in MHUF

Description  Material or  Electricity  Gas	Previous year  osts  3 690 2 306 378 1 108	Percentage of the previous year's total costs  1,59 0,99	Reporting year	Percentage of the reporting year's total costs	Change
Electricity	3 690 2 306 378			1 42	
·	2 306 378			1 42	
Gas	378	0,99			-273
			2 016	0,83	-290
Water and sewage	1 108	0,16	374	0,15	-4
Fuel		0,48	1 275	0,53	167
Rail track materials	9 398	4,04	9 098	3,77	-300
Clothes	363	0,16	1 123	0,47	760
Other materials	1 449	0,62	2 391	0,98	942
Material costs, total:	18 692	8,04	19 694	8,15	1 002
Value of service	es used				
Track maintenance	11 351	4,88	11 435	4,74	84
Traction, shunting	3 391	1,46	3 563	1,48	172
Track metering, cleaning, welding	2 406	1,03	2 826	1,17	420
Leased wagons and cars	1 176	0,51	1 593	0,66	417
Other railway services (wagon maintenance, cleaning, emergency service, ticket control, etc.	1 126	0,48	1 183	0,49	57
Building operations and maintenance	10 415	4,48	6 367	2,64	-4 048
Public utilities (sewage, district heating)	722	0,31	792	0,33	70
Property rental	1 169	0,50	1 243	0,51	74
Property utilisation services	362	0,16	0	0,00	-362
IT services	2 184	0,94	2 926	1,21	742
Security services	2 844	1,22	1 725	0,71	-1 119
Acquisition and stock management services	3 968	1,71	3 342	1,38	-626
Postal and telephone charges	315	0,14	323	0,13	8
Specialist tender charges	49	0,02	182	0,08	133
Legal services	100	0,04	140	0,06	40
Damage mitigation and restoration	850	0,37	725	0,30	-125
Other services used	6 890	2,96	7 906	3,27	1 016
Total value of services used	49 318	21,21	46 271	19,16	-3 047
Value of other ser	rvices used				
Administrative fees, duties	907	0,39	895	0,37	-12
Banking charges	217	0,09	220	0,09	3
Insurance fees	189	0,09	195	0,08	6
Total value of other services used:	1 313	0,57	1 310	0,54	-3
Cost of goods sold	35 523	15,28	30 500	12,64	-5 023
Value of sold (intermediated) services	1 588	0,68	1 704	0,71	116
Material expenses in total:	106 434	45,78	99 479	41,20	-6 955

Table 45: Material expenses

The value of material expenses decreased by 6.53% in comparison to the previous year. The most significant material expenses in the reporting year continued to be re-sold traction electricity (19.83%) and traction diesel fuel (10.19%), railtrack maintenance, property management and maintenance services used (11.49 -6.40%), as well as the proportion of railtrack specialist materials (9.15%).

Material costs decreased slightly in 2016, and the most significant item under this heading was the cost of railtrack specialist materials.

The most important items among services used in 2016 continued to be the costs of track maintenance, property management and maintenance, traction, shunting and the services procured from MÁV SZK Zrt (procurement and logistics, HR, IT and accounting services). The main factors contributing to the 6.18% decrease in the reporting year, relative to the base year, were the drop of 38.87% in property management and maintenance costs and 39.35% in security costs, which was due to the absorption of MÁV Létesítményüzemeltető és Vasútőr Kft.

Other services remained on a par with the base year. The most significant items in 2016 were the HUF 621 million fee payable to VPE Kft. in accordance with Government Decree 268/2009.(XII.1.) on the legal relationship between the organisation responsible for allocating railway capacity and the non-independent railtrack network, and the HUF 207 million bank commission and other costs paid to credit institutions.

The cost of goods sold decreased relative to the base period for the following reasons:

- The cost of traction fuel sold to railway companies decreased by HUF 1,596 million.
- The impact of the reduction in the per-unit charge for traction electricity was HUF 2,399 million.
- With respect to the general materials sold, the extent of the decrease relative to the base period was HUF 949 million, as the procurement and inventory management of these was outsourced to MÁV SZK Zrt.

#### II.2.2.2 Payments to personnel

Figures in MHUF

Item	2015	Percentage of 2015 total costs	2016	Percentage of 2016 total costs	Change
Wages and salaries	50,651	21.79	58,709	24.31	8,058
Other payments to personnel	7,797	3.35	9,210	3.82	1,413
Contributions on wages and salaries	15,477	6.66	17,971	7.44	2,494
Total payments to personnel:	73,925	31.80	85,890	35.57	11,965

Table 46: Payments to personnel

Personnel expenses increased by HUF 11,965 M in comparison to the base year, as a consequence of the merger carried out on 31 December 2015 and the wage measures detailed in the following.

The wage agreement for 2016 was made on 23 February 2016. The agreement consisted of the following measures:

- Retroactively with effect from 1 January 2016 a 3.0% basic wage increase took place in respect of employees who are entitled to it under the agreement (those in job categories 6-17 earning HUF 350 thousand or less, gross),
- the extent of the employer's supplementary voluntary pension fund contribution, from 1 January 2016 is a total of 2.5% of the employee's basic wage (an increase of 0.5 percentage points).

In June, in the interest of motivating and retaining the workforce, a one-off incentive payment was made to non-management employees who had been left out of the wage increase in the reporting year.

In December, on the basis of a voluntary commitment on the part of the employer, a one-off payment of HUF 45 thousand gross was made to employees, not subject to the bonus system, who were included in the statistical headcount between 29 February 2016 and 1 December 2016.

Management of the payment of benefits due to employees in standby jobs, retroactively going back 3 years in connection with Section 101 (3) of the Labour Code, took place in two phases. In the meantime the government repealed the above section.

#### II.2.2.3 Depreciation expense

Figures in MHUF

Description	2015	Percentage of 2015 total costs	2016	Percentage of 2016 total costs	Change
Depreciation of managed state-owned assets	43 702	18,80	47 460	19,66	3 758
Depreciation of MÁV Zrt.'s assets	8 408	3,62	8 620	3,57	212
Depreciation expense total	52 110	22,42	56 080	23,23	3 970

Table 47: Depreciation expense

A detailed presentation of depreciation is given in the section entitled II.1.1.6. Impact of the settlement of depreciation in the reporting year

#### II.2.3 Other gains and expenses

#### II.2.3.1 Other gains

Description	2015	Distributio n (%)	2016	Distributio n (%)	Change
Gain from tangible and intangible assets sold	1 301	1,05	2 621	2,26	1 320
Reversal of extraordinary depreciation on tangible and intangible assets	6	0,00	7	0,01	1
Reversal of impairment	0	0,00	0	0,00	0
Gain from receivables sold	1	0,00	1	0,00	0
Reversal of impairment on receivables	0	0,00	44	0,04	44
Amounts received in respect of receivables settled as lending loss	2	0,00	1	0,00	-1
Amounts received from discounted receivables	216	0,17	80	0,07	-136
Damages received	298	0,24	223	0,19	-75
Default interest received	-32	-0,03	104	0,09	136
Penalties received	332	0,27	269	0,23	-63
Release of provisions generated	4 950	4,00	7 195	6,21	2 245
Of which: Release of provisions generated for expected liabilities	3 845	3,11	4 840	4,18	995
Release of provisions generated for future commitments	598	0,48	1 097	0,95	499
Release of provisions generated for unrealised FX losses	507	0,41	1 258	1,09	751
Release of other provisions	0	0,00	0	0,00	0
Reversed deferred income due to costs and expenses reducing the operating	1 032	0,83	1 000	0,86	-32
profit  Of which: Reversal of deferred revenue from non-current assets identified as					
surplus and received free of charge	102	0,08	34	0,03	-68
reversed deferred subsidy	289	0,23	359	0,31	70
Reversal of debt forgiven and accrued by the government	628	0,51	594	0,51	-34
Subsidies and awards received as compensation for costs and expenses	43 720	35,35	44 073	38,03	353
Of which: for public services (rail track operations)	41 896	33,87	42 519	36,68	623
Subsidies received to cover costs and expenditures related to projects implemented from domestic funds	17	0,01	13	0,01	-4
public works	1 548	1,25	1 370	1,18	-178
Difference (gain) between the value of assets contributed to equity as stated in the articles of association, and the book value of such assets*	0	0,00	0	0,00	0
Gain from assets received free of charge and from surplus assets*	12	0,01	21	0,02	9
Miscellaneous other income*	71 849	58,09	60 266	52,01	-11 583
Of which: Waiver of compensation liability*	47 770	38,62	60 052	51,81	12 282
Forgiven and lapsed liabilities*	0	0,00	9	0,01	9
Assumed liabilities*	23 714	19,17	0	0,00	-23 714
Total:	123 687	100,00	115 905	100,00	-7 646

<sup>\*</sup> From the 2016 business year, in accordance with a change in the accounting act, the extraordinary profit/loss category was terminated. In the notes to the annual financial statements of 2015, the amount of revenue settled due to assets identified as surplus and received free of charge (HUF 12 M) was stated among extraordinary revenue, and the amount of waiver of compensation liability (HUF 47,770 M), forgiven and lapsed liabilities (HUF 0.4 M) and assumed liabilities (HUF 23,714 M) was stated as other extraordinary revenue. The reversal of impairment on long-term loans given (HUF 90 M) was stated among other revenues in the 2015 notes to the financial statements.

Table 48: Other gains

The change in other gains in 2016 was caused by the following material items:

- Under the heading of sale of intangible assets and tangible assets, HUF 1,320 M more gain was recognised in comparison to the base period. The bulk of the gain recognised under this heading (HUF 2,538 M) derives from the sale to TS Hungaria Kft. of the properties in Miskolc with title numbers 5079/7., 01441/2. and 5089/10.
- The growth in the release of provisions set aside for expected liabilities is primarily attributable to the reduction in provisions related to litigious cases (HUF + 1,078 M), as an agreement was made regarding the unpaid wages of employees in standby jobs, and the related payment was also made during the reporting year. This increase was partly offset by a decrease in the utilisation of provisions generated for the purpose of covering environmental protection obligations.
- In 2016 the release of provisions set aside for future expenses increased by HUF 499 M as a consequence of the impact of the following two items combined. This year a review was held of the provisions set aside in previous years for the maintenance of buildings. Based on the review, provisions totalling HUF 1,032 (HUF + 937 M) in value were released due to the performance of works or the decommissioning of buildings. Furthermore, only HUF 65 M (HUF -438 M) was utilised from the provisions set aside to cover the demolitions costs.
- The release in the reporting year of provisions set aside for unrealised currency losses exceeded the 2015 figure by HUF 751 M.
- The data relating to the setting aside and release of provisions is presented in the section entitled II.1.5.5. Development of provisions in the reporting year.
- HUF 623 M more in other gain was recognised under the title of operating costs reimbursements in 2016 than in the base year.
- In 2016, with a view to extending the public employment programme, an agreement was signed with the relevant authority with respect to the period from 7 March 2016 to 28 February 2017, regarding support for the employment of 1,270 and 1,595 persons in the context of a national public employment programme. Of the above public employment subsidies and the public employment subsidies relating to the period from 9 March 2015 to 26 February 2016, a total of HUF 1,370 M was utilised and stated under other gains in the reporting year.
- In 2016, due to the discontinuation of the extraordinary gains category, the gains recognised under the titles of the waiver of the compensation liability (VPK), forgiven and lapsed liabilities and the assumption of liabilities were stated among the various 'other' gains. The most significant change in the reporting year was caused by the waiving of the compensation liability (HUF +12.282 M) and the change in liabilities taken over by the government (HUF -23,714 M).

#### II.2.3.2 Other expenses

Changes between the two periods are shown in the table below:

Figures in MHUF

				Figures	III MITO
Description	2015	Distributio n (%)	2016	Distributio n (%)	Change
Cost of sold tangibles, projects and intangibles	399	2,14	893	3,78	494
Cost of scrapped or missing tangibles, projects and intangibles	-154	-0,82	225	0,95	379
Extraordinary depreciation of tangible and intangible assets	4 322	23,14	12 460	52,74	8 138
Impairment and scrapping of inventories	70	0,37	180	0,76	110
Inventory shortage	23	0,12	12	0,05	-11
Impairment of receivables	502	2,69	254	1,08	-248
Bad debts written off	11	0,06	32	0,14	21
Book value of receivables sold	0	0,00	0	0,00	0
Losses from damages	651	3,48	594	2,51	-57
Late-payment penalty paid	56	0,30	278	1,18	222
Damages	130	0,70	24	0,10	-106
Self-revision fee	16	0,09	7	0,03	-9
Taxes and similar items	2 201	11,78	1 984	8,40	-217
Of which: Public utility tax	858	4,59	835	3,53	-23
Property tax	881	4,72	730	3,09	-151
Land tax	38	0,20	11	0,05	-27
Innovation contribution	358	1,92	310	1,31	-48
Fines and penalties	25	0,13	-6	-0,03	-31
Provisions	9 529	51,01	6 054	25,62	-3 475
Of which: Provision for contingent liabilities	5 854	31,34	2 514	10,64	-3 340
Provisions for future costs	3 675	19,67	3 540	14,98	-135
Provisions for unrealised FX losses	(	0,00	0	0,00	0
Other provisions	(	0,00	0	0,00	0
Value of assets and services provided without compensation*	225	1,20	169	0,72	-56
Various other expenses*	675	3,61	467	1,98	-208
Of which: Non-refundable housing grant to employees*	2	0,01	3	0,01	1
Forgiven receivables*	2	0,01	1	0,00	-1
Assumed liabilities*	(	0,00	221	0,94	221
Permanently transferred liquid assets*	(	0,00	1	0,00	1
Total:	18 681	100,00	23 627	100,00	4 946

<sup>\*</sup> From the 2016 business year, in accordance with a change in the accounting act, the extraordinary profit/loss category was terminated. In the notes to the annual financial statements of 2015, the value of assets and services provided without compensation (HUF 225 M) was stated among extraordinary expenses, and the amount of non-refundable housing grants to employees (HUF 2 M) and of forgiven liabilities (HUF 2 M) was stated as other extraordinary expense. The impairment on long-term loans given was stated among other expenses in the 2015 notes to the financial statements.

Table 49: Other expenses

#### Material items of the two periods:

- The growth in other expenses recognised due to the sale of tangible assets, capital investments and intangible assets (HUF +494 million) is attributable primarily to the sale and purchase transaction executed with TS Hungaria Kft.
- In connection with the sale and purchase of capital investments concluded with NIF Zrt. in 2016, extraordinary depreciation of HUF 9,619 million was recognised in respect of the period between the commissioning and the actual acceptance of the assets, which is HUF 7,303 more than in the previous year. The reason for the change was that while in 2015 railway infrastructure with a gross value of HUF 83,126 M came under the management of MÁV Zrt., in 2016 this figure was HUF 180,777, while the number of days elapsed between the actual commissioning and the financial and legal acceptance of the assets increased.
- Other expenses due to damages came in at approximately the same level as in 2015. The settlement method applied in 2016 is the same as that of the previous year, as the damage restoration activity performed by the outside contractor continued to be recognised among services used instead of other expenses, while activity performed in-house remained among the material costs and personnel expenses.
- The amount of other expenses related to provisioning was HUF 3,475 M lower than in the base year, primarily due to the reduction in provisions set aside to cover

- environmental protection obligations (HUF -2,658). Additional data relating to the setting aside and release of provisions is presented in the section entitled II.1.5.5. Development of provisions in the reporting year.
- In 2016, due to the discontinuation of the extraordinary expenses category, non-refundable housing grants to employees, assumed liability and cash transferred were stated under the various other expenses. The most significant items among the various other expenses were the liabilities taken over from other businesses (HUF 221 million), and the assistance grants paid to the National Cultural Association for Railway Workers (HUF 47 million) and the Railway History Foundation (HUF 45 M).

#### II.2.4 Financial profit/loss

#### II.2.4.1 Income from financial transactions

Changes between the two periods are shown in the table below:

Figures in MHUF Distribution Distribution Description 2015 2016 Change (%) (%) 2 282 -1 575 Dividend received (due) 64,81 707 50,11 Income and price gains from shareholings 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 Income from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 Other interest received (due) and similar income 516 14,65 323 22,89 -193 Of which: Interest on cash-pool account 98 2.78 81 5.74 -17 Interest from other credit institutions 11,05 225 -164 Other financial income 723 20,54 381 27,00 -342 Of which: Exchange rate gain realised in relation to receivables and liabilities denominated 184 5,23 111 7,87 -73 in foreign currency Exchange rate gain on forward transactions 0,07 -8 515 233 16 51 -282 FX gain on the year-end revaluation of receivables and liabilities 14 63 3 521 100.00 1411 100.00 -2 110

Table 50: Income from financial transactions

The HUF 707 million stated under dividend received in the reporting year relates to the year 2015.

#### II.2.4.2 Expenses of financial transactions

Exchange rate loss on forward transactions

Changes between the two periods are shown in the table below:

Distributio Distributio 2015 2016 Description Change n (%) n (%) Interest payable and similar expenses -22.39 Of which: interest paid to credit institutions 1 029 37,12 469 -20.39 -560 Impairment on shareholdings, securities, bank deposits and long-term loans given\* -732 -5 502 239,22 -4 770 -26,41 2 225 80,27 2 687 -116,83 462 Of which: Exchange rate loss realised in relation to receivables and liabilities 2 2 2 3 80,19 2 686 -116,78 463 denominated in foreign currency

2

0

0.07

0,00

0

0,00

Figures in MHUF

-1

0

Total: 2 772 100,00 -2 300 100,00 -5 072

\* The impairment and the reversal of impairment on long-term loans given (HUF 90 M) were stated respectively among other expenses and other revenues in the 2015 notes to the financial statements.

Table 51: Expenses of financial transactions

Most important changes in the expenses of financial transactions:

Price loss resulting from the year-end revaluation of receivables, liabilities

In comparison to 2015, the amount of payable interest and interest-type expenses decreased in line with the drop in the volume of loan principal and, accordingly, the bases for calculation of the interest:

- The amount of interest paid in connection with development loans decreased by HUF 210 million, while the amount of interest payable on non-investment loans and to credit institutions on short-term loans decreased by HUF 350 million compared to 2016.
- Unlike in the base period, no interest was paid on bonds in the reporting year. The
  amount of interest paid on loans received from other businesses also decreased by HUF
  54 million.

In contrast to the above, due to the unfavourable trends in exchange rates in previous years, the exchange rate loss recognised on the investment loans increased by HUF 450 M.

In the reporting year HUF 5,482 million in impairment on the shareholding in MÁV-START Zrt. was reversed, as the Company expects a persistently positive after-tax profit. No recognition of impairment took place in 2016.

#### II.2.5 Related party balances (revenues and expenditures)

Figures in MHUF

rigules ill WHOF						
Item	Fully consolidated	Not fully consolidated subsidiary	Total			
	Revenues					
Net sales revenue	117 000	234	117 234			
Other revenues	142	6	148			
Revenues from financial transactions	47	15	62			
Revenues in total:	117 188	255	117 444			
	Expenditures					
Material type expenses	50 285	122	50 407			
Of which: Material costs	2 334	0	2 334			
Value of services used	24 417	8	24 425			
Value of other services used	0	0	0			
Cost of goods sold	22 118	114	22 232			
Value of sold (intermediated) services	1 416	0	1 416			
Other expenditures	200	2	202			
Financial expenses	-5 467	0	-5 467			
Expenses in total:	45 018	124	45 142			

Table 52: Related party revenues and expenses

A MÁV Zrt. recognises the following in respect of its related parties:

- 43.73% of its revenues (of which: MÁV-START Zrt.: 42.16%, MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt.: 0.98%, MÁV FKG Kft.: 0.33%),
- 37.37% of specified expenses (of which: MÁV-START Zrt.: 18.25%, MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt.: 10.39%, MÁV FKG Kft.: 7.09%).

#### II.2.6 Items modifying the tax base used for calculating corporate tax

Figures in MHUF

Description	Increasing	Decreasing	Change in tax base
Pre-tax profit/loss			12 035
Adjustment due to provisions	6 055	5 938	117
Adjustment due to depreciation	69 513	66 289	3 224
Dividend received		707	-707
Tax deficit, fines and penalties	12		12
Impairment of receivables / reversed	352	124	228
Forgiven debt			0
Interest difference with related parties			0
Lapsed receivable that cannot be enforced in court	28		28
Subsidy, contribution given/received without the			
obligation of repayment, handover/receipt of			
amounts granted free of charge, handover/receipt of			
assets granted free of charge	384		384
Expenses/revenues identified by tax audit or self-			
revision	6 399	5 844	555
Trainees and interns employed		48	-48
Further employment of trainees, interns and the			
unemployed		19	-19
Research and development			0
Price other than the arm's-length price used between			
affiliated companies	11	7	4
Donation		28	-28
Liability assumed or forgiven by the Hungarian State		60 052	-60 052
Renovation of historical monument		1 148	-1 148
Total:	82 754	140 204	-57 450
Tax base			-45 415

Table 53: Items modifying the corporate tax base

The basis of the corporate tax calculation is the pre-tax profit or loss as adjusted for tax base increasing and reducing items.

At MÁV Zrt., the following significant items affected the pre-tax profit:

- the depreciation calculated based on the Corporate Tax Act significantly exceeds the ordinary depreciation recognised based on the Accounting Act;
- In accordance with Section 69/A (5) of Act CVI of 2007 on State Assets, the corporate tax base was reduced by the HUF 60,052 M compensation liability waived by the state (Section 29/A (3) of the Corporate Tax Act).

The tax authority (NAV) performed a comprehensive tax audit at the Company for each financial year up to 2012, with the exception of 2010. No comprehensive tax audit was conducted at the Company in the 2016 tax year.

The Company's management is not aware of any circumstances which might result in a significant liability for the Company during a subsequent tax audit.

MÁV Zrt. does not have any corporate tax liability as a combined result of its pre-tax profit/loss and the items adjusting it.

#### II.2.7 Profit and loss account prepared using the turnover cost method

Based on the Company's accounting policy, profit and loss accounts were prepared using both the total cost and the turnover cost methods. The Company's after-tax profit/loss is presented in the following table:

				riguics in wirror
Line	Description	2015	2016	Difference
01.	Net domestic sales revenues	151 274	149 706	-1 568
02	Net export sales revenues	1 751	1 525	-226
I.	Net sales revenues, total	153 025	151 231	-1 794
03	Direct cost of sales	151 801	162 738	10 937
04	Cost of goods sold	35 523	30 500	-5 023
05.	Value of sold (intermediated) services	1 588	1 704	116
II.	Direct costs of sales	188 912	194 942	6 030
III.	Gross profit on sales	-35 887	-43 711	-7 824
06	Selling and distribution expenses	1	2	1
07	Administrative expenses	15 318	19 625	4 307
08	Other general expenses	20 849	20 616	-233
IV.	Indirect costs of sales	36 168	40 243	4 075
V.	Other revenues	123 687	115 905	-7 782
VI.	Other expenditures	18 681	23 627	4 946
<b>A.</b>	Trading profit/(loss)	32 951	8 324	-24 627
VII.	Revenues from financial transactions	3 521	1 411	-2 110
VIII.	Expenses of financial transactions	2 772	-2 300	-5 072
<b>B</b> .	Financial profit/(loss)	749	3 711	2 962
<i>C</i> .	Pre-tax profit/loss	33 700	12 035	-21 665
IX.	Tax liability	0	0	0
D.	After-tax profit/loss	33 700	12 035	-21 665

Table 54: Breakdown of after-tax profit/loss using the turnover cost method

### II.3 Cash flow statement

		Figure	s in MHU
Nr.	Item	2015	2016
I.	Change in cash from ordinary business activity (Operating cash-flow, 1-17)	92 902	20 096
1.	Pre-tax profit/loss (±)	33 700	12 035
	Assumed liabilities	-23 548	0
	deferral of interest related to bond issue	84	0
	amounts received free of charge	0	-4
	amounts granted free of charge, expensed	197	210
	dividend received	-2 282	-707
	amount realised in excess of the book value of loan given	0	C
	deferred dividend	1 428	C
	profit/loss from changes in investments	-642	(
	surplus non-current assets	-1	(
	non-realised exchange rate difference on liquid assets	0	(
2.	Previous years' profit/loss	0	(
3.	Revaluation of loans and investments	-526	-308
4.	Ordinary depreciation charge +	52 110	56 080
4/a.	Depreciation charge on previous year	0	(
5.	Recognised impairment, scrapping, shortage and reversal ±	4 645	7 566
6.	Changes in provisions ±	4 579	-1 141
7.	Non-current asset disposals ±	-902	-1 727
8.	Change in liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	-2 673	-58 92
9.	Movements in creditors ±	-2 432	2 113
10.	Movements in other short-term liabilities ±	6 3 6 4	-408
11.	Movements in accruals ±	4 894	1 290
11/a.	Released deferred income related to asset settlement	72	92
11/b.	Accrued income associated with fixed assets received without compensation	0	
12.	Movements in debtors ±	779	-92
13.	Current asset movements (less debtors and liquid assets) ±	-5 141	-311
14.	Movements in prepayments and accrued income ±	21 939	4 329
15.	Corporate income tax payable -	0	4 323
16.	Dividend and share payable -	258	(
17.	Liquid assets assumed through merger as of balance sheet date		
<i>II</i> .	Change in liquid assets from investing activities (Lines 18-21)	-52 249	-34 647
18.	Non-current asset additions -	-54 404	-37 975
19.	Non-current asset disposals +	1 301	2 62
20.	Capital withdrawn from existing investment (subsidiary)	0	(
21.	Dividend received +	854	703
III.	Change in cash from financial transactions (Financing cash-flow, lines 22-32)	-17 576	10 743
22.	Revenues from the issue of shares (capital addition) +	0	1 978
23.	Proceeds from issue of bonds and debt securities +	0	(
24.	Borrowings +	0	(
25.	Repayment, cancellation and redemption of long-term loans and bank deposits +	167	93
26.	Amounts received free of charge +*	0	34 798
27.	Redemption of shares, capital reduction -	0	(
28.	Bond redemption -	0	(
29.	Loan repayment -	-17 574	-25 872
30.	Long-term loans and bank deposits +	0	-39
31.	Amounts transferred free of charge -	-197	-210
32.	Movements in payables to founders and in other long-term liabilities ±	28	-4
IV.	Cash flow (I.+II.+III.)	23 077	-3 808
33.	Non-realised exchange rate difference on liquid assets	0	(
V.	Change in cash and cash equivalents (IV.+33.)	23 077	-3 808
	* In 2015, reimbursement for renovation was stated in operating cash flow	25 0.7	2 000

Table 55: Cash flow statement

## II.4 Analysis of financial position, liquidity and profitability

Non-current assets ratio				
	Non-current assets Total assets	$= \frac{1,241,669}{1,323,997}$	= 93.78%	(base: 92.35 %)
Coverage of fixed assets				
	Equity Own tangible assets	= \frac{167,167}{158,775}	= 105.29%	(base: 96.61 %)
	Equity + State funds Tangible assets	$= \frac{1,148,351}{1,106,002}$	= 103.83%	(base: 102.59 %)
Coverage of fixed assets				
	Equity Own tangible assets	= \frac{167,167}{292,114}	= 57.23%	(base: 55.42 %)
	Equity + State funds Non-current assets	= <u>1,148,351</u> 1,241,669	= 92.48%	(base: 90.83 %)
Current assets to non-cu	rrent assets			
	Current assets Non-current assets	=	= 5.98%	(base: 7.15 %)
Value and composition of equity	<u>ı</u>			
Capitalisation				
	Equity Total liabilities	= \frac{167,167}{1,323,997}	= 12.63%	(base: 13.51 %)
	Equity Total liabilities - State liability	= \frac{167,167}{342,813}	= 48.76%	(base: 45.59 %)
Gearing ratio				
	 Equity	= \frac{1,082,752}{167,167}	= 647.71%	(base: 597.58 %)
	Total liabilities - State liability  Equity	= \frac{101,568}{167,167}	= 60.76%	(base: 76.71 %)
Indebtedness ratio				
		= \frac{1,082,752}{1,323,997}	= 81.78%	(base: 80.73 %)

Current assets - Inventories Short-term liabilities

> Liquid assets Short-term liabilities

Cash liquidity ratio

Ratio of long-term liabilities

Ratio of long-term liabilities								
Long-term liabilities Long-term liabilities + Equity	=	1 007 249 1 174 416	=	85,77%		(base:	84,47	%)
Long-term liabilities - State liabilities Long-term liabilities - State liabilities + Equity	=	27 931 195 098	=	14,32%		(base:	19,20	%)
Equity increase ratio								
Equity Registered capital	=	167 167 22 000	=	759,85%		(base:	723,09	%)
Non-current assets coverage								
Equity Non-current assets	=	167 167 1 241 669	=	13,46%		(base:	14,63	%)
Profitability indicators								
EBITDA (Operating profit/loss + depreciation)	=	8 324	+ 56 080	=	64 404	(base:	85 061	)*
EBITDA rate = EBITDA Net sales reve	nue	=	64 404 151 231	=	42,59%	(base:	55,59	%)*
Operational rate (ROS = Operating profit  Net sales reve		- =	8 324 151 231	=	5,50%	(base:	21,53	%)*
*The basis data of indicators – pursuant to Article 177, paragraph (45) of the Accounting Act – $2000$ on Accounting and in Act CI of $2015$ on the amendment of certain acts concerning financia			t to the balance shee	t and profit ar	d loss account ten	plate set for	rth in Act C	of
Financial position								
Working capital and liquidity								
Net working capital								
Current assets - Current liabilities	=	74 265	- 75 503	=	-1 238	(base:	-7 642	)
Liquidity ratio								
Current assets Short-term liabilities	=	74 265 75 503	=	98,36%		(base:	91,05	%)
Quick ratio								

# II.5 Balance sheet and profit and loss account for items relating to previous years

79,89 %)

55.42 %)

57.61%

The effect of errors identified in 2016 for previous years did not reach the thresholds specified in the accounting policy. Therefore, errors identified were not presented in a separate column but in profit/loss for the year.

### III Supplementary notes

#### **III.1 Environmental protection**

#### III.1.1 Environmental protection liabilities

Figures in MHUF

Local 444a	Value of provisions					
Legal title	2015	Released	Made	2016		
Owing to illegal waste	4,069	6	58	4,121		
Obligations arising from soil and groundwater contamination	3,424	664	307	3,067		
Protection for the technical facilities of gasoline uploading and unloading systems	1,480	0	0	1,480		
Disposal of railway sleepers	886	13	159	1,032		
Testing for leakage of operational hazardous waste and lubricant containers, improvement of sealant systems	400	О	0	400		
Survey, cleaning and coating of dead technological channel networks	175	0	0	175		
Survey of dead channel networks, preparation of utility maps	52	4	0	48		
Total liabilities:	10,486	687	524	10,323		

Table 56: Provisions relating to environmental protection

No non-distributable reserve was stated for environmental liabilities in 2016.

With respect to soil and groundwater contamination, during the year considerable provisions were released in connection with the restoration work at Istvántelek, since the value of the provisions originally set aside was higher than the currently expected amount of the expenses.

Description	Previous	Reporting		
	year	year		
Environmental protection service fee	304	510		
Administrative service fees	14	9		
Waste management	95	137		
Additional costs of treasury sales	1	0,4		
Total	414	656		

Table 57: Environmental costs

#### III.1.2 Tangible assets used directly for environment protection

The tangible assets used directly for environment protection were reviewed in the course of the reporting year. The reporting-year and opening data given in the table are presented accordingly.

	Description	Real property and related intangible property rights	Technical equipment, machinery, vehicles	Other equipment, fittings, fixtures, vehicles	Capital projects, renovations	Total
<i>1</i> .	Gross value, opening balance	8 755	407	0	0	9 162
2	Increase in the reporting year					
3	Decrease in the reporting year					
4	Reclassification					
5	Gross, closing	8 755	407	0	0	9 162
6	Amortisation, opening	1 742	296	0	0	2 038
7	Ordinary amortisation in the reporting	345	45			390
8	Extraordinary depreciation in the rep	orting year				
9	Extraordinary depreciation reversed					
10	Depreciation derecognised					
11	Other increase					
12	Other decrease					
13	Reclassification					
<i>14</i> .	Amortisation, closing	2 087	341	0	0	2 428
<i>15</i>	Opening, net	7 013	111	0	0	7 124
<i>16</i>	Closing, net	6 668	66	0	0	6 734

Table 58: Tangible assets used directly for environment protection

## III.1.3 Value and quantity of hazardous waste

data in kg

Waste		Controlling report MÁV 2016				
identificatio	Description	Opening	Amount gained	Closing	Total provided	
n code		inventory (kg)	(kg)	inventory (kg)	(kg)	
_	Wastes containing mercury	1	50	51	0	
	Waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or					
080111	other dangerous substances	152	279	256	175	
080317*	Waste toner (hazardous paint)	1 107	2 266	1 856	1 517	
120109	Machining emulsions and solutions free of halogens	0	5	0	5	
120112*		0	20	0	20	
130205*	Non-chloride lubricants for engines and machines	170	11 011	741	10 440	
120205	Mineral oil based, non-chloride insulation and heat	1 000	4 405	<b>50</b>	5 450	
130307	transmission lubricants	1 080	4 437	58	5 459	
130502	Sludge from oil/water separator	7 045	13 015	0	20 060	
130506*	Oil from oil/water separator	113	0	11	102	
130507*	Oily water from oil/water separator	0	24 000	0	24 000	
130508*	Mixed waste from oil/water separator	0	7 560	0	7 560	
130701*	Heating and diesel oil	0	31	0	31	
150110	Packaging containing residues of or contaminated by	1 960	7 112	2 152	5 920	
150110	dangerous substances	1 860	7 113	3 153	5 820	
1501114	Metallic packaging containing a dangerous solid porous	102	260	210	254	
150111*	matrix (e.g. asbestos)	103	369	218	254	
	Absorbents, filter materials (including oil filters not					
150202*	otherwise specified), wiping cloths, protective clothing	8 909	12 781	8 105	13 585	
	contaminated by hazardous substances					
160107*	Oil filters	18	113	131	0	
160213	Equipment no longer in use	71	480	315	236	
160303*	Inorganic wastes containing dangerous substances	46	28	38	36	
160305		283	414	447	250	
1,0000	Laboratory chemicals, consisting of or containing	25	0	25		
160506	dangerous substances	35	0	35	0	
160601	Lead batteries	19 993	50 189	12 530	57 652	
170204	Glass, plastic and wood containing or contaminated with		1 224 445			
170204	dangerous substances	175 247	1 224 445	70 960	1 328 732	
170410	Cables containing oil, coal tar and other dangerous		16501	16.012	242	
170410	substances	665	16 591	16 913	343	
170503*	Soil and stones containing dangerous substances	13	1 012	370	655	
170901*	Construction and demolition wastes containing mercury	7	0	0	7	
180103	Infectious waste	0	11	11	0	
200121*	Fluorescent light bulbs and other mercury-containing	640	85	76	649	
200121*	wastes	640	85	/6	649	
200133*	Batteries and accumulators included in 16 06 01, 16 06 02	C10	2 100	445	2.252	
200133*	or 16 06 03 and unsorted batteries	610	3 188	445	3 353	
	Discarded electrical and electronic equipment other than					
200135*	those mentioned in 20 01 21 and 20 01 23 containing	3 984	984 21 879	9 756	16 107	
	hazardous components					
Total		222 152	1 401 372	126 476	1 497 048	

Table 59: Movements in the quantities of hazardous waste

#### III.2 Costs of research and development

Figures in MHUF

Description	Previous	Reporting
Description	year	year
Research costs	40	54
Of which: basic research	0	0
applied research (Invoiced cost of R&D by third parties)	40	46
applied research (Cost incurred by own business)	0	8
Experimental development costs	8	0
Production development	0	0
Of which: capitalised	0	0
Product development	8	0
Of which: capitalised	0	0
Total:	48	54

Table 60: R&D costs

#### III.3 Subsidies received

Figures in MHUF

D	Previous	year	Reportir		
Description	Previous year	Distribution	Reporting year	Distribution	Change
Reimbursement for renovation	25 226	26,94	31 811	42,44	6 585
Other investment (target) subsidy	28 392	30,32	2 726	3,64	-25 666
Operational compensation	38 180	40,77	38 869	51,85	689
Passenger transport social-policy ticket subsidy	9	0,01	0	0,00	-9
Refunded excise tax	10	0,01	0	0,00	-10
Support for public employment	1 548	1,65	1 370	1,83	-178
Other subsidies	276	0,29	183	0,24	-93
Total:	93 641	100,00	74 959	100,00	-18 682

Table 61: Subsidies recognised in the reporting year

In its resolution number 1803/2016 (XII.20.) on the provision of funds for special infrastructure development investments the Government granted HUF 10,000 million in support, under Section 101/A of Government Decree 368/2011 (XII.31.) on implementation of the act on public finance, for narrow-gauge railway development projects, which support is stated under other short-term liabilities (II.1.6.3.2).

		gares in militar
Passenger transportation price subsidy per type of discount	Previous year	Reporting year
50% discount	10	0
90% discount	2	0
Total:	12	0

Table 62: Use of ticket price subsidies

# III.4 Average number of staff employed, payroll costs and other payments to personnel

Figures in MHUF

	Year 2015				2016			
Staff	Wages	Other payments to personnel	Total	Distribution	Wages	Other payments to personnel	Total	Distribution
Blue collar	37,074	5,699	42,773	73.18%	42,368	6,632	49,000	72.14%
White collar	13,400	2,060	15,460	26.45%	16,071	2,515	18,586	27.36%
Inactive	177	38	215	0.37%	270	63	333	0.49%
Total:	50,651	7,797	58,448	100.00%	58,709	9,210	67,919	100.00%

Table 63: The Company's personnel expenses (excluding contributions)

Figures in WHC						
I and title of ware valeted contributions	2	2015	2016			
Legal title of wage-related contributions	Amount	Distribution	Amount	Distribution		
Cost of special training contribution calculated on the basis of personal basic wages and time-based wages	482	3.11%	526	2.93%		
Cost of special training contribution calculated on the basis of other wage-type payments	230	1.49%	287	1.60%		
% health care contribution	1,013	6.55%	1,264	7.03%		
Rehabilitation contribution	753	4.87%	847	4.71%		
27% social contribution tax payable by the employer and calculated on the basis of personal basic wages and time-based wages	8,175	52.82%	8,911	49.59%		
27% social contribution tax payable by the employer and calculated on the basis of other wage-type payments	4,824	31.17%	6,136	34.14%		
Total:	15,477	100.00%	17,971	100.00%		

Table 64: Wage-related contributions

	Year 2015			2016			
Description	Average statistical headcount	Distribution (%)	of which: in public employment	Average statistical headcount	Distribution (%)	of which: in public employment	
- blue collar	12 587,6	73,5	1 316,9	13 740,8	72,5	1 168,5	
- white collar	4 549,6	26,5	38,6	5 225,0	27,5	37,2	
Total:	17 137,2	100,0	1 355,5	18 965,8	100,0	1 205,7	

Table 65: Employee headcount

Staff	Average pay (HUF)	/person/month)	Average pay for the category (HUF/person/month)		
Stan	Year 2015	2016	Year 2015	2016	
- blue collar	205,297	217,751	149,682	152,958	
- white collar	347,423	349,129	291,090	296,560	
Full-time	242,973	253,855	187,168	192,421	

Table 66: Average and category-based wages and salaries with employees employed under the public works programme

Staff	Average pay (HUF	//person/month)	Average pay for the category (HUF/person/month)			
Stall	Year 2015	2016	Year 2015	2016		
- blue collar	221,073	231,387	157,696	159,773		
- white collar	349,559	350,959	292,697	297,981		
Full-time	257,697	266,231	196,231	200,047		

Table 67: Average and category-based wages and salaries without employees employed under the public works programme

Description	Year 2015	Distribution (%)	of which: persons in public works programmes	2016	Distribution (%)	of which: persons in public works programmes
Full-time	19 435	99,79	1 380	19 018	99,80	1 148
- blue collar	14 160	72,70	1 341	13 729	72,04	1 111
- white collar	5 275	27,09	39	5 289	27,76	37
Part-time	40	0,21	0	38	0,20	0
- blue collar	19	0,10	0	10	0,05	0
- white collar	21	0,11	0	28	0,15	0
Employees, total	19 475	100,0	1 380	19 056	100,0	1 148

Table 68: Closing headcount at the Company in the reporting year (number of persons)

# III.5 Information about payments to senior officers and Supervisory Board members

### III.5.1 Remuneration paid to senior officers and Supervisory Board members

	Figures in MHU										
Description	Year 2015	2016	Change								
Senior officers	41	89	48								
Supervisory Board	15	18	3								
Total:	56	107	51								

Table 69: Remuneration in the reporting year

# III.5.2 Advances and loans disbursed to senior officers and Supervisory Board members, and guarantees assumed on their behalf

No loan was disbursed to or guarantees were assumed on behalf of Board and Supervisory Board members in 2016.

# III.5.3 Pension payment liability to former officers, and Supervisory Board members of the Company

The Company has no pension liabilities to former Board and Supervisory Board members as at the balance sheet date.

## III.6 The Company's investments

Internal code	Name	CHANGE	MÁV % (01/01/2016)	MÁV % (31/12/2016)	Date of foundation	Postal code	Registered office	Address	Registered capital 31/12/2016	Registered capital MÁV 31/12/2016	Registered capital GIR Opening 01/01/2016 -1619-	Accumulated impairment GIR Opening 01/01/2016 -1699-	Carrying amount GIR Opening 01/01/2016 -16-
180	MÁV-START Zrt.	0,00%	100,00%	100,00%	2007.01.11	1087	Budapest	Könyves Kálmán körút 54-60.	43 741 514 000	43 741 514 000	121 033 553 416	-7 094 445 928	113 939 107 488
101	MÁV FKG Kft.	0,00%	100,00%	100,00%	1993.12.31	5137	Jászkisér	Jászladányi út 10.	1 504 760 000	1 504 760 000	1 535 268 428	0	1 535 268 428
131	MÁV KFV Kft.	0,00%	100,00%	100,00%	1996.09.01	1097	Budapest	Péceli út 2.	569 400 000	569 400 000	569 400 000	0	569 400 000
179	ZÁHONY-PORT Zrt.	0,00%	100,00%	100,00%	2006.08.31	4625	Záhony	Európa tér 12.	10 000 000	10 000 000	975 617 000	-590 891 000	384 726 000
138	MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt.	0,00%	99,63%	99,63%	1996.11.01	1087	Budapest	Könyves Kálmán körút 54-60.	801 000 000	798 000 000	1 423 332 417	0	1 423 332 417
020	MÁV VAGON Kft.	0,00%	0,04%	0,04%	1992.12.30	8000	Székesfehérvár	Takarodó utca 1.	243 980 000	100 000	100 000	0	100 000
Fully	y consolidated subsidiaries, total								46 870 654 000	46 623 774 000	125 537 271 261	-7 685 336 928	117 851 934 333
015	MÁV NOSZTALGIA Kft.	0,00%	57,00%	57,00%	1992.12.30	1142	Budapest	Tatai út 95.	10 000 000	5 700 000	5 700 000	0	5 700 000
Equi	ty consolidated subsidiaries, total								10 000 000	5 700 000	5 700 000	0	5 700 000
193	Kínai-Magyar Vasúti Nonprofit Zrt.	15,00%	0,00%	15,00%	2016.10.28	1087	Budapest	Könyves Kálmán körút 54-60.	5 000 000	750 000	0	0	0
_	ty consolidated jointly managed panies, total								5 000 000	750 000	0	0	0
027	Dunakeszi Járműjavító Kft.	0,00%	25,10%	25,10%	1992.12.30	2120	Dunakeszi	Állomás sétány 19.	772 000 000	193 750 000	193 770 000	0	193 770 000
142	MULTISZOLG'97 Hídmérleg Kft.	0,00%	25,00%	25,00%	1997.04.15	1081	Budapest	Népszínház utca 21. IV. em. 1.	61 280 000	15 320 000	15 320 000		15 320 000
116	MÁV-THERMIT Kft.	0,00%	35,00%	35,00%	1995.02.28	2030	Érd	Tolmács utca 18.	138 000 000	48 300 000	48 300 000	0	48 300 000
037	VAMAV Kft.	0,00%	50,00%	50,00%	1991.11.26	3200	Gyöngyös	Gyártelep utca 1.	1 400 000 000	700 000 000	480 000 000	0	480 000 000
038	EURO-METALL Kft.	0,00%	34,99%	34,99%	1991.01.23	1045	Budapest	Elem utca 5-7.	50 590 000	17 700 000	17 700 000	0	17 700 000
Equi	ty consolidated associated companies,								2 421 050 000	975 070 000	777 000 000	0	777.000.000
total									2 421 870 000	9/5 0/0 000	755 090 000	U	755 090 000
134	MÁV Utasellátó Zrt. f.a.	0,00%	100,00%	100,00%	1996.12.01	1053	Budapest	Veres Pálné utca 9.	137 000 000	137 000 000	137 000 000	-137 000 000	0
006	MÁV HÍDÉPÍTŐ Kft. f.a.	-100,00%	100,00%	0,00%	1992.08.01	1142	Budapest	Mexikói út 71.	0	0	600 000 000	-600 000 000	0
cons	idiaries treated as a shareholding in olidation, total								137 000 000	137 000 000	737 000 000	-737 000 000	0
178	HUNGRAIL Magyar Vasúti Egyesülés v.a.	-4,55%	4,55%	0,00%	2006.03.24	1066	Budapest	Teréz krt. 38.	0	0	200 000	0	200 000
	MÁV VASJÁRMŰ Kft. f.a.	0,00%	25,01%	25,01%	1992.12.30		Szombathely	Szövő utca 85.	88 890 000	22 230 000	158 000 000	-158 000 000	0
	MÁV-REC Kft.	0,00%	49,00%	49,00%	2001.10.11	1097	Budapest	Könyves Kálmán körút 16.	50 000 000	24 500 000	50 500 000	0	50 500 000
share	ciated companies treated as a cholding in consolidation, total								138 890 000	46 730 000	208 700 000	-158 000 000	50 700 000
147	Bureau Central de Clearing s.c.f.l. (BCC)	0,00%	1,36%	1,36%	1997.01.28	40-B-1060	Bruxelles	Avenue de la Porte de Hal	34 289 955	466 530	468 114	0	468 114
128	Eurofima Societe Europeenne Pour Le Financement de Material Ferroviaire (Vasúti Gördülőanyag-finanszírozási Európai Zrt.)	0,00%	0,70%	0,70%	1992.06.01	CH4001	Basel	Rittergasse 20.	752 466 000 000	5 267 262 000	2 288 833 747	0	2 288 833 747
	Vasútegészségügyi Nonprofit Közhasznú Kft.	0,00%	14,21%	14,21%	1997.07.31	1062	Budapest	Podmaniczky utca 109.	701 020 000	99 600 000	99 600 000	0	99 600 000
	HIT Rail B.V. (Informatikai Szolgáltató)	0,00%	9,52%	9,52%	2001.11.26	3511 ER		Laan van Puntenburg 100	423 298 220	40 314 116	68 203 485	0	
172	Normon-Tool Kft.	0,00%	0,04%	0,04%	2002.03.14	5600	Békéscsaba	Ipari út 1.	80 290 000	29 190	132 200	0	132 200
	r companies treated as a shareholding in olidation, total								753 704 898 175	5 407 671 836	2 457 237 546	0	2 457 237 546
	Grand total:								803 288 312 175	53 196 695 836	129 700 998 807	-8 580 336 928	121 120 661 879

Table 70: Presentation of the Company's shareholdings, and opening portfolio

Figures in HUF

Internal code	Name	Foundation 2016 -16111-	FX gain 31/12/2016 -16113-	Derecognition due to other decrease (liquidation, voluntary liquidation, merger) 2016 -16124-	FX loss 31/12/2016 -16123-	Registered capital 31/12/2016 -161-	Impairment 2016 -1691-	Other increase in impairment 2016 -1692-	Reversal of impairment, derecognition 2016 -1698-	Derecognition of impairment due to liquidation or voluntary liquidation 2016 -1695-	Accumulated impairment 31/12/2016 -169-	Carrying amount 31/12/2016 -16-
180	MÁV-START Zrt.					121,033,553,416			5,482,287,884		-1,612,158,044	119,421,395,372
101	MÁV FKG Kft.					1,535,268,428					0	1,535,268,428
131	MÁV KFV Kft.					569,400,000					0	569,400,000
179	ZÁHONY-PORT Zrt.					975,617,000					-590,891,000	384,726,000
138	MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt.					1,423,332,417					0	1,423,332,417
020	MÁV VAGON Kft.					100,000					0	100,000
Fully	consolidated subsidiaries, total	0	0	0	0	125,537,271,261	0	0	5,482,287,884	0	-2,203,049,044	123,334,222,217
015	MÁV NOSZTALGIA Kft.					5,700,000					0	5,700,000
Equit	y consolidated subsidiaries, total	0	0	0	0	5,700,000	0	0	0	0	0	5,700,000
193	Kínai-Magyar Vasúti Nonprofit Zrt.	750,000				750,000					0	750,000
	y consolidated jointly managed companies,					,						ĺ
total	,	750,000	0	0	0	750,000	0	0	0	0	0	750,000
	Dunakeszi Járműjavító Kft.					193,770,000					0	193,770,000
	MULTISZOLG'97 Hídmérleg Kft.					15,320,000					0	15,320,000
116	MÁV-THERMIT Kft.					48,300,000					0	48,300,000
037	VAMAV Kft.					480,000,000					0	480,000,000
038	EURO-METALL Kft.					17,700,000					0	17,700,000
Equit	y consolidated associated companies, total	0	0	0	0	755,090,000	0	0	0	0	0	755,090,000
134	MÁV Utasellátó Zrt. f.a.					137,000,000					-137,000,000	0
	MÁV HÍDÉPÍTŐ Kft. f.a.			-600,000,000		0				600,000,000	0	0
	diaries treated as a shareholding in lidation, total	0	0	-600,000,000	0	137,000,000	0	0	0	600,000,000	-137,000,000	0
178	HUNGRAIL Magyar Vasúti Egyesülés v.a.			-200,000	İ	0					0	0
	MÁV VASJÁRMŰ Kft. f.a.			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		158,000,000					-158,000,000	0
165	MÁV-REC Kft.					50,500,000					0	50,500,000
	ciated companies treated as a shareholding in olidation, total	0	0	-200,000	0	208,500,000	0	0	0	0	-158,000,000	50,500,000
147	Bureau Central de Clearing s.c.f.l. (BCC)				-3,139	464,975					0	464,975
128	Eurofima Societe Europeenne Pour Le Financement de Material Ferroviaire (Vasúti Gördülőanyag-finanszírozási Európai Zrt.)		237,283			2,289,071,030					0	2,289,071,030
120	Vasútegészségügyi Nonprofit Közhasznú Kft.					99,600,000					0	99,600,000
169	HIT Rail B.V. (Informatikai Szolgáltató)				-457,420	67,746,065					0	67,746,065
172	Normon-Tool Kft.					132,200					0	132,200
	r companies treated as a shareholding in blidation, total	0	237,283	0	-460,559	2,457,014,270	0	0	0	0	0	2,457,014,270
	Grand total:	750,000	237,283	-600,200,000	-460,559	129,101,325,531	0	0	5,482,287,884	600,000,000	-2,498,049,044	126,603,276,487

Table 71: Changes to the Company's shareholdings in the reporting year

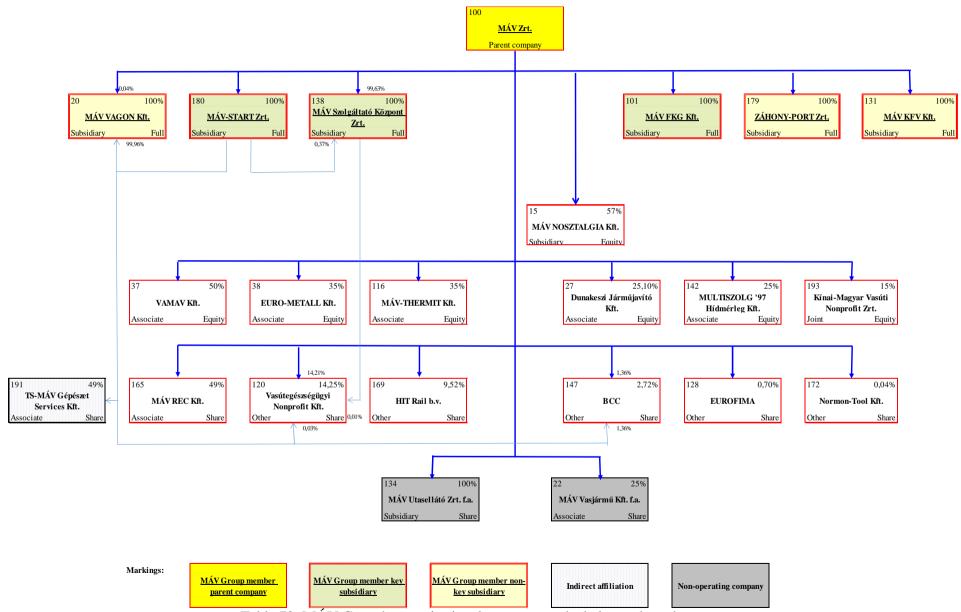


Table 72: MÁV Group's organisational structure on the balance sheet date

### III.7 Exempted parent company's disclosures

The Company is not classed as an exempted parent company, and is required to prepare and publish consolidated financial statements.

# III.8 Material transactions with related parties that were not made on an arm's-length basis

From the Company's perspective, we define related parties as undertakings that are classified as subsidiaries, joint ventures and affiliated companies – hereinafter referred to together as related companies – as defined in the Accounting Act, the members of senior management, the senior officers, and the close relatives thereof. For the purpose of defining related parties, we define senior management as the Company's chairman & CEO and deputy CEOs, and we define senior officers as the members of the Company's Board of Directors and Supervisory Board, and their close relatives.

Transactions between MÁV Zrt. and its related parties as defined in the Corporate Tax Act are conducted on an arm's length basis.

#### III.9 Permanent establishments abroad

The Company does not have any permanent establishments abroad

IV Annual report to the supervisory authority – Disclosures made under joint Ministry of the Economy and Transport and Ministry of Finance (GKM-PM) Decree 50/2007 on the accounting separation of railway transport activities within the railway company

In this section the Company fulfils its disclosure obligation set out in GKM-PM Decree 50/2007 (IV.26.) on the accounting separation of railway transport activities within the railway company, on the basis of the Decree and the Company's effective accounting separation policy.

The statutory principles of separation, and the change in the policy in the reporting year, are described in section I.2.

The activity statement to be presented in the report to the supervisory authority states amount in thousand HUF on the basis of the Decree, while the other statements containing monetary sums presents them in million HUF as stipulated in the Accounting Act.

The accounting separation of the individual activities at the Company takes place at general ledger level.

Based on the Decree, in 2016 the Company separated the following activities from each other:

- Railtrack operations (railtrack general ledger)
- Railway passenger transport (narrow-gauge regional passenger transport general ledger)
- Other activities (central general ledger)

### IV.1 Railtrack operations

The balance sheet, profit and loss statement, cash flow statement and activity statement prepared on the basis of the railtrack GL are shown in the following tables:

			Figu	res in MHU
Serial		2015.12.31	2016.12.31	Change
no. A.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS (L+IL+IIL)	862 316	1 015 889	153 573
I.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (I./ 1.+_7.)	3 587	9 063	5 476
1.	Capitalised value of foundation and restructuring	0	0	0
2.	Capitalised value of R&D	37	37	0
3	Intangible property rights	1 761	5 740	3 979
3/a	of which: Managed state-owned intangible property rights	0	2 675	2 675
4.	Intellectual properties	1 789	3 286	1 497
4/a.	of which: State owned intellectual property taken into asset management	0	0	0
5.	Goodwill	0	0	0
6	Advances given for intangible assets	0	0	0
7.	Value adjustment of intangible assets	0	0	0
II.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (II./ 1.+_7.)	858 725	1 006 826	148 101
1.	Land and buildings and related intangible property rights	742 540	847 555	105 015
1/a	of which: Managed state-owned real estate properties and related intangible property rights	704 740	813 705	108 965
2.	Technical equipment, machinery, vehicles	86 277	129 586	43 309
2/a	of which: Managed state-owned technical equipment, machinery and vehicles	76 582	118 530	41 948
3.	Other fixtures, fittings and vehicles	41	20	-21
4	Breeding stock	0	0	0
5	Capital projects, renovations	27 070	25 756	-1 314
5/a.	of which: Managed state-owned capital projects	16 724	14 992	-1 732
6.	Advances given for capital projects	2 797	3 909	1 112
7	Value adjustment of tangible assets	0	0	0
III.	FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (III./ 1.+_10.)	4	0	-4
1.	Long-term investments in related companies	0	0	0
2.	Long-term loans to related companies	0	0	0
3.	Significant permanent shareholding	0	0	0
4.	Long-term loans given to significant related parties	0	0	0
5.	Other long-term investments	0	0	0
6.	Long-term loans given to other related parties	0	0	0
7.	Other long-term loans given	4	0	-4
8.	Long-term debt securities	0	0	0
9.	Value adjustment of financial investments	0	0	0
10.	Valuation difference of fixed financial assets	0	0	0
B.	Current assets (B./ I.+II.+III.+IV.+üet.)	46 629	42 827	-3 802
I.	INVENTORIES (L/ 1.+_6.)	9 451	9 714	263
1.	Raw materials	8 366	9 390	1 024
1/a	of which: Managed state-owned materials	2 356	2 320	-36
2.	Work in progress and semi-finished products	4	2	-2
2/a	of which: Managed state-owned WIP and semi-finished products	0	0	0
3.	Animals for breeding, fattening and other livestock	0	0	0
4.	Finished products	267	236	-31
4/a. 5.	of which: Managed state-owned finished products  Goods	13 814	8 86	-5 -728
6	Advances given for inventories	0	0	0
II.	RECEIVABLES (IL/ 1.+_8.)	10 150	11 586	1 436
1.	Receivables from the transportation of goods and from services (accounts receivable)	2 766	2 722	-44
2	Receivables from related companies	6 975	8 584	1 609
3.	Receivables from companies linked by virtue of major participating interests	18	30	12
4.	Receivables from other associated companies	2	9	7
5.	Bills of exchange receivable	0	0	0
6.	Other receivables	389	241	-148
6/a.	of which: Receivables related to managed state-owned assets	0	0	0
7.	Valuation difference of receivables	0	0	0
8.	Positive valuation difference of derivative transactions	0	0	0
	Receivables from settlements with divisions	0	0	0
III.	SECURITIES (III./ 1.+_6.)	0	0	0
1.	Investments in related companies	0	0	0
2.	Significant shareholding	0	0	0
3.	Other investments	0	0	0
4.	Treasury shares, own quotas	0	0	0
5.	Marketable debt securities	0	0	0
6.	Valuation difference of securities	0	0	0
IV.	LIQUID ASSETS (IV./ 1.+2.)	27 028	21 527	-5 501
1.	Cash, cheques	0	0	0
2	Bank deposits	27 028	21 527	-5 501
C.	PREPAID EXPENSES AND ACCRUED INCOME (C./ 1.+2.+3.)	2 276	2 258	-18
1.	Accrued income	1 157	766	-391
2.	Prepaid costs and expenses	1 119	1 492	373
3.	Deferred expenses	0		0
	TOTAL ASSETS (A.+B.+C.)	911 221	1 060 974	149 753

Table 73: Asset side of the balance sheet based on the railtrack GL

I.	quity (D/ L+_VII)  SHARE CAPITAL  which: repurchased ownership share at nominal value	2015.12.31 -55 581 5 688	2016.12.31 -57 983	Change -2 402
I. of II. III. IV.	SHARE CAPITAL  which: repurchased ownership share at nominal value		-57 983	-2 402
of II. III. IV.	which: repurchased ownership share at nominal value	5 688		-2 402
II. III. IV.	1		5 688	0
III. IV.	GUD GOD DUD DUDUND AD CADULA	0	0	0
IV.	SUBSCRIBED BUT UNPAID CAPITAL	0	0	0
	CAPITAL RESERVE	22 905	18 957	-3 948
v	RETAINED EARNINGS	-102 643	-84 211	18 432
	NON-DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVE	95	37	-58
VI.	VALUATION RESERVE	0	0	0
1.	Valuation reserve for value adjustment	0	0	0
2.	Valuation reserve for fair value	0	0	0
VII. AF	FIER-TAX PROFIT/LOSS	18 374	1 546	-16 828
E. Pr	rovisions (E/ 1+2+3)	18 189	19 860	1 671
	Provision for expected liabilities	11 739	11 022	-717
	Provision for future expenses	6 450	8 838	2 388
3.	Other provisions	0	0	0
	IABILITIES (F/ I.+II.+III.)	918 197	1 060 997	142 800
	UBORDINATED LIABILITIES (F.I./ 1+2+3+4)	0	0	0
1.	Subordinated liabilities to related companies	0	0	0
	Subordinated liabilities to significant related parties	0	0	0
3.	Subordinated liabilities to other related parties	0	0	0
4.	Subordinated liabilities to other entities	0	0	0
	ONG-TERM LIABILITIES (F.II./ 1+_8)	828 320	979 937	
	·			151 617
1.	Long-term borrowings	526	292	-234
2.	Convertible and contingent convertible bonds	0	0	0
3.	Debts from issue of bonds	0	0	0
4.	Investment and development credits	0	0	0
5.	Other long-term credits	0	0	0
6	Long-term liabilities to related companies	0	0	0
7.	Long-term liabilities to significant related parties	0	0	0
8.	Long-term liabilities to other related parties	0	0	0
9.	Other long-term liabilities	827 794	979 645	151 851
9./a	of which: Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	827 475	979 318	151 843
	HORT-TERM LIABILITIES (F.III./ 1+_10+üet)	89 877	81 060	-8 817
1.	Short-term borrowings	686	234	-452
1/a	of which: convertible bonds	0	0	0
2	Short-term loans	1 908	0	-1 908
3.	Advances received from customer	13	18	5
4.	Liabilities from the transportation of goods and from services (accoun	15 043	18 290	3 247
5	Bills of exchange payable	0		0
6	Current liabilities to related companies	14 546	13 087	-1 459
7.	Short-term liabilities to significant related parties	438	433	-5
8.	Short-term liabilities to other related parties	21	22	1
9.	Other short-term liabilities	18 598	12 412	-6 186
9./a	of which: Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	1 124	665	-459
10.	Valuation difference of liabilities	0	0	0
11.	Negative valuation difference of derivative transactions	0	0	0
De	ebts from settlements with divisions	38 624	36 564	-2 060
G. Ac	ccrued expenses and deferred income (G./ 1+2+3)	30 416	38 100	7 684
1.	Prepaid income	9 529	9 485	-44
2	Accrued expenses	1 389	1 973	584
3	Deferred income	19 498	26 642	7 144
TC	OTAL LIABILITIES (D.+E.+F.+G.)	911 221	1 060 974	149 753

Table 74: Liabilities side of the balance sheet based on the railtrack GL

.01. Net domestic sales revenues 138 26 .02. Net export sales revenues 1 74  I. Net sales revenues (01+02) 140 01	2016.12.31	
.02.       Net export sales revenues       1 74         I.       Net sales revenues (01+02)       140 01		Change
.02.       Net export sales revenues       1 74         I.       Net sales revenues (01+02)       140 01	136 941	-1 325
I. Net sales revenues (01+02) 140 01		-223
	+	-1 548
	) 0	0
	$0 \qquad 0$	0
I/A 3. Internal revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5)  16 15	-	-16 153
I/A 4. Internal revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4)  39	-	14
I/A 5. Revenues from direct internal services (593,4),597,49  29  29  29  20  20  20  20  20  20  2		48
	) 23	23
I/A. Total internal revenue settled: 16 57	+	-16 068
.03. Change in self-manufactured inventories -78		749
.04. Capitalised value of self-manufactured assets 7 19		-937
	+	-188
III. Other revenues 112 67		-4 047
1	5 39	33
Total operating yields: 275 67	+	-21 851
.05. Material costs 17.81		1 809
.06. Value of services used 46 40		-2 081
.07. Value of other services used 1 08		35
.08. Cost of goods sold 34 44	-	-4 018
.09. Value of sold (intermediated) services 31	7 288	-29
IV. Material expenditures (05+06+07+08+09) 100 07	95 786	-4 284
IV/A 1. Internal costs of passenger transport (594,1;596,1)	0	0
IV/A 2. Internal costs of engineering services (594,2;596,2;598)	0	0
IV/A 3. Internal costs of central services (594,3;594,5;596,3;596,5) 15 69	2 0	-15 692
IV/A 4. Internal costs of rail track services (594,4;596,4)	7 0	-3 597
IV/A 5. Costs of direct internal services (593,1)	502	476
IV/A 6. Costs of central administration and property management (596,9) 3 60	3 1 312	-2 296
IV/A Total internal expenditures settled: 22 92	1 814	-21 109
The state of the s	57 614	8 286
.10. Wages 49 32		0 200
.10.     Wages       .11.     Other payments to personnel       7 52	8 756	1 229
.11. Other payments to personnel 7 52	17 523	1 229
.11.         Other payments to personnel         7 52           .12.         Wage-related contributions         15 01	5 17 523 83 893	1 229 2 508
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87	5 17 523 0 83 893 7 50 682	1 229 2 508 12 023
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65	5 17 523 0 83 893 7 50 682 3 20 128	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65         VII.       Other expenditures       15 34	5 17 523 0 83 893 7 50 682 3 20 128 3 13 015	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65         VII.       Other expenditures       15 34         of which: impairment       4 38	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 8 252 303	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65         VII.       Other expenditures       15 34         of which: impairment       4 38         Total operating expenses:       256 86         A.       BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)       18 80	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 8 252 303	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65         VII.       Other expenditures       15 34         of which: impairment       4 38         Total operating expenses:       256 86         A.       BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)       18 80         .13.       Dividends, profit share received	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 3 252 303 8 1 517	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65         VII.       Other expenditures       15 34         of which: impairment       4 38         Total operating expenses:       256 86         A.       BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)       18 80         .13.       Dividends, profit share received         Of which: received from related companies	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 8 252 303 8 1 517 0 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65         VII.       Other expenditures       15 34         of which: impairment       4 38         Total operating expenses:       256 86         A.       BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)       18 80         .13.       Dividends, profit share received         Of which: received from related companies       .14.         .14.       Gain on sale of investments	5 17 523 0 83 893 7 50 682 3 20 128 3 13 015 3 252 303 3 1 517 0 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291 0
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65         VII.       Other expenditures       15 34         of which: impairment       4 38         Total operating expenses:       256 86         A.       BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)       18 80         .13.       Dividends, profit share received         Of which: received from related companies       .14.         Gain on sale of investments       .15 (20 mg/s)         Of which: received from related companies       .14 (20 mg/s)	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 252 303 8 1 517 0 0 0 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291 0 0
.11.         Other payments to personnel         7 52           .12.         Wage-related contributions         15 01           V.         Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)         71 87           VI.         Depreciation         46 65           VII.         Other expenditures         15 34           of which: impairment         4 38           Total operating expenses:         256 86           A.         BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)         18 80           .13.         Dividends, profit share received           Of which: received from related companies         14.           .14.         Gain on sale of investments           Of which: received from related companies         15.           .15.         Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans)	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 252 303 8 1 517 9 0 9 0 9 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291 0 0 0
.11.         Other payments to personnel         7 52           .12.         Wage-related contributions         15 01           V.         Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)         71 87           VI.         Depreciation         46 65           VII.         Other expenditures         15 34           of which: impairment         4 38           Total operating expenses:         256 86           A.         BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)         18 80           .13.         Dividends, profit share received           Of which: received from related companies         14.           .14.         Gain on sale of investments           Of which: received from related companies         15.           .15.         Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans)	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 0 0 9 0 0 9 0 0 9 0 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291 0 0 0
.11.         Other payments to personnel         7 52           .12.         Wage-related contributions         15 01           V.         Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)         71 87           VI.         Depreciation         46 65           VII.         Other expenditures         15 34           of which: impairment         4 38           Total operating expenses:         256 86           A.         BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)         18 80           .13.         Dividends, profit share received           Of which: received from related companies         14.           .14.         Gain on sale of investments           Of which: received from related companies         15.           .15.         Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans)           Of which: received from related companies         16.           .16.         Other interest received (due) and similar income         9	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 0 0 9 0 0 9 0 0 9 0 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 0
.11.         Other payments to personnel         7 52           .12.         Wage-related contributions         15 01           V.         Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)         71 87           VI.         Depreciation         46 65           VII.         Other expenditures         15 34           of which: impairment         4 38           Total operating expenses:         256 86           A.         BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)         18 80           .13.         Dividends, profit share received           Of which: received from related companies         14.           .14.         Gain on sale of investments           Of which: received from related companies         15.           .15.         Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans)           Of which: received from related companies         16.           .16.         Other interest received (due) and similar income         9	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 0 0 9	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 7 5 2 .12. Wage-related contributions 15 01 V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71 87 VI. Depreciation 46 65 VII. Other expenditures 15 34 of which: impairment 4 3 88 Total operating expenses: 256 86 A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18 80 .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies .14. Gain on sale of investments Of which: received from related companies .15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) Of which: received from related companies .16. Other interest received (due) and similar income 9 Of which: received from related companies .17. Other financial revenues	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 3 20 128 3 13 015 3 252 303 3 1 517 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 18
.11. Other payments to personnel 7 5 2 .12. Wage-related contributions 15 01 V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71 87 VI. Depreciation 46 65 VII. Other expenditures 15 34 of which: impairment 4 3 88 Total operating expenses: 256 86 A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18 80 .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies .14. Gain on sale of investments Of which: received from related companies .15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) Of which: received from related companies .16. Other interest received (due) and similar income 9 Of which: received from related companies .17. Other financial revenues	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 0 0 9	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 18
.11. Other payments to personnel 7.52 .12. Wage-related contributions 15.01 V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71.87 VI. Depreciation 46.65 VII. Other expenditures 15.34 of which: impairment 4.38 Total operating expenses: 256.86 A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18.80 .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies .14. Gain on sale of investments Of which: received from related companies .15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) Of which: received from related companies .16. Other interest received (due) and similar income 9 Of which: received from related companies .17. Other financial revenues 1 Of which: valuation difference VIII. Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17) 11	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 0 0 9	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 18 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 7.52 .12. Wage-related contributions 15.01  V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71.87  VI. Depreciation 46.65  VII. Other expenditures 15.34  of which: impairment 4.38  Total operating expenses: 256.86  A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18.80  .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies 14. Gain on sale of investments Of which: received from related companies 15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) Of which: received from related companies 16. Other interest received (due) and similar income 9  Of which: received from related companies 17. Other financial revenues 17. Other financial revenues 18. Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17) 11. Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17) 11.	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 0 0 9	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 0 18 0 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 7.52 .12. Wage-related contributions 15.01  V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71.87  VI. Depreciation 46.65  VII. Other expenditures 15.34  of which: impairment 4.38  Total operating expenses: 256.86  A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18.80  .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies  .14. Gain on sale of investments 0f which: received from related companies  .15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) 0f which: received from related companies  .16. Other interest received (due) and similar income 9  Of which: received from related companies 17. Other financial revenues 19  Of which: valuation difference 19  VIII. Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17) 11  .18. Expenses of and losses on investments of which: provided to related companies	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 3 20 128 3 13 015 3 252 303 3 1 517 9 0 0 9	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 -17 291 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 7.52 .12. Wage-related contributions 15.01 V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71.87 VI. Depreciation 46.65 VII. Other expenditures 15.34 of which: impairment 4.38 Total operating expenses: 256.86 A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18.80 .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies .14. Gain on sale of investments Of which: received from related companies .15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) Of which: received from related companies .16. Other interest received (due) and similar income Of which: received from related companies .17. Other financial revenues UIII. Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17) .18. Expenses of and losses on investments of which: provided to related companies .19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans)	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 3 20 128 3 13 015 3 252 303 3 1 517 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 7 5 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 3 20 128 3 13 015 3 252 303 3 1 517 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 7 5 5 2 .12. Wage-related contributions 15 01 V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71 87 VI. Depreciation 46 6 5 VII. Other expenditures 15 34 of which: impairment 4 38 Total operating expenses: 256 86 A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (L.+I/A+IL.+IILIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18 80 .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies .14. Gain on sale of investments Of which: received from related companies .15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) Of which: received from related companies .16. Other interest received (due) and similar income 9 Of which: received from related companies .17. Other financial revenues 11. Other financial revenues 12. Of which: valuation difference .20	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 3 20 128 3 13 015 3 252 303 3 1 517 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 8 252 303 8 1 517 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 18 0 0 18 0 0 0 -18 0 0 -308
.11. Other payments to personnel	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 0 0 9	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 18 0 0 18 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 752 .12. Wage-related contributions 15 01 V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 7187 VI. Depreciation 4665 VII. Other expenditures 15 34	5 17 523 9 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 9 0 0 9	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 18 0 0 18 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 -15 5 0 0 -308
.11. Other payments to personnel 752 .12. Wage-related contributions 15 on V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 7187 VI. Depreciation 4665 VII. Other expenditures 15 at 70 of which: impairment 4 38 Total operating expenses: 256 86 BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18 80 Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies Of which: received from related companies Of which: received from related companies Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) Of which: received from related companies Other interest received (due) and similar income 90 Of which: received from related companies Other financial revenues Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17) 11 Expenses of and losses on investments of which: provided to related companies Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17) 11 Expenses of and losses on investments of which: provided to related companies Interest payable (paid) and similar expenses 38 Of which: provided to related companies Interest payable (paid) and similar expenses 38 Of which: provided to related companies Impairment of investments, long-term loans given, securities and bank deposits 38 Other expenses of financial transactions 16	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 8 252 303 8 1 517 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 -308 0 0 -155 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 7 52 .12. Wage-related contributions 15 01 V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71 87 VI. Depreciation 46 65 VII. Other expenditures 15 34 of which: impairment 4 38 Total operating expenses: 256 86 A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (L+I/A+IL+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18 80 .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies .14. Gain on sale of investments 0f which: received from related companies .15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) Of which: received from related companies .16. Other interest received (due) and similar income 99 Of which: received from related companies .17. Other financial revenues 11 Of which: valuation difference VIII. Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17) 11 .18. Expenses of and losses on investments of which: provided to related companies .19. Expenses of and losses on investments Of which: provided to related companies .19. Interest payable (paid) and similar expenses 38 Of which: provided to related companies .19. Impairment of investments, long-term loans given, securities and bank deposits .21. Impairment of investments, long-term loans given, securities and bank deposits .22. Other expenses of financial transactions .13. Interest payable (paid) and similar expenses 38 Of which: valuation difference .23. Impairment of investments, long-term loans given, securities and bank deposits .24. Financial expenses (18.+19.+20.+21.+22.)	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 8 252 303 8 1 517 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
.11. Other payments to personnel 7 52 .12. Wage-related contributions 15 01 V. Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.) 71 87 VI. Depreciation 46 65 VII. Other expenditures 15 34 of which: impairment 4 38 Total operating expenses: 256 86 A. BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII) 18 80 .13. Dividends, profit share received Of which: received from related companies 14. Gain on sale of investments 15 90 which: received from related companies 15. Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans) 07 which: received from related companies 16. Other interest received from related companies 17. Other financial revenues 18. Of which: received from related companies 19. Other financial revenues 19. Of which: valuation difference 19. Income from financial transactions (1.3+1.4+1.5+1.6+1.7) 11. Sexpenses of and losses on investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans) 19. Expenses 1	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 8 252 303 8 1 517 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 -308 0 0 -155 0 463 463
.11.       Other payments to personnel       7 52         .12.       Wage-related contributions       15 01         V.       Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)       71 87         VI.       Depreciation       46 65         VII.       Other expenditures       15 34         of which: impairment       4 38         Total operating expenses:       256 86         A.       BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (L.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)       18 80         .13.       Dividends, profit share received         Of which: received from related companies       0         .14.       Gain on sale of investments         Of which: received from related companies       0         .15.       Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans)         Of which: received from related companies       0         .16.       Other interest received (due) and similar income       9         Of which: received from related companies       1         .17.       Other financial revenues       1         Of which: valuation difference       1         VIII.       Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17)       11         .18.       Expenses of and losses on investments       0         of which: provided to related	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 20 128 8 13 015 8 252 303 8 1 517 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0 9 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1.11.   Other payments to personnel   7 52	5 17 523 83 893 7 50 682 8 13 015 8 252 303 8 1517 0	1 229 2 508 12 023 4 025 4 785 8 627 -4 560 -17 291 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -18 0 0 0 0 -308 0 0 -155 0 463 463

Table 75: Profit and loss statement based on the railtrack GL

		1 iguics	s in MHU
Nr.	Description	2015	2016.
I.	Change in cash from ordinary business activity (Operating cash-flow, 1-17)	74 787	5 578
1.	Pre-tax profit/loss (±)	18 374	1 540
	Assumed liabilities	-16 422	(
	deferral of interest related to assumed liability	25	(
	amounts received free of charge	0	-4
	amounts granted free of charge, expensed	17	2
	dividend received	0	(
	amount realised in excess of the book value of loan given	0	(
	deferred dividend	0	
	profit/loss from changes in investments	0	-
	surplus non-current assets	-1	
	non-realised exchange rate difference on liquid assets	0	
2.	Previous years' profit/loss	0	
3.	Revaluation of loans and investments	0	
4.	Ordinary depreciation charge +	46 657	50 68
4/a.	Depreciation charge on previous year	0	
5.	Recognised impairment, scrapping, shortage and reversal ±	4 382	12 97
6.	Changes in provisions ±	5 048	1 67
7.	Non-current asset disposals ±	6	-2
8.	Change in liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	-2 673	-58 92
9.	Movements in creditors ±	6	3 24
10.	Movements in other short-term liabilities ±	15 084	-2 40
10/a.	Movements in balance of business line operations	-2 538	-3 26
11.	Movements in accruals ±	7 194	1 60
11/a.	Released deferred income related to asset settlement	66	8
11/b.	Accrued income associated with fixed assets received without compensation	0	
12.	Movements in debtors ±	77	-3
13.	Current asset movements (less debtors and liquid assets) ±	-2 326	-1 62
14.	Movements in prepayments and accrued income ±	1 553	1 02
15.	Corporate income tax payable -	0	-
16.	Dividend and share payable -	0	
17.	Liquid assets assumed through merger as of balance sheet date	258	25.24
II.	Change in liquid assets from investing activities (Lines 18-21)	-53 560	-35 240
18.	Non-current asset additions -	-53 597	-35 27
19.	Non-current asset disposals +	37	3
20.	Capital withdrawn from existing investment (subsidiary)	0	
21.	Dividend received +	0	
III.	Change in cash from financial transactions (Financing cash-flow, lines 22-32)	-2 808	24 167
22.	Revenues from the issue of shares (capital addition) +	0	1 97
23.	Proceeds from issue of bonds and debt securities +	0	
24.	Borrowings +	0	
25.	Repayment, cancellation and redemption of long-term loans and bank deposits +	0	
26.	Amounts received free of charge +*	0	24 79
27.	Redemption of shares, capital reduction -	0	
28.	Bond redemption -	0	
29.	Loan repayment -	-2 846	-2 59
30.	Long-term loans and bank deposits +	0	
31.	Amounts transferred free of charge -	-17	-2
32.	Movements in payables to founders and in other long-term liabilities ±	55	1
IV.	Cash flow (I.+II.+III.)	18 419	-5 50
33.	Non-realised exchange rate difference on liquid assets	0	
V.	Change in cash and cash equivalents (IV.+33.)	18 419	-5 501

Table 76: Cash flow statement based on the railtrack GL

The profit and loss account of railtrack operations is shown in the table below (in THUF):

Figures in THUF

Line	Description	Base year	Reporting year
Line	Description	2015	2016
1	Net sales revenue	140 012 476	138 463 759
	of which: fee revenue	140 012 476	138 463 759
	of which: ticket-price subsidies	0	0
	paid by government	0	0
2	Internal revenues	16 574 381	507 366
3	Capitalised value of own performance	6 406 774	6 219 614
4	Other income	48 320 106	108 629 540
	of which: government compensation	38 180 229	38 869 437
	of which: government subsidy	5 562 044	5 386 111
5	OPERATING GAINS TOTAL	211 313 737	253 820 279
6	Material expenses	100 069 642	95 785 616
	of which: infrastructure charge	0	0
7	Internal expenses	22 922 439	1 814 474
	of which: network access	3 597 206	0
	of which: traction	0	0
	of which: other railway services	25 920	502 610
	of which: central services	15 691 722	0
	of which: central control	3 607 591	1 311 864
8	Payments to personnel	71 870 093	83 893 047
	Depreciation charge	46 656 980	50 681 555
10	Other expenditure	15 175 938	20 128 214
11	OPERATING EXPENSES TOTAL	256 695 093	252 302 906
12	OPERATING PROFIT	-45 381 356	1 517 373
13	Financial gains	114 456	114 727
14	Financial expenses	548 852	85 863
15	FINANCIAL LOSS	-434 396	28 864
16	Extraordinary revenues	64 357 260	0
	of which: government subsidy	16 585 886	0
17	Extraordinary expenses	167 843	0
18	PROFIT ON EXTRAORDINARY EVENTS	64 189 417	0
19	Tax liability	0	-28
20	AFTER-TAX PROFIT/LOSS	18 373 665	1 546 265

Table 77: P&L of the railtrack operations division

Significant events in the reporting period:

A predominant part of net sales in 2016 includes railtrack access revenues, which are presented separately from traction electricity and fuel sold:

Figures in HUF bn

Purchaser	Year 2015	<b>Year 2016</b>	Difference						
Network access net of traction electricity and fuel									
MÁV-START Zrt.	72.3	73.7	1.4						
Rail Cargo Hungary Zrt.	12.1	11.9	-0.2						
Other railway companies	6.7	6.7	0.0						
Traction electricity									
MÁV-START Zrt.	14.5	12.6	-1.9						
Rail Cargo Hungary Zrt.	4.6	4.2	-0.4						
Other railway companies	3.0	2.8	-0.2						
Traction fuel									
MÁV-START Zrt.	10.0	9.2	-0.8						
Other railway companies	1.6	1.0	-0.6						
Total	124.8	122.1	-2.7						

Table 78: Revenues from track access charges

Revenues from the sale of traction electricity decreased because the volume of traction electricity sold and the per-unit electricity charge both decreased relative to the base period (base average price: 25.7 HUF/kWh, actual average price: 23.0 HUF/kWh). The fall in revenues from the sale of traction fuel was partly due to the 8.02% decline in the per-unit charge for the use of traction fuel (base: 262 HUF/l, actual average price: 241 HUF/l).

As a result of the above factors, net revenue from sales decreased by HUF 1.6 billion.

The HUF 16.1 billion decrease in internal revenues results from a change in the Separation Policy. Within the separable activities, the booking of direct internal costs and revenues of services provided and settled between general ledger units takes place on a net basis, in order to avoid the unnecessary accumulation of costs and revenues within the division. Internal costs decreased by the same extent as internal revenues. The most significant item among internal revenues was the network access fee for the narrow-gauge regional railways calculated on a prime cost basis (HUF 0.4 billion), which was compensated by assistance recognised as an internal expense.

Capitalised value of own performance was on a par with the base period.

According to the activity statement on railtrack operations, other revenues grew by HUF 60 billion in the reporting year.

- The growth is due to the fact that the statement structure prescribed by joint GKM-PM Decree 50/2007. (IV.26.) continues to include the extraordinary revenue category, which in the base period was predominantly comprised of a HUF 47.8 billion compensation liability and HUF 16.6 billion in liabilities taken over by the government. Against this, the compensation liability waiver (VPK) was stated in the reporting year, in the amount of HUF 60.1 billion. The above item was stated as extraordinary revenue in 2015. An additional HUF 12.3 billion increase is attributable to the extraordinary depreciation of tangible and intangible assets. No liabilities assumed by the government were accounted for in the reporting year.
- For the purpose of extending the public employment programme, a new contract was concluded with the relevant authority, effective from 7 March 2016 until 28 February 2017, under which MÁV Zrt. agreed to employ an average staff of 1,270 persons in March, and 1,595 persons in the following month, in jobs related to the maintenance of green spaces and

the cleaning of station facilities. In 2016 state aid of HUF 1.4 billion was accounted for in the context of the public employment programme, which is HUF 0.2 billion less than in the base year.

- The utilisation of provisions in 2016 amounted to HUF 3.5 billion, the most significant components of this being the utilisation of provisions made for severance pay liabilities (HUF 0.9 billion), the utilisation of provisions for working clothes and uniforms (HUF 0.3 billion), the utilisation of provisions for other liabilities related to litigation (HUF 0.7 billion), the utilisation of provisions for maintenance costs (HUF 1.0 billion), and the utilisation of provisions for unpaid bonuses (HUF 0.2 billion).
- The recognised operating costs reimbursement in 2016 was on a par with the base year, at HUF 38.9 billion.
- Reasonable profit, on the basis of the 2015 settlement, was HUF 3.6 billion.

The 2016 costs reimbursement clause of the Railtrack Operation Agreement was signed on 23 March 2016, based on which the costs reimbursement disbursed in 2016 was HUF 69,121.4 million. Of this, HUF 44,030 million comprised the operating and HUF 25,091.4 million the renovation costs reimbursement.

The actual costs reimbursement used to compensate the operating loss, and the utilisation of the costs reimbursement available for renovation to maintain track operation assets in their existing state in 2016 are presented in the table below:

Figures in MHUF

REF.	Legal title of reimbursement	2015	2016
A	Opening, unused reimbursement	8 987	12 681
В	Amount used for capital projects and renovations, charged to previous year's residual	-1 636	-7 018
С	Reasonable profit recognised in the reporting year, charged to previous year's residual	-3 716	-3 650
I.	Cost reimbursement not used from residual of previous periods (I=A+B+C)	3 635	2 013
D	Operational compensation disbursed in the reporting year	44 745	44 030
Е	Operational compensation recognised in the reporting year	-38 180	-38 869
II.	Unused operational compensation in the reporting year (IL=D+E)	6 565	5 161
F	Renovation cost reimbursement disbursed in the reporting year	26 072	25 091
G	Used amount of renovation cost reimbursement disbursed in the reporting year	-23 591	-24 792
III.	Unused cost reimbursement for renovation in the reporting year (IIL=F+G)	2 481	299
IV.	Unused reimbursement, total (IV= L+IL+IIL)	12 681	7 473

Table 79: Composition of costs reimbursement

The decrease in material expenses relative to the base period is 4.28%.

Figures in HUF bn

Description	Year 2015	<b>Year 2016</b>	Difference		
Material costs	17,8	19,6	1,8		
Value of services used	46,4	44,3	-2,1		
Value of other services used	1,1	1,1	0,0		
Cost of goods sold	34,4	30,4	-4,0		
Value of sold (intermediated) services	0,3	0,3	0,0		
Material expenses in total:	100,0	95,7	-4,3		

Table 80: Composition of material expenses

• The most significant factors relating to material costs are the costs of specialist materials provided for track refurbishment and maintenance works at HUF 9.1 billion, and the energy,

gas, water and sewage fees, as well as transport and heating fuel costs, totalling HUF 7.0 billion.

- The costs of services used decreased by 4.49% in 2016 in comparison to the base year. The individual components of this grew slightly, but the increase was offset by the decrease of HUF 3.9 billion in the costs of building management, maintenance, utilisation and rental services and HUF 1.1 billion in the costs of security services, which resulted from the absorption of MÁV LV Kft., and by the HUF 0.5 billion fall in the costs of procurement and inventory management services obtained from MÁV SZK.
- The cost of goods sold decreased relative to the base period, the most significant item being the HUF 10.1 billion material expense related to the sale of traction gasoline (HUF -1.6 billion), and the HUF 19.7 billion material expense related to the re-sold traction and pre-heating/pre-cooling electricity (HUF -2.4 billion).
- The cost of services sold (intermediated) was on a par with the base period.

Internal expenses derive from the distribution of MÁV Zrt's central management costs (HUF 1.3 billion). Due to the organisational changes, the value of these fell in comparison to the base period, as from 1 January 2016 the asset management unit is stated directly among the revenues and expenses of railtrack operations. The aforementioned internal assistance provided for passenger transport on the Children's Railway was HUF 0.4 billion.

Personnel expenses increased by HUF 12 M in comparison to the base year, as a consequence of the merger carried out on 31 December 2015, the increase in staff numbers and the payments made in connection with standby jobs.

As well as the carried-over and reporting-year impact of the scrapping and devaluations related to capital investments, the extent of the depreciation is also influenced by the capitalisation of the new installations. The increase relative to the base period is a result of the inclusion of the capital projects managed by NIF Zrt. in the portfolio. Due to the waiving of the compensation liability, this is offset by a matching growth in other revenues.

Of the annual depreciation charge, HUF 47.4 billion was recognised on managed, state-owned assets.

The value of other expenses increased relative to the base year. The most significant component of this growth was the HUF 7.3 billion in extraordinary depreciation recognised on the period between the commissioning of NIF-developed assets and the actual acceptance thereof, the HUF 0.9 billion in extraordinary depreciation on state-owned tangible assets, and the HUF 0.4 billion in provisions set aside for bonus payment obligations.

The growth was moderated by the HUF 3.1 billion decrease, relative to the base year, in the provisions set aside for expected liabilities, the most significant component of this being the HUF 2.7 billion drop in provisions set aside for environmental obligations. Provisions for obligations related to work clothes, outfits and uniforms, and for other liabilities related to litigation, also fell short of the base-year figure, by HUF 0.3 billion and HUF 0.6 billion respectively.

Provisions of HUF 3.5 billion were set aside in 2016 for maintenance costs.

Financial expenses in the reporting period are essentially only comprised of the interest payable on liquidity loans and entrepreneurial loans, which is continuously decreasing in line with the reduction in the loan principal.

In summary, it can be concluded that the operation of the railtrack network, in itself, was loss-making. The HUF 1.5 billion profit comprised the state costs reimbursement received to

compensate for costs not covered by revenues, the waived compensation liabilities, and the HUF 3.6 billion reasonable profit for 2015 approved in the reporting year, reduced by the HUF 2.1 billion retroactive award of 3 years' back pay to employees in standby jobs.

The revenues received from related parties and the costs and expenses payable to them in connection with railtrack operations activity are presented, for each related party, in the table below:

Figures in MHUF

	Revenues			Cos			
Related company	Net sales revenue	Financial and other gains	Total revenues	Material and personnel expenses	Other and financial expenditures	Total costs and expenses	Total
015 - MÁV NOSZTALGIA Kft.	220	0	220	121	0	121	99
020 - MÁV VAGON Kft.	98	0	98	351	0	351	-253
101 - MÁV FKG KFT	811	11	822	8 564	4	8 568	-7 746
131 - MÁV KFV Kft.	79	0	79	1 264	0	1 264	-1 185
138 - MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt.	1 914	20	1 934	12 237	7	12 244	-10 310
179 - ZÁHONY-PORT Zrt.	263	0	263	208	0	208	55
180 - MÁV-START Zrt.	102 037	30	102 067	26 076	215	26 291	75 776
Total	105 422	61	105 483	48 821	226	49 047	56 436

Table 81: Related party balances (revenues and expenditures) related to railtrack operations

The effect of the asset settlement and the related compensation for 2016 is presented in the following table:

Item	Reduction is asset value resulting from asset settlement (A)	Capital reserve correction resulting from separation (B)	Change in capital reserve resulting from asset settlement (C=A+B)	Settlement of registered capital increase resulting from compensation for asset settlement (D)	Increase of capital	Total compensation for asset settlement (F=D+E=C)	
VÜNSZ III Györgytarló asset transfer in 2016	0						
Release of revenue deferred because of VÜNSZ III Györgytarló asset handover in 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NIF asset transfer (VÜSZ IV) in 2016	1,926						
Release of revenue deferred because of NIF asset handover (VÜSZ IV) in 2016	-46	832	832	2,712	0	2,712	2,712
NIF asset transfer (VÜSZ V) in 2016	902						
Release of revenue deferred because of NIF asset handover (VÜSZ V) in 2016	-44	352	1,211	0	1,211	1,211	
VÜNSZ VI Eger 2016	2						
Release of deferred income due to VÜNSZ VI Eger handover in 2016	0	-2	0	0	0	0	
Total:	2,740	1,182	3,923	0	3,923	3,923	

Table 82: Effect of the asset settlement on the railtrack operations GL

## IV.2 Regional passenger transport

The balance sheet, the profit and loss account, the cash flow statement and the activity statement for regional passenger transport are presented in the following tables:

	Figures in MI				
Serial		2015.12.31	2016.12.31	Change	
no.	VOLUMENT ACCORDO A. W. W.				
A.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS (L+IL+IIL)	139	128	-11	
I.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (L/ 1.+_7.)	0	0	0	
1.	Capitalised value of foundation and restructuring	0	0	0	
2.	Capitalised value of R&D	0	0	0	
3	Intangible property rights	0	0	0	
3/a	of which: Managed state-owned intangible property rights	0	0	0	
4.	Intellectual properties	0	0	0	
4/a.	of which: State owned intellectual property taken into asset management	0	0	0	
5.	Goodwill	0	0	0	
6	Advances given for intangible assets	0	0	0	
7.	Value adjustment of intangible assets	0	0	0	
П.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (II./ 1.+_7.)	139	128	-11	
1.	Land and buildings and related intangible property rights	0	0	0	
1/a	property rights	0	0	0	
2.	Technical equipment, machinery, vehicles	138	128	-10	
2/a	of which: Managed state-owned technical equipment, machinery and vehicles	0	0	0	
3.	Other fixtures, fittings and vehicles	0	0	0	
4	Breeding stock	0	0	0	
5	Capital projects, renovations	1	0	-1	
5/a.	of which: Managed state-owned capital projects	0	0	0	
6.	Advances given for capital projects	0	0	0	
7	Value adjustment of tangible assets	0	0	0	
III.	FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (III./ 1.+_10.)	0	0	0	
1.	Long-term investments in related companies	0	0	0	
2.	Long-term loans to related companies	0	0	0	
3.	Significant permanent shareholding	0	0	0	
4.	Long-term loans given to significant related parties	0	0	0	
5.	Other long-term investments	0	0	0	
6.	Long-term loans given to other related parties	0	0	0	
7.	Other long-term loans given	0	0	0	
8.	Long-term debt securities	0	0	0	
9.	Value adjustment of financial investments	0	0	0	
-	Valuation difference of fixed financial assets				
10.		0	0	0	
В.	Current assets (B./ I.+II.+III.+IV.+üet.)	2	10 004	10 002	
I.	INVENTORIES (I./ 1.+_6.)	0	0	0	
1.	Raw materials	0	0	0	
1/a	of which: Managed state-owned materials	0	0	0	
2.	Work in progress and semi-finished products	0	0	0	
2/a	of which: Managed state-owned WIP and semi-finished products	0	0	0	
3.	Animals for breeding, fattening and other livestock	0	0	0	
4.	Finished products	0	0	0	
4/a.	of which: Managed state-owned finished products	0	0	0	
5.	Goods	0	0	0	
6	Advances given for inventories	0	0	0	
II.	RECEIVABLES (IL/ 1.+ 8.)	1	0	-1	
1.	Receivables from the transportation of goods and from services (accounts receivable)	0	0	0	
2	Receivables from related companies	0	0	0	
3.	Receivables from companies linked by virtue of major participating interests	0	0	0	
4.	Receivables from other associated companies	0	0	0	
5.	Bills of exchange receivable	0	0	0	
6.	Other receivables	1	0	-1	
6/a.	of which: Receivables related to managed state-owned assets	0	0	0	
7.	Valuation difference of receivables	0	0	0	
8.	Positive valuation difference of derivative transactions	0	0	0	
	Receivables from settlements with divisions	0	0	0	
III.	SECURITIES (III./ 1.+_6.)	0	0	0	
1.	Investments in related companies	0	0	0	
2.	Significant shareholding	0	0	0	
3.	Other investments	0	0	0	
4.	Treasury shares, own quotas	0	0	0	
5.	Debt securities held for sale	0	0	0	
6.	Valuation difference of securities	0	0	0	
IV.	LIQUID ASSETS (IV./ 1.+2.)	1	10 004	10 003	
1.	Cash in hand, cheques	0	10 004	1	
2	Bank deposits	1	10 003	10 002	
C.	PREPAID EXPENSES AND ACCRUED INCOME (C./ 1.+2.+3.)	1	2	10 002	
	` '				
1.	Accrued income	0	0	0	
2.	Prepaid costs and expenses	1	2	1	
3.	Deferred expenses	0	0	0	
	TOTAL ASSETS (A.+B.+C.)	142	10 134	9 992	

Table 83: Assets in the balance sheet based on the regional passenger transport GL

			Figures in N	ипог
Serial no.		2015.12.31	2016.12.31	Change
D.	Equity (D/ I.+_VII)	134	-26	-160
I.	SHARE CAPITAL	0	0	0
	of which: repurchased ownership share at nominal value	0	0	0
II.	SUBSCRIBED BUT UNPAID CAPITAL	0	0	0
III.	CAPITAL RESERVE	0	0	0
IV.	RETAINED EARNINGS	-3 390	134	3 524
V.	NON-DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVE	0	0	0
VI.	VALUATION RESERVE	0	0	0
1.	Valuation reserve for value adjustment	0	0	0
2.	Valuation reserve for fair value	0	0	0
VII.	AFTER-TAX PROFIT/LOSS	3 524	-160	-3 684
E.	Provisions (E/ 1+2+3)	0	55	55
1.	Provision for contingent liabilities	0	0	0
2.	Provision for future expenses	0	55	55
3.	Other provisions	0	0	0
<b>F.</b>	LIABILITIES (F/ I.+II.+III.)			
	SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES (F.I./ 1+2+3+4)	8	10 085	10 077
I.	` '	0	0	0
1.	Subordinated liabilities to related companies	0	0	0
2.	Subordinated liabilities to significant related parties	0	0	0
3.	Subordinated liabilities to other related parties	0	0	0
4.	Subordinated liabilities to other entities	0	0	0
II.	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (F.II./ 1+_8)	0	0	0
1.	Long-term borrowings	0	0	0
2.	Convertible and contingent convertible bonds	0	0	0
3.	Debts from issue of bonds	0	0	0
4.	Investment and development credits	0	0	0
5.	Other long-term credits	0	0	0
6	Long-term liabilities to related companies	0	0	0
7.	Long-term liabilities to significant related parties	0	0	0
8.	Long-term liabilities to other related parties	0	0	0
9.	Other long-term liabilities	0	0	0
9./a	of which: Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	0	0	0
III.	SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES (F.III./ 1+_10+üet)	8	10 085	10 077
1.	Short-term borrowings	0	0	0
1/a	of which: convertible bonds	0	0	0
2	Short-term loans	0	0	0
3.	Advances received from customer	0	0	0
4.	Liabilities from the transportation of goods and from services (accoun	3	7	4
5	Bills of exchange payable	0	0	0
6	Current liabilities to related companies	1	7	6
7.	Short-term liabilities to significant related parties	0		0
8.	Short-term liabilities to other related parties	0	0	0
9.	Other short-term liabilities	4	10 004	10 000
9./a	of which: Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	0		0
10.	Valuation difference of liabilities	0		0
11.	Negative valuation difference of derivative transactions	0		0
	Debts from settlements with divisions	0	67	67
G.	Accrued expenses and deferred income (G./ 1+2+3)	0	20	20
1.	Prepiad income	0		0
2	Accrued expenses	0		20
3	Deferred income	0		0
-	TOTAL LIABILITIES (D.+E.+F.+G.)	142		9 992
	TO THE DEBUILD (D. D. D	142	10 134	9 994

Table 84: Equity and liabilities side of the balance sheet based on the regional passenger transport GL

.02. Net sa I. Net sa I/A 1. Interna I/A 2. Interna I/A 3. Interna I/A 4. Interna I/A 5. Revenu I/A 6. Revenu I/A 6. Revenu I/A Capt II. Capits III. Ott Of v Total .05. Mai .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	domestic sales revenues  les revenues (01+02) di revenues from passenger transport (595,1;597,1) di revenues from passenger transport (595,2;597,2) di revenues from central services (595,2;597,3;597,5) di revenues from central services (595,4;597,4) ues from direct internal services (593,2) ue from central control (597,9) internal revenue settled: inge in self-manufactured inventories initialised value of self-manufactured assets alised value of own performance (03+04) inter revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) operating yields: ierial costs ue of services used ue of other services used ue of other services used ue of sold (intermediated) services	100   100	2016.12.31  103  0  103  0  0  0  401  0  401  0  5  0  509  333  87	3 0 3 0 0 -290 -3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 -16 0 -3 592 8
.02. Net I. Net sa I/A 1. Interna I/A 2. Interna I/A 3. Interna I/A 4. Interna I/A 5. Revenu I/A 6. Revenu I/A 6. Revenu I/A 6. Total .03. Cha .04. Cap II. Capit: III. Ott  Total .05. Mai .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	export sales revenues  les revenues (01+02)  d revenues from passenger transport (595,1;597,1)  d revenues from engineering services (595,2;597,2)  d revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5)  d revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4)  ues from direct internal services (593,2)  ue from central control (597.9)  internal revenue settled:  inge in self-manufactured inventories  initialised value of self-manufactured assets  alised value of own performance (03+04)  inter revenues  which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  operating yields:  terial costs  ue of services used  ue of other services used  ue of other services used  ue of sold (intermediated) services	0 100 0 0 290 3 597 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 103 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 3 0 0 -290 -3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
.02. Net  I. Net sa I/A 1. Interna I/A 2. Interna I/A 3. Interna I/A 4. Interna I/A 5. Revenu I/A 6. Revenu I/A 6. Revenu I/A 6. Cap II. Capit: III. Ott Of v Total .05. Mat .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	export sales revenues  les revenues (01+02)  d revenues from passenger transport (595,1;597,1)  d revenues from engineering services (595,2;597,2)  d revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5)  d revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4)  ues from direct internal services (593,2)  ue from central control (597.9)  internal revenue settled:  inge in self-manufactured inventories  initialised value of self-manufactured assets  alised value of own performance (03+04)  inter revenues  which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  operating yields:  terial costs  ue of services used  ue of other services used  ue of other services used  ue of sold (intermediated) services	0 100 0 0 290 3 597 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 103 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 3 0 0 -290 -3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I. Net sa  I/A 1. Interna I/A 2. Interna I/A 3. Interna I/A 4. Interna I/A 5. Revenu I/A 6. Revenu I/A 7 Total .03. Cha .04. Cap II. Capita III. Ott  Total .05. Maa .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	les revenues (01+02) al revenues from passenger transport (595,1;597,1) al revenues from engineering services (595,2;597,2) al revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5) al revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4) al revenues from direct internal services (593,2) al refrom central control (597.9) al revenue settled: ange in self-manufactured inventories altisted value of self-manufactured assets altised value of own performance (03+04) are revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) apperating yields: are ial costs are of services used are of goods sold are of sold (intermediated) services	100 0 0 0 290 3 597 0 93 3 980 0 0 0 4 101 25 61	103 0 0 0 0 401 0 401 0 0 0 0 5 0 5 9 87	3 0 0 -290 -3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I/A 1.   Internation   I/A 2.   Internation   I/A 3.   Internation   I/A 4.   Internation   I/A 5.   Revenut   I/A 6.   Revenut   I/A 6.   Revenut   I/A 6.   Cap	al revenues from passenger transport (595,1;597,1) al revenues from engineering services (595,2;597,2) al revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5) al revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4) al revenues from direct internal services (593,2) al refrom central control (597.9) al revenue settled: ange in self-manufactured inventories altised value of self-manufactured assets altised value of own performance (03+04) are revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) apperating yields: are ial costs are of services used are of goods sold are of sold (intermediated) services	0 0 290 3 597 0 93 3 980 0 0 0 21 0 4 101 25 61	0 0 0 401 0 401 0 0 0 0 5 0 509	0 -290 -3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I/A 2. Internation I/A 3. Internation I/A 4. Internation I/A 5. Revenut I/A 6. Revenut I/A 6. Revenut I/A 6. Cap 11. Capita 111. Otto 11	al revenues from engineering services (595,2;597,2) al revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5) al revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4) al revenues from direct internal services (593,2) al from central control (597.9) al revenue settled: ange in self-manufactured inventories alisted value of self-manufactured assets alisted value of own performance (03+04) are revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) apperating yields: are ial costs are of services used are of goods sold are of sold (intermediated) services	0 290 3 597 0 93 3 980 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 401 0 401 0 0 0 0 0 5 0 5 9	0 -290 -3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I/A 2. Internation I/A 3. Internation I/A 4. Internation I/A 5. Revenut I/A 6. Revenut I/A 6. Revenut I/A 6. Cap 11. Capita 111. Otto 11	al revenues from engineering services (595,2;597,2) al revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5) al revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4) al revenues from direct internal services (593,2) al from central control (597.9) al revenue settled: ange in self-manufactured inventories alisted value of self-manufactured assets alisted value of own performance (03+04) are revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) apperating yields: are ial costs are of services used are of goods sold are of sold (intermediated) services	0 290 3 597 0 93 3 980 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	0 0 0 401 0 401 0 0 0 0 0 5 0 5 9	0 -290 -3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I/A 3. Internation I/A 4. Internation I/A 5. Revenut I/A 6. Revenut I/A 6. Revenut I/A 6. Cap 1/A 6	al revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5) al revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4) al revenues from direct internal services (593,2) al refrom central control (597.9) al reternal revenue settled: al revenue settled: al revenue in self-manufactured inventories al revenue of own performance (03+04) al revenues al r	290 3 597 0 93 3 980 0 0 0 0 21 0 4 101 25 61	0 0 401 0 401 0 0 0 0 0 5 5 0 5 9	-290 -3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I/A 4.   Internation   I/A 5.   Revent     I/A 6.   Revent     I/A 6.   Revent     I/A 7	al revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4)  the from direct internal services (593,2)  the from central control (597.9)  tinternal revenue settled:  tinge in self-manufactured inventories  titalised value of self-manufactured assets  alised value of own performance (03+04)  there revenues  which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  toperating yields:  terial costs  the of services used  the of goods sold  the of goods sold  the of sold (intermediated) services	3 597 0 93 3 980 0 0 0 21 0 4 101 25 61	0 401 0 401 0 0 0 0 0 5 5 0 5 9	-3 597 401 -93 -3 579 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I/A 5. Revent I/A 6. Revent I/A 70tal .03. Cha .04. Cap II. Capits III. Ott  .05. Mat .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	uses from direct internal services (593,2)  use from central control (597.9)  internal revenue settled:  use in self-manufactured inventories  initialised value of self-manufactured assets  alised value of own performance (03+04)  user revenues  which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  operating yields:  userial costs  use of services used  use of other services used  use of sold (intermediated) services	0 93 3980 0 0 0 21 0 4101 25 61	401 0 401 0 0 0 0 5 0 5 9 33 87	401 -93 -3 579 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I/A 6.   Revent   I/A   Total	the from central control (597.9)  internal revenue settled:  inge in self-manufactured inventories  initalised value of self-manufactured assets  alised value of own performance (03+04)  inter revenues  which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  operating yields:  iterial costs  the of services used  the of goods sold  the of goods sold  the of sold (intermediated) services	93 3980 0 0 0 21 0 4101 25 61	0 401 0 0 0 0 5 0 5 0 5 9	-93 -3 579 0 0 -16 0 -3 592
I/A   Total	internal revenue settled:  inge in self-manufactured inventories intalised value of self-manufactured assets alised value of own performance (03+04) inter revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) internal costs internal revenues internal revenues which: operating yields: internal costs internal costs internal revenues internal revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) internal costs internal revenues internal revenue (03+04)	3 980 0 0 0 21 0 4 101 25 61	401 0 0 0 0 5 0 5 0 5 9	-3 579 0 0 0 -16 0 -3 592 8
.03. Cha .04. Cap II. Capits III. Ott  Total .05. Mat .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	inge in self-manufactured inventories italised value of self-manufactured assets alised value of own performance (03+04) iter revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) operating yields: iterial costs use of services used use of other services used ut of goods sold use of sold (intermediated) services	0 0 0 21 0 4101 25 61	0 0 0 5 0 5 0 509 33	0 0 -16 0 -3 592
.04. Cap II. Capit: III. Ott	italised value of self-manufactured assets  alised value of own performance (03+04)  ter revenues  which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  operating yields:  terial costs  the of services used  the of other services used  that of goods sold  the of sold (intermediated) services	0 0 21 0 4 101 25 61	0 0 5 0 509 33 87	0 0 -16 0 -3 592 8
II.   Capitz	alised value of own performance (03+04) there revenues which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2) toperating yields: terial costs the of services used the of other services used that of goods sold the of sold (intermediated) services	0 21 0 4101 25 61	0 5 0 509 33 87	0 -16 0 -3 592 8
III. Ott   Of v   Of	per revenues  which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  operating yields:  terial costs  the of services used  the of other services used  the of goods sold  the of sold (intermediated) services	21 0 4 101 25 61	5 0 509 33 87	-16 0 -3 592 8
III. Ott   Of v   Of	per revenues  which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  operating yields:  terial costs  the of services used  the of other services used  the of goods sold  the of sold (intermediated) services	0 4 101 25 61 1	0 <b>509</b> 33 87	0 -3 592 8
0f v Total .05. Mat .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)  operating yields:  terial costs  the of services used  the of other services used  the of goods sold  the of sold (intermediated) services	0 4 101 25 61 1	0 <b>509</b> 33 87	0 -3 592 8
.05. Mar .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater	operating yields: terial costs the of services used the of other services used at of goods sold the of sold (intermediated) services	4 101 25 61 1	<b>509</b> 33 87	-3 <b>592</b>
.05. Mai .06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	terial costs  tue of services used  tue of other services used  to of goods sold  tue of sold (intermediated) services	25 61 1	33 87	8
.06. Val .07. Val .08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater	ue of services used ue of other services used et of goods sold ue of sold (intermediated) services	61	87	
.07. Vali .08. Cos .09. Vali IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	ue of other services used et of goods sold ue of sold (intermediated) services	1		26
.08. Cos .09. Val IV. Mater IV/A1. Interna	et of goods sold ue of sold (intermediated) services		1 1	
.09. Val IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna	ue of sold (intermediated) services	0	1	0
IV. Mater IV/A 1. Interna			0	0
IV/A1. Interna		0	0	0
	ial expenditures (05+06+07+08+09)	87	121	34
	d costs of passenger transport (594,1;596,1)	0	0	0
L LV/A / Uniterna	d costs of engineering services (594,2;596,2;598)	0	0	0
	al costs of central services (594,3;594,5;596,3;596,5)	1	0	-1
	al costs of rail track services (594,4;596,4)	398	401	3
			-	
	of direct internal services (593,1)	0	1	1
	of central administration and property management (596,9)	2	2	0
IV/A Total	internal expenditures settled:	401	404	3
.10. Wa	ges	54	55	1
.11. Oth	er payments to personnel	4	4	0
.12. Wa	ge-related contributions	15	15	0
V. Payme	ents to personnel (10.+11.+12.)	73	74	1
	ciation	16	15	-1
	expenditures	0	55	55
	•	0	0	0
	ch: impairment (862)		-	
	operating expenses:	577	669	92
	NESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)	3 524	-160	-3 684
.13. Div	idends, profit share received	0	0	0
Of	which: received from related companies	0	0	0
.14. Gai	n on sale of investments	0	0	0
Of	which: received from related companies	0	0	0
.15. Rev	renues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans)	0	0	0
	which: received from related companies	0	0	0
	er interest received (due) and similar income	0	0	0
	which: received from related companies	0	0	0
	er financial revenues	0	0	0
			-	
	which: valuation difference	0	-	0
	e from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17)	0	0	0
.18. Exp	enses of and losses on investments	0		0
of v	which: provided to related companies	0	0	0
.19. Exp	enses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans)	0	0	0
Of	which: provided to related companies	0	0	0
	rest payable (paid) and similar expenses	0	0	0
	which: provided to related companies	0	-	0
	nairment of investments, long-term loans given, securities and bank deposits	0	0	0
-		0	0	0
	er expenses of financial transactions			
	which: valuation difference	0	0	0
	cial expenses (18.+19.+20.+21.+22.)	0	0	0
B. FINA	NCIAL PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX)	0	0	0
C. PRE-	TAX PROFIT/LOSS (±A±B)	3 524	-160	-3 684
	K LIABILITY	0	0	0
	TT OR LOSS AFTER TAX (±C-X)	3 524	-160	-3 684

Table 85: Profit and loss statement based on the regional passenger transport GL

			s in MHUF
Nr.	Description	2015	2016.
I.	Change in cash from ordinary business activity (Operating cash-flow, 1-17)	-19	7
1.	Pre-tax profit/loss (±)	3 524	-160
	Assumed liabilities	0	0
	deferral of interest related to assumed liability	0	C
	amounts received free of charge	0	C
	amounts granted free of charge, expensed	0	
	dividend received	0	
	amount realised in excess of the book value of loan given	0	
	deferred dividend	0	
	profit/loss from changes in investments	0	
	surplus non-current assets	0	(
	non-realised exchange rate difference on liquid assets	0	
2.	Previous years' profit/loss	0	
3.	Revaluation of loans and investments	0	C
4.	Ordinary depreciation charge +	16	15
4/a.	Depreciation charge on previous year	0	C
5.	Recognised impairment, scrapping, shortage and reversal ±	0	C
6.	Changes in provisions ±	0	55
7.	Non-current asset disposals ±	-21	C
8.	Change in liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	0	C
9.	Movements in creditors ±	-1	4
10.	Movements in other short-term liabilities ±	3	7
10/a.	Movements in balance of business line operations	-3 541	67
11.	Movements in accruals ±	0	20
11/a.	Released deferred income related to asset settlement	0	C
11/b.	Accrued income associated with fixed assets received without compensation	0	0
12.	Movements in debtors ±	0	0
13.	Current asset movements (less debtors and liquid assets) ±	0	0
14.	Movements in prepayments and accrued income ±	1	-1
15.	Corporate income tax payable -	0	0
16.	Dividend and share payable -	0	0
17.	Liquid assets assumed through merger as of balance sheet date	0	0
<i>II</i> .	Change in liquid assets from investing activities (Lines 18-21)	19	-4
18.	Non-current asset additions -	-2	-4
19.	Non-current asset disposals +	21	-4
20.		0	(
21.	Capital withdrawn from existing investment (subsidiary)  Dividend received +	0	0
<i>III</i> .	Change in cash from financial transactions (Financing cash-flow, lines 22-32)	0	10 000
22.	Revenues from the issue of shares (capital addition) +	0	0
23.	Proceeds from issue of bonds and debt securities +	0	0
24.	Borrowings +	0	0
25.	Repayment, cancellation and redemption of long-term loans and bank deposits +	0	0
26.	Amounts received free of charge +	0	10 000
27.	Redemption of shares, capital reduction -	0	C
28.	Bond redemption -	0	0
29.	Loan repayment -	0	
30.	Long-term loans and bank deposits +	0	
31.	Amounts transferred free of charge -	0	
32.	Movements in payables to founders and in other long-term liabilities ±	0	
IV.	Cash flow (I.+II.+III.)	0	10 003
33.	Non-realised exchange rate difference on liquid assets	0	C
V.	Change in cash and cash equivalents (IV.+33.)	0	10 003

Table 86: Cash flow statement based on the regional passenger transport GL

The activity statement of the regional passenger transport activity is presented below:

Figures in THUF

Lin		Base year	Reporting year
e	Item	2015	2016
1	Net sales revenue	100 269	102 846
	of which: fee revenue	90 838	102 846
	of which: ticket-price subsidies	9 431	0
	paid by government	0	0
2	Internal revenues	3 980 092	400 868
3	Capitalised value of own performance	0	0
4	Other income	21 305	5 136
	of which: government compensation	0	0
	of which: government subsidy	0	0
5	OPERATING GAINS TOTAL	4 101 665	508 850
6	Material expenses	87 536	121 120
	of which: infrastructure charge	0	0
7	Internal expenses	401 174	403 822
	of which: network access	397 591	400 868
	of which: traction	0	0
	of which: other railway services	0	476
	of which: central services	1 755	1 819
	of which: central control	1 827	659
8	Payments to personnel	72 810	73 889
9	Depreciation charge	15 574	15 765
10	Other expenditure	381	55 011
11	OPERATING EXPENSES TOTAL	577 475	669 607
12	OPERATING PROFIT	3 524 191	-160 757
13	Financial gains	0	106
14	Financial expenses	0	0
15	FINANCIAL LOSS	0	106
16	Extraordinary revenues	0	0
	of which: government subsidy	0	0
17	Extraordinary expenses	0	0
18	PROFIT ON EXTRAORDINARY EVENTS	0	0
19	Tax liability	0	0
20	AFTER-TAX PROFIT/LOSS	3 524 191	-160 651
$\overline{}$	•		

Table 87: Activity statement of the regional passenger transport activity

MÁV Zrt's passenger transport services changed in the base schedule period of 2015/2016 and in the current schedule period of 2016/2017 as follows:

MÁV Zrt. only performs actual regional passenger transport services on the Children's Railway, which is a scheduled service but has not been classified as a public service since the timetable change of 13 December 2009.

The regional passenger transport activity performed in 2016 was, in itself, loss-making as the sales revenue did not cover the costs.

The railtrack operation service provided for the passenger transport performed on the Children's Railway is not classified as an open access service, but under the Railtrack Operation

Agreement, provision of the railtrack operation service is compulsory. The network access accounted for at prime cost, however, was not covered by the sales revenue from the passenger transport not classified as a public service.

Due to the above the restructuring of the operating conditions for the Children's Railway, commenced in the previous year, continued in 2016 (of the internally settled services not financially settled in the base year, the internal liabilities accumulated in the 2007-2015 period were waived in an amount of HUF 4 billion, and in the reporting year the fee for railtrack internal services was compensated by Railtrack with internal assistance of HUF 0.4 billion. Based on the Railtrack Operation Agreement, the railtrack costs related to the railtrack operation service and the expenses related to the provided assistance, are classed as justified costs.

The separation of records stipulated in the Decree is ensured under the present methodology by the settlement of the railtrack operation services as internal performance, with compensation for the internal performances provided in the form of assistance.

Operating yields decreased substantially (HUF -3.6 billion) in the reporting year, which was due to a combination of three factors. Net revenue from sales increased, and other revenues decreased by HUF 16 million due to the absence of the sale of tangible assets. Due to the waiving of internal liabilities, internal revenue of HUF 3,980 million was recognised in the base year, and HUF 401 million (as internal assistance) in the reporting year.

Business expenses show a 15.95% increase in comparison to the base period.

A significant portion of the costs resulted from the accounting of internal services, the largest item of which was the internal railtrack charge (which rose by 0.82% relative to the base period). This cost (HUF 0.4 billion) was offset by internal operating assistance.

Material expenses rose by 38.37% relative to the base period, primarily due to the scheduled maintenance of tractive and hauled vehicles. The scheduled refurbishment and maintenance of the assets that are essential for the continued operation of the Children's Railway.

Personnel expenses rose by 1.48% relative to the base period.

The sum of the depreciation charge and other expenses was on a par with the base-period figure.

In 2016, in accordance with the requirements set out in the accounting policy, provisions of HUF 55 million were set aside for the major repair works on 8 sightseeing coaches scheduled for the years 2017-2019.

The condition of the rolling stock developed as follows in the reporting year:

- Out of 6 diesel locomotives, 5 were fit for unlimited use in daily operations and 1 locomotive was permanently unfit for service.
- The procedure for the main inspection of 4 narrow-gauge coaches, launched in the spring of 2014, was completed; the contract signing took place in 2015. An additional 4 coaches were included in the main inspection; these are used by the Children's Railway on a daily basis all year round. The return of the first two coaches following performance of the works is expected to take place in May 2017.
- A procedure was initiated for the signing of an agreement relating to performance of the heating modernisation works at the shunting yard.
- The work relating to the inspection, maintenance and comprehensive overhaul of the track structure, control hut, electrical and drive system of the turntable, originally installed and commissioned in Hűvösvölgy in 1954, was completed.

The Government, in its resolution number 1803/2016 (XII.20.) on the provision of funds for special infrastructure development investments, granted HUF 10 billion in support for narrow-gauge railway developments under Section 101/A of Government Decree 368/2011 (XII.31.) on implementation of the act on public finance.

Traction operations indicators are presented in the following table:

T.	20:	15	2016		
Item	train km	no. of trains	train km	no. of trains	
Children's Railway	66 864	5 970	70 950	6 334	

Table 88: Children's Railway - traction operations indicators

The number of paying passengers on the Children's Railway rose by 15.74% relative to the base year, while gross revenues from fares showed growth of 2.57%.

The growth is attributable to the following causes: the number of passengers travelling with a full price ticket increased by 16.01% compared to the previous year, and the number of those travelling with a concession ticket rose by 15.09%. Thus the increase in the number of paying passengers was accompanied by an increase in the net revenue from sales.

The passenger volume of the nostalgia trains rose almost six-fold compared to the base year.

The number of passengers under the age of 6 years who travel free of charge took place through the use of registration tickets again in 2016. The number of these was 31 thousand in the base year, and 33 thousand in the reporting year, or 11.15% of the number of paying passengers.

The revenues received from related parties and the costs and expenses payable to them in connection with passenger transport are presented, for each related party, in the table below:

		Revenues Costs a					
Related company	Net sales revenue	Financial and other revenues	Total revenues	Material and personnel expenses	Other and financial expenditu res	Total	Total
020 - MÁV VAGON Kft.	0	0	0	17	0	17	-17
138 - MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt.	0	0	0	19	0	19	-19
180 - MÁV-START Zrt.	0	0	0	11	0	11	-11
Total	0	0	0	47	0	47	-47

Table 89: Related party balances related to regional public passenger transport services

## **IV.3 Other activity**

The balance sheet, the profit and loss statement, the cash flow statement and the activity statement of the central administration and services are presented in the following tables:

Serial		2015.12.31	2016.12.31	Change
no. A.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS (L+II.+III.)	224 992	225 652	660
I.	INTANGIBLE ASSETS (L/ 1.+_7.)	10	0	-10
1.	Capitalised value of foundation and restructuring	0	0	0
2.	Capitalised value of R&D	0	0	0
3	Intangible property rights	1	0	-1
3/a 4.	of which: Managed state-owned intangible property rights  Intellectual properties	9	0	-9
4/a.	of which: State owned intellectual property taken into asset management	0	0	0
5.	Goodwill	0	0	0
6	Advances given for intangible assets	0	0	0
7.	Value adjustment of intangible assets	0	0	0
II.	TANGIBLE ASSETS (II./ 1.+_7.)	103 842	99 048	-4 794
1.	Land and buildings and related intangible property rights  of which: Managed state-owned real estate properties and related intangible	19 127	19 604	477
1/a	property rights	0	0	0
2.	Technical equipment, machinery, vehicles	84 606	79 370	-5 236
2/a	of which: Managed state-owned technical equipment, machinery and vehicles	0	0	0
3.	Other fixtures, fittings and vehicles	1	1	0
5	Breeding stock Capital projects, renovations	57	0 22	-35
5/a.	of which: Managed state-owned capital projects	0	0	0
6.	Advances given for capital projects	51	51	0
7	Value adjustment of tangible assets	0	0	0
III.	FINANCIAL INVESTMENTS (III./ 1.+_10.)	121 140	126 604	5 464
1.	Long-term investments in related companies	118 664	123 341	4 677
2.	Long-term loans to related companies	0	0	0
3. 4.	Significant permanent shareholding  Long-term loans given to significant related parties	0	805	805
5.	Other long-term investments	2 457	2 457	0
6.	Long-term loans given to other related parties	0	0	0
7.	Other long-term loans given	19	1	-18
8.	Long-term debt securities	0	0	0
9.	Value adjustment of financial investments	0	0	0
10. <b>B.</b>	Valuation difference of fixed financial assets	69 711	58 065	-11 <b>646</b>
<u>в.</u> I.	Current assets (B./ L+IL+IIL.+IV.+üet.) INVENTORIES (I./ 1.+_6.)	77	14	-11 040
1.	Raw materials	66	13	-53
1/a	of which: Managed state-owned materials	0	0	0
2.	Work in progress and semi-finished products	0	0	0
2/a	of which: Managed state-owned WIP and semi-finished products	0	0	0
3.	Animals for breeding, fattening and other livestock	0	0	0
4. 4/a.	Finished products of which: Managed state-owned finished products	0	0	0
5.	Goods	11	1	-10
6	Advances given for inventories	0	0	0
II.	RECEIVABLES (IL/ 1.+_8.)	49 356	46 083	-3 273
1.	Receivables from the transportation of goods and from services (accounts receivable)	105	102	-3
2	Receivables from related companies	6 871	6 149	-722
3. 4.	Receivables from companies linked by virtue of major participating interests  Receivables from other associated companies	27	0	-5 0
5.	Bills of exchange receivable	0	0	0
6.	Other receivables	3 729	3 179	-550
6/a.	of which: Receivables related to managed state-owned assets	0	0	0
7.	Valuation difference of receivables	0	0	0
8.	Positive valuation difference of derivative transactions  Receivables from settlements with divisions	20 (24	0	1 003
III.	SECURITIES (IIL/ 1.+_6.)	38 624	36 631 0	-1 993 0
1.	Investments in related companies	0	0	0
2.	Significant shareholding	0	0	0
3.	Other investments	0	0	0
4.	Treasury shares, own quotas	0	0	0
5.	Debt securities held for sale  Valuation difference of securities	0	0	0
6. <b>IV.</b>	Valuation difference of securities  LIQUID ASSETS (IV./ 1.+2.)	20.278	0 11 968	-8 310
1 v. 1.	Cash in hand, cheques	20 278	11 968	-8 310 1
2	Bank deposits	20 274	11 963	-8 311
C.	PREPAID EXPENSES AND ACCRUED INCOME (C./ 1.+2.+3.)	10 115	5 803	-4 312
1.	Accrued income	1 854	349	-1 505
2.	Prepaid costs and expenses	298	120	-178
3.	Deferred expenses	7 963	5 334	-2 629
	TOTAL ASSETS (A.+B.+C.)	304 818	289 520	-15 298

Table 90: Asset side of the balance sheet for other activities

	Figures in MHUF				
Serial no.		2015.12.31	2016.12.31	Change	
D.	Equity (D/ I.+_VII)	214 527	225 176	10 649	
I.	SHARE CAPITAL	16 312	16 312	0	
	of which: repurchased ownership share at nominal value	0	0	0	
II.	SUBSCRIBED BUT UNPAID CAPITAL	0	0	0	
III.	CAPITAL RESERVE	96 250	96 250	0	
IV.	RETAINED EARNINGS	86 584	99 757	13 173	
V.	NON-DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVE	3 579	2 208	-1 371	
VI.	VALUATION RESERVE	0	0	0	
1.	Valuation reserve for value adjustment	0	0	0	
2.	Valuation reserve for fair value	0	0	0	
VII.	AFTER-TAX PROFIT/LOSS	11 802	10 649	-1 153	
E.	Provisions (E/ 1+2+3)	16 587	13 720	-2 867	
1.	Provision for contingent liabilities	12 203	10 594	-1 609	
2.	Provision for future expenses	0	0	0	
3.	Other provisions	4 384	3 126	-1 258	
F.	LIABILITIES (F/ I.+II.+III.)	71 052	48 301	-22 751	
I.	SUBORDINATED LIABILITIES (F.I./ 1+2+3+4)	0	0	0	
1.	Subordinated liabilities to related companies	0	0	0	
2.	Subordinated liabilities to significant related parties	0	0	0	
3.	Subordinated liabilities to other related parties	0	0	0	
4.	Subordinated liabilities to other entities	0	0	0	
II.	LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (F.II./ 1+_8)	36 953	27 312	-9 641	
1.	Long-term borrowings	0	0	0	
2.	Convertible and contingent convertible bonds	0	0	0	
3.	Debts from issue of bonds	0	0	0	
4.	Investment and development credits	35 141	27 165	-7 976	
5.	Other long-term credits	1 647	0	-1 647	
6	Long-term liabilities to related companies	0	0	0	
7.	Long-term liabilities to significant related parties	0	0	0	
8.	Long-term liabilities to other related parties	0	0	0	
9.	Other long-term liabilities	165	147	-18	
9./a	of which: Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	0	0	0	
III.	SHORT-TERM LIABILITIES (F.III./ 1+_10+üet)	34 099	20 989	-13 110	
1.	Short-term borrowings	0	0	0	
1/a	of which: convertible bonds	0	0	0	
2	Short-term loans	23 351	9 388	-13 963	
3.	Advances received from customer	44	27	-17	
4.	Liabilities from the transportation of goods and from services (accoun		3 162	-1 138	
5	Bills of exchange payable	0	0	0	
6	Current liabilities to related companies	2 807	3 039	232	
7.	Short-term liabilities to significant related parties	1	88	87	
8.	Short-term liabilities to other related parties	0		0	
9.	Other short-term liabilities	3 596		1 689	
9./a	of which: Liabilities related to managed state-owned assets	0		1 201	
10.	Valuation difference of liabilities	0		0	
11.	Negative valuation difference of derivative transactions	0		0	
	Debts from settlements with divisions	0		0	
G.	Accrued expenses and deferred income (G./ 1+2+3)	2 652		-329	
1.	Prepaid income	384		19	
2	Accrued expenses	94	345	251	
3	Deferred income	2 174	1 575	-599	
	TOTAL LIABILITIES (D.+E.+F.+G.)				
	TO TAL LIADILITIES (D.+E.+F.+G.)	304 818	289 520	-15 298	

Table 91: Equity and liabilities side of the balance sheet for other activities

	Figures in				
Line	Description	2015.12.31	2016.12.31	Change	
.01.	Net domestic sales revenues	12 908	12 662	-246	
.02.	Net export sales revenues	5	2	-3	
I.	Net sales revenues (01+02)	12 913	12 664	-249	
I/A 1.	Internal revenues from passenger transport (595,1;597,1)	0	0	0	
I/A 2.	Internal revenues from engineering services (595,2;597,2)	0	0	0	
I/A 3.	Internal revenues from central services (595,3;595,5;597,3;597,5)	0	0	0	
I/A 4.	Internal revenues from rail track services (595,4;597,4)	0		0	
I/A 5.	Revenues from direct internal services (593,2)	1	33	32	
I/A 6.	Revenue from central control (597.9)	3 610		-2 298	
I/A.	Total internal revenue settled:	3 611	1 345	-2 266	
.03.	Change in self-manufactured inventories	912	0	-912	
.04.	Capitalised value of self-manufactured assets	70		-25	
II.	Capitalised value of own performance (03+04)	982		-937	
III.	Other revenues	10 988		-3 718	
	of which: impairment reversed (962,1-962,2)	90		-78	
0.5	Total operating yields:	28 494		-7 170	
.05.	Material costs	850		-815	
.06. .07.	Value of services used  Value of other services used	2 854	1 862	-992	
.07.	Cost of goods sold	1 075		-38 -1 005	
.08.	Value of sold (intermediated) services	1 271	1 416	145	
.09. IV.	Material expenditures (05+06+07+08+09)	6 277	3 572	-2 705	
IV/A 1.	Internal costs of passenger transport (594,1;596,1)	0 277		0	
IV/A 2.	Internal costs of passenger transport (594,2;596,2;598)	0		0	
IV/A 3.	Internal costs of central services (594,3;594,5;596,3;596,5)	750		-750	
IV/A 4.	Internal costs of rail track services (594.4:596.4)	0		11	
IV/A 5.	Costs of direct internal services (593,1)	-1	3	4	
IV/A 6.	Costs of central administration and property management (596,9)	93	21	-72	
IV/A	Total internal expenditures settled:	842	35	-807	
.10.	Wages	1 269	1 040	-229	
.11.	Other payments to personnel	266	450	184	
.12.	Wage-related contributions	447	433	-14	
V.	Payments to personnel (10.+11.+12.)	1 982	1 923	-59	
VI.	Depreciation	5 437	5 383	-54	
VII.	Other expenditures	3 337	3 444	107	
	of which: impairment (-862)	352	104	-248	
	Total operating expenses:	17 875		-3 518	
A.	BUSINESS PROFIT/LOSS (I.+I/A+II.+IIIIV-IV/A-V-VI-VII)	10 619		-3 652	
.13.	Dividends, profit share received	2 282		-1 575	
	Of which: received from related companies	1 428	15	-1 413	
.14.	Gain on sale of investments	0		0	
1.5	Of which: received from related companies	0	_	0	
.15.	Revenues from and gains on financial investments (from securities and loans)	0		0	
.16.	Of which: received from related companies Other interest received (due) and similar income	418	-	-175	
.10.	Of which: received from related companies	53		-173	
.17.	Other financial revenues	706			
.17.	Of which: valuation difference	0		-300	
VIII.	Income from financial transactions (13+14+15+16+17)	3 406	-	-2 110	
.18.	Expenses of and losses on investments	0		0	
	of which: provided to related companies	0		0	
.19.	Expenses of and losses on financial investments (securities and loans)	0		0	
	Of which: provided to related companies	0	0	0	
.20	Interest payable (paid) and similar expenses	896	440	-456	
	Of which: provided to related companies	21	15	-6	
.21.	Impairment of investments, long-term loans given, securities and bank deposits	-732	-5 502	-4 770	
.22.	Other expenses of financial transactions	2 059	2 676	617	
	Of which: valuation difference	0	0	0	
IX.	Financial expenses (18.+19.+20.+21.+22.)	2 223	-2 386	-4 609	
В.	FINANCIAL PROFIT/LOSS (VIII-IX)	1 183	3 682	2 499	
C.	PRE-TAX PROFIT/LOSS (±A±B)	11 802	10 649	-1 153	
X.	TAX LIABILITY	0	0	0	
D.	PROFIT OR LOSS AFTER TAX (±C-X)	11 802	10 649	-1 153	

Table 92: Profit and loss statement of other activities

	Figures i				
Nr.	Description	2015	2016.		
I.	Change in cash from ordinary business activity (Operating cash-flow, 1-17)	18 134	14 511		
1.	Pre-tax profit/loss (±)	11 802	10 649		
	Assumed liabilities	-7 125	0		
	deferral of interest related to assumed liability	59	0		
	amounts received free of charge	0	0		
	amounts granted free of charge, expensed	180	183		
	dividend received	-2 282	-707		
	amount realised in excess of the book value of loan given	0	0		
	deferred dividend	1 428	0		
	profit/loss from changes in investments	-642	0		
	surplus non-current assets	0	0		
	non-realised exchange rate difference on liquid assets	0	0		
2.	Previous years' profit/loss	0	0		
3.	Revaluation of loans and investments	-526	-308		
4.	Ordinary depreciation charge +	5 437	5 383		
4/a.	Depreciation charge on previous year	0	0		
5.	Recognised impairment, scrapping, shortage and reversal ±	263	-5 410		
6.	Changes in provisions ±	-469	-2 867		
7.	Non-current asset disposals ±	-887	-1 701		
8.	•	0	-1 701		
	Change in liabilities related to managed state-owned assets  Movements in creditors ±				
9.		-2 437	-1 138		
10.	Movements in other short-term liabilities ±	-8 723	1 990		
10/a.	Movements in balance of business line operations	0	3 195		
11.	Movements in accruals ±	-2 299	-332		
11/a.	Released deferred income related to asset settlement	6	3		
11/b.	Accrued income associated with fixed assets received without compensation	0	0		
12.	Movements in debtors ±	701	-55		
13.	Current asset movements (less debtors and liquid assets) ±	3 263	1 314		
14.	Movements in prepayments and accrued income ±	20 385	4 312		
15.	Corporate income tax payable -	0	0		
16.	Dividend and share payable -	0	0		
17.	Liquid assets assumed through merger as of balance sheet date	0	0		
II.	Change in liquid assets from investing activities (Lines 18-21)	1 291	603		
18.	Non-current asset additions -	-2 806	-2 693		
19.	Non-current asset disposals +	3 243	2 589		
20.	Capital withdrawn from existing investment (subsidiary)	0	0		
21.	Dividend received +	854	707		
III.	Change in cash from financial transactions (Financing cash-flow, lines 22-32)	-14 767	-23 424		
22.	Revenues from the issue of shares (capital addition) +	0	0		
23.	Proceeds from issue of bonds and debt securities +	0	0		
24.	Borrowings +	0	0		
25.	Repayment, cancellation and redemption of long-term loans and bank deposits +	167	93		
26.	Amounts received free of charge +	0	0		
27.	Redemption of shares, capital reduction -	0	0		
28.	Bond redemption -	0	0		
29.	Loan repayment -	-14 727	-23 278		
30.	Long-term loans and bank deposits +	0	-39		
31.	Amounts transferred free of charge -	-180	-183		
32.	Change in liabilities towards the owners and in other long term liabilities	-27	-17		
<i>IV</i> .	Cash flow (I.+II.+III.)	4 658	-8 310		
33.	Non-realised exchange rate difference on liquid assets	0	-0.310		
V.	Change in cash and cash equivalents (IV.+33.)	4 658	-8 310		

Table 93: Cash-flow statement of other activities (based on the Central general ledger)

The activity statement of other activities is presented below:

Figures in THUF

Line Description  1 Net sales revenue of which: fee revenue of which: ticket-price subsidies paid by government  2 Internal revenues 3 Capitalised value of own performance 4 Other income of which: government compensation of which: government subsidy  5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL 6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	2015 12 912 635 12 912 635 0	2016 12 663 974 12 663 974 0
of which: fee revenue of which: ticket-price subsidies paid by government  2 Internal revenues 3 Capitalised value of own performance 4 Other income of which: government compensation of which: government subsidy  5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL 6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	12 912 635 0	12 663 974
of which: ticket-price subsidies paid by government  2 Internal revenues 3 Capitalised value of own performance 4 Other income of which: government compensation of which: government subsidy  5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL 6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	0	_
paid by government  2 Internal revenues  3 Capitalised value of own performance  4 Other income  of which: government compensation of which: government subsidy  5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL  6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge  7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services		0
2 Internal revenues 3 Capitalised value of own performance 4 Other income of which: government compensation of which: government subsidy 5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL 6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	٥١	
3 Capitalised value of own performance 4 Other income of which: government compensation of which: government subsidy  5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL 6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	<u> </u>	0
4 Other income of which: government compensation of which: government subsidy  5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL 6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	3 611 280	1 344 835
of which: government compensation of which: government subsidy  5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL 6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	982 371	44 998
of which: government subsidy  5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL  6 Material expenses     of which: infrastructure charge  7 Internal expenses     of which: network access     of which: traction     of which: other railway services	3 938 773	7 270 014
5 OPERATING GAINS TOTAL  6 Material expenses	0	0
6 Material expenses of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	644 960	609 440
of which: infrastructure charge 7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	21 445 059	21 323 821
7 Internal expenses of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	6 276 848	3 572 075
of which: network access of which: traction of which: other railway services	0	0
of which: traction of which: other railway services	842 139	34 772
of which: other railway services	0	0
	0	0
	-984	2 698
of which: central services	749 729	32 074
of which: central control	93 394	0
8 Payments to personnel	1 982 159	1 923 147
9 Depreciation charge	5 437 249	5 383 285
10 Other expenditure	3 276 179	3 443 831
11 OPERATING EXPENSES TOTAL	17 814 573	14 357 110
12 OPERATING PROFIT	3 630 486	6 966 711
13 Financial gains	3 405 913	1 296 608
14 Financial expenses	2 313 429	-2 385 859
15 FINANCIAL LOSS	1 092 484	3 682 467
16 Extraordinary revenues	7 140 266	0
of which: government subsidy	7 128 454	0
17 Extraordinary expenses	61 082	0
18 PROFIT ON EXTRAORDINARY EVENTS	7 079 185	0
19 Tax liability	0	0
20 AFTER-TAX PROFIT/LOSS		

Table 94: Other activities

The most significant items of other activity performed by MÁV Zrt. are company and group governance, the leasing out of rolling stock, utilisation of land and properties, the sale of inventories and other services.

MÁV Zrt's other activities generated a profit. The decrease relative to the previous year's profit was due partly to the HUF 3.7 billion fall in operating expenses, which was slightly less than the drop in operating yields, and partly to the increase in the profit from financial transactions (HUF +2.6 billion), which was effectively a consequence of the change in the rules on dividend payment and the increase in reversed impairment on shareholdings, securities and bank deposits, relative to the base year.

The main components of the net sales revenue are as follows:

Figures in HUF bn

Activity	<b>Year 2015</b>	<b>Year 2016</b>
Materials sold, inventory management	1.2	0.2
Rail vehicle lease	8.5	9.2
Property lease and management	1.9	2.0
Other services (human, training, accounting and other central services)	1.3	1.3
Total	12.9	12.7

Table 95: Main components of net sales revenue from other activities

The most significant factors in the decrease was the HUF 1 billion drop in revenue from material sales and inventory management services. The fall was partly offset by the HUF 0.7 billion growth in revenue from the leasing out of rolling stock.

The cause of the decline in materials sales and inventory management revenues was the outsourcing of most of the procurement and inventory management of general materials to MÁV SZK Zrt. In 2016 primarily general materials on inventory were sold (HUF 47 M) to the above mentioned company taking over the supply task, in connection with the change relating to the procurement and management of such materials. In addition to the above, HUF 73 million resulted from the sale of waste.

The sales revenue from the multiple-unit trains leased to MÁV-START Zrt. rose by HUF 0.7 billion due to a change in the prime cost serving as the basis for calculation of the leasing fees. The main components of the prime cost changed as follows: exchange rate loss realised due to the servicing of loans rose by HUF 1.3 billion, while the paid loan interest and the ordinary depreciation of the leased-out multiple-unit trains decreased by HUF 0.5 billion and HUF 0.1 billion respectively.

The revenue from property letting, which includes the pass-through utility fees and the revenue from operation, was on a par with the base period. In 2016 the letting and operation of properties generated sales revenue of HUF 2 billion.

The most significant components of net sales revenue from other services are: the pass-through maintenance costs and insurance premiums for the multiple-unit trains leased by MÁV-START Zrt (HUF 1 billion), and the license and technology fee paid by VAMAV Vasúti Berendezések Kft. (HUF 0.1 billion).

Internal revenues per activity:

	Figures in HUF bn	
		Year
Internal activity	2015	2016
Central administration	3.6	1.3
Total	3.6	1.3

Table 96: Internal revenues per activity

The internal revenue from other activities was down from 2015. The decrease in revenue from services provided internally was caused by the absence of internal revenue related to central management activity, as a result of the organisational changes. With effect from 1 January 2016 asset management activity, in terms of organisational structure, became a part of railtrack operations. In the reporting year, within the separable activities, direct internal costs and

revenues of services provided and settled between general ledger units must be accounted for on a net basis, in order to avoid the accumulation of costs and revenues within the division.

The most significant other gains items in the reporting period were:

- the revenue from the sale of own intangible assets was HUF 2.6 billion (HUF +1.3 billion) in 2016;
- the utilisation of provisions in 2016 was HUF 3.7 billion, of which HUF 0.6 billion was released from the provisions set aside for litigious cases (HUF +0.3 billion), and HUF 0.8 billion from the provisions set aside for annuity payment liabilities (HUF +0.3 billion);
- following the review of environmental protection tasks to be performed, provisions of HUF 0.5 billion were released in the reporting year, and HUF 0.1 billion in the base year;
- the utilisation of provisions for unrealised exchange losses on investment loans was HUF 1.3 billion in 2016;
- gains from amounts released from accrued debts forgiven by government in line with the depreciation of the underlying leased-out railcars: HUF 0.5 billion in both the reporting year and the base year, stated as extraordinary gain in the base year.

Material expenses decreased relative to the base year. The most significant items in 2016:

- The recognised material costs are lower than in the base year, due to the specialised railtrack materials used.
- The value of services used decreased in comparison to the base period. The decline was due to property utilisation costs, as this activity came to be performed by MÁV Zrt. itself following the absorption of MÁV Létesítményüzemeltető és Vasútőr Kft. Property rental expenses also decreased by HUF 0.1 billion. Of the services that were outsourced to MÁV SZK Zrt., the cost of accounting services dropped by HUF 0.4 billion.
- The most significant items among services used in the reporting year: rent on properties HUF 0.7 billion, facility management HUF 0.3 billion, and procurement and inventory management services HUF 0.2 billion.
- The HUF 1 billion drop in the cost of goods sold compared to the base year resulted from the outsourcing of the management of general materials to MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt.

Internal expenses related to other activities in 2016 mainly derived from the use of central management services, which decreased in comparison to the base period due to the organisational changes already described.

The decrease in payments to personnel is essentially attributable to organisational changes and the related payments to personnel. The impact of the headcount reduction was moderated by the wage increase carried out in the reporting year.

The cost of the depreciation charge related to other activities was related predominantly to the deprecation of the rolling stock, which was at the same level as in the base year.

The most significant items among other expenses were the expense recognised due to the derecognition of own tangible assets sold (HUF +0.5 billion), as well as the default interest paid by inland partners and the assumed liabilities (HUF +0.2 billion and HUF 0.2 billion respectively); but the provisions set aside for litigious cases decreased relative to the base year (HUF -0.3 billion) and the impairment in receivables also decreased (HUF -0.2 billion).

The HUF 707 million stated under dividend received in the reporting year relates to the year 2015. In 2016 dividend revenue originated from the companies VAMAV Vasúti Berendezések Kft. (HUF 595 million), MÁV-THERMIT Kft. (HUF 94 million), MÁV NOSZTALGIA Kft. (HUF 15 million) and HIT Rail b.v. (HUF 3 million).

Additional components of the decrease: interest and interest-type income received (HUF -0.2 billion) and the exchange rate gain resulting from the year-end revaluation of receivables and liabilities (HUF -0.3 billion).

Among the financial expenses recognised under other activities in 2016, in the reporting year HUF 5.5 billion in impairment on the shareholding in MÁV-START Zrt. was reversed, as the Company expects a persistently positive after-tax profit. In contrast to the base year, no impairment was recognised in the reporting year. Of the expenses of financial transactions, HUF 0.4 billion was interest paid on investment, operating and other loans, while HUF 2.7 billion was the exchange rate loss related to the servicing of the investment loans.

In the case of other activities, the revenues received from related parties, and the costs incurred in connection with them, are presented in the table below separately for each related party:

Figures in MHUF Revenues Costs and expenses Financial and Material and Other and Total costs **Total** Net sales Total financial Related company other personnel revenue revenues and expenses revenues expenses expenditures 015 - MÁV NOSZTALGIA Kft. 14 21 35 31 020 - MÁV VAGON Kft. 2 2 0 0 0 101 - MÁV FKG KFT 47 27 74 3 0 3 71 0 2 8 -7 131 - MÁV KFV Kft. 1 6 138 - MÁV Szolgáltató Központ Zrt. 673 16 689 455 2 457 232 179 - ZÁHONY-PORT Zrt. 1 0 -4,255 180 - MÁV-START Zrt. 11,073 82 11,155 1,242 -5,497 15,410 11,960 1,709 -5,491 11,811 149 Total -3,782 15,742

Table 97: Related party balances (revenues and expenditures) related to other activities

The effect of the asset settlement and the related compensation in 2016 is presented in the following table:

Description	Reduction in asset value resulting from asset settlement (A)	Capital reserve correction resulting from separation (B)	Change in capital reserve resulting from asset settlement (C=A+B)	Settlement of registered capital increase resulting from compensation for asset settlement (D)	Increase of capital reserve resulting from compensation for asset settlement (E)	Total compensation for asset settlement (F=D+E=C)
VÜNSZ III Györgytarló asset transfer in 2016	0					
Release of revenue deferred because of VÜNSZ III Györgytarló asset handover in 2016	0	0	0	0	0	0
NIF asset transfer (VÜSZ IV) in 2016 Release of revenue deferred because of NIF asset handover (VÜSZ IV) in 2016	-3	-832	0	0	0	0
NIF asset transfer (VÜSZ V) in 2016 Release of revenue deferred because of NIF asset handover (VÜSZ V) in 2016	352	-352	0	0	0	0
VÜNSZ VI Eger 2016 Release of deferred income due to VÜNSZ VI Eger handover in 2016	0	2	25	0	25	25
Total:	1 207	-1 182	25	0	25	25

Table 98: Effect of the asset settlement on the central GL

### IV.4 Other disclosures relating to the separation of activities

The average annual statistical headcount (number of persons) by activity in the reporting year is shown in the table below:

Activity	Headcount (persons)
Railtrack operations	18,838
Passenger transport	9
Other activities	120
MÁV Zrt. total	18,967

Table 99: Average annual statistical headcount by activity in the reporting year

Subsidies used for operations broken down by title are presented in the table below:

Figures in MHUF Other subsidies accounted as revenues Description Rail track operation | Passenger transport MÁV ZRt. Total 38 869 Public service cost compensation 38 869 0 3 650 0 0 3 650 Public service cost reimbursement - reasonable profit Allowances used for own assets 275 0 83 358 Subsidies received to cover costs and expenditures related to projects 7 0 6 13 implemented from domestic funds 8 0 10 Phare aid used 1 370 0 1 370 Support for public employment 0 Subsidies received to cover the costs and expenses of the Budapest-Belgrade 30 0 0 30 122 0 0 122 IKOP subsidies received to cover costs Other subsidies received as coverage for costs 19 0 0 19 44 441 Total government subsidies 44 350 91 Investment subsidies (state and EU) MÁV ZRt. Total Description Rail track operation | Passenger transport Use of reimbursement for renovation related to treasury assets, funds 21 242 Use of reimbursement for renovation of assets owned by MÁV 3 5 5 1 0 0 3 551 Use of the reimbursement residual 7018 7 018 Refurbishment of railway bridges and steel structures 394 0 0 394 Development of Budapest-Belgrade railtrack 61 0 0 61 Service level improvement on railtrack no. 80 314 314 Development of public transport in the Balaton region project (DDOP progr.) 66 0 0 66 KÖZOP subsidy for the implementation of MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety projects 0 4 0 4 (preparatory project) KÖZOP/IKOP subsidy for the implementation of MÁV Zrt. Traffic safety 135 0 0 135 projects Electrification of railway line 2 Rákosrendező 0 0 KÖZOP/IKOP subsidy for the implementation of "MÁV Zrt. Station development and integrated customer service development programme at 26 675 0 0 675 locations" Renovation of right track Nagyút-Mezőkeresztes-Mezőnyárád 161 0 0 161 (KÖZOP/IKOP) IKOP preparatory project 2014 -6 Reinforcement of the Balatonkenese - Balatonakarattya elevated shore wall (Reducing the danger of collapse and slippage of the shore walls) (KDOP 7 0 0 progr.) Creation of the Child Victims of the Holocaust Memorial - European 159 0 0 159 Educational Center Consolidation of infrastructure and rolling stock maintenance SW and IT 751 0 751 application (INKA) (KÖZOP)

Table 100: Subsidies used for operations by title

34 537

0

34 537

Investment subsidies in total

Accumulations due to the per-activity breakdown are presented in the table below:

Figures in MHUF

	Internal services							
Activities to which expenses and revenues of internal	Rail track operation							
services are allocated	Kaii track	operation	Central services		Corporate governance		Total	
ser vices are arrocated	cost	income	cost	income	cost	income		
Rail track operation	0	-412	430	0	1 289	0	1 307	
Regional passenger transport	401	0	0	-400	2	0	3	
Other activities	11	0	0	-30	0	-1 291	-1 310	
Total:	412	-412	430	-430	1 291	-1 291	0	

Table 101: Accumulation due to the per-activity breakdown

The columns refer to internal services (broken down by type), while the rows refer to the separable activities that use the internal services. The values displayed in the table show the net profit/loss achieved by the separable activities in relation to the individual service types. (Negative figures represent an internal profit, and positive figures an internal loss.) The internal losses and internal profits match each other (the total line shows a value of 0, and the profits and losses for each respective service are of the same amount). The figures in the Total column show the balance of the internal profits and internal losses of the separated activities (net impact of the interest services on the division's profit/loss).

The railtrack operation and regional passenger transport activity shows an internal loss overall (positive value in the total column).

Other activities (central services and corporate governance) show an internal profit overall (negative value in the total column).

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